

[MS-MQMR]: Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol Specification

Intellectual Property Rights Notice for Open Specifications Documentation

- **Technical Documentation.** Microsoft publishes Open Specifications documentation for protocols, file formats, languages, standards as well as overviews of the interaction among each of these technologies.
- **Copyrights.** This documentation is covered by Microsoft copyrights. Regardless of any other terms that are contained in the terms of use for the Microsoft website that hosts this documentation, you may make copies of it in order to develop implementations of the technologies described in the Open Specifications and may distribute portions of it in your implementations using these technologies or your documentation as necessary to properly document the implementation. You may also distribute in your implementation, with or without modification, any schema, IDL's, or code samples that are included in the documentation. This permission also applies to any documents that are referenced in the Open Specifications.
- **No Trade Secrets.** Microsoft does not claim any trade secret rights in this documentation.
- **Patents.** Microsoft has patents that may cover your implementations of the technologies described in the Open Specifications. Neither this notice nor Microsoft's delivery of the documentation grants any licenses under those or any other Microsoft patents. However, a given Open Specification may be covered by Microsoft's Open Specification Promise (available here: <http://www.microsoft.com/interop/osp>) or the Community Promise (available here: <http://www.microsoft.com/interop/cp/default.mspx>). If you would prefer a written license, or if the technologies described in the Open Specifications are not covered by the Open Specifications Promise or Community Promise, as applicable, patent licenses are available by contacting iplq@microsoft.com.
- **Trademarks.** The names of companies and products contained in this documentation may be covered by trademarks or similar intellectual property rights. This notice does not grant any licenses under those rights.
- **Fictitious Names.** The example companies, organizations, products, domain names, e-mail addresses, logos, people, places, and events depicted in this documentation are fictitious. No association with any real company, organization, product, domain name, email address, logo, person, place, or event is intended or should be inferred.

Reservation of Rights. All other rights are reserved, and this notice does not grant any rights other than specifically described above, whether by implication, estoppel, or otherwise.

Tools. The Open Specifications do not require the use of Microsoft programming tools or programming environments in order for you to develop an implementation. If you have access to Microsoft programming tools and environments you are free to take advantage of them. Certain Open Specifications are intended for use in conjunction with publicly available standard specifications and network programming art, and assumes that the reader either is familiar with the aforementioned material or has immediate access to it.

Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
05/11/2007	0.1		MCPP Milestone 4 Initial Availability
08/10/2007	1.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
09/28/2007	1.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
10/23/2007	1.0.2	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
11/30/2007	1.0.3	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
01/25/2008	1.0.4	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
03/14/2008	1.0.5	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
05/16/2008	1.0.6	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
06/20/2008	1.0.7	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
07/25/2008	1.0.8	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
08/29/2008	2.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
10/24/2008	3.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
12/05/2008	4.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
01/16/2009	4.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
02/27/2009	4.0.2	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
04/10/2009	4.0.3	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
05/22/2009	4.0.4	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
07/02/2009	4.1	Minor	Updated the technical content.
08/14/2009	4.1.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
09/25/2009	4.2	Minor	Updated the technical content.
11/06/2009	4.2.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
12/18/2009	4.2.2	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
01/29/2010	5.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
03/12/2010	5.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
04/23/2010	5.0.2	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
06/04/2010	6.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
07/16/2010	7.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
08/27/2010	8.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
10/08/2010	8.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
11/19/2010	8.1	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
01/07/2011	8.1	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
02/11/2011	8.1	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.

Contents

1 Introduction	6
1.1 Glossary	6
1.2 References.....	7
1.2.1 Normative References.....	7
1.2.2 Informative References	7
1.3 Overview	7
1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols.....	9
1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions	10
1.6 Applicability Statement.....	10
1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation.....	10
1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields.....	10
1.9 Standards Assignments	10
2 Messages	11
2.1 Transport.....	11
2.2 Common Data Types	11
2.2.1 Structures	12
2.2.1.1 DL_ID	12
2.2.1.2 MGMT_OBJECT	12
2.2.1.3 MULTICAST_ID.....	12
2.2.1.4 OBJECTID	12
2.2.1.5 QUEUE_FORMAT	12
2.2.2 Enumerators.....	12
2.2.2.1 MgmtObjectType	12
2.2.2.2 QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE	13
2.2.3 Property Identifiers.....	13
2.2.3.1 Management Machine Property Identifiers.....	13
2.2.3.2 Management Queue Property Identifiers	13
2.3 Directory Service Schema Elements	15
3 Protocol Details	16
3.1 qmmgmt Server Details.....	16
3.1.1 Abstract Data Model	16
3.1.1.1 Shared Data Elements.....	16
3.1.2 Timers	17
3.1.3 Initialization	17
3.1.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules.....	17
3.1.4.1 R_QMMgmtGetInfo (Opnum 0).....	17
3.1.4.2 R_QMMgmtAction (Opnum 1).....	24
3.1.5 Timer Events	26
3.1.6 Other Local Events	26
3.2 qmmgmt Client Details	26
3.2.1 Abstract Data Model	26
3.2.2 Timers	26
3.2.3 Initialization	26
3.2.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules.....	26
3.2.5 Timer Events	27
3.2.6 Other Local Events	27
4 Protocol Examples	28

4.1 QM Management Action and Retrieving QM Info Example.....	28
5 Security.....	30
5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers.....	30
5.2 Index of Security Parameters	30
6 Appendix A: Full IDL.....	31
7 Appendix B: Product Behavior	33
8 Change Tracking.....	35
9 Index	36

1 Introduction

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol is a **remote procedure call (RPC)**-based protocol used for management operations on the **MSMQ** server, including monitoring the MSMQ installation and the **queues**.

Operations that a client MAY perform using this protocol include:

- Getting information on MSMQ installation and queues.
- Performing actions on an MSMQ installation.
- Performing actions on a queue.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [\[MS-GLOS\]](#):

administrator
dynamic endpoint
endpoint
globally unique identifier (GUID)
handle
Interface Definition Language (IDL)
opnum
remote procedure call (RPC)
RPC transport
universally unique identifier (UUID)

The following terms are defined in [\[MS-MQMQ\]](#):

active queue
connector queue
dead-letter queue
distribution list
foreign queue
format name
message
Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ)
MSMQ
MSMQ Directory Service server
MSMQ site
outgoing queue
path name
private queue
queue
queue journal
queue manager
remote queue
subqueue
transactional message
transactional queue

The following terms are specific to this document:

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624>, as an additional source.

[C706] The Open Group, "DCE 1.1: Remote Procedure Call", C706, August 1997, <http://www.opengroup.org/public/pubs/catalog/c706.htm>

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Data Types](#)", January 2007.

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Error Codes](#)", January 2007.

[MS-MQDMPR] Microsoft Corporation, "[Message Queuing \(MSMQ\): Common Data Model and Processing Rules](#)", August 2008.

[MS-MQMQL] Microsoft Corporation, "[Message Queuing \(MSMQ\): Data Structures](#)", August 2007.

[MS-MQQB] Microsoft Corporation, "[Message Queuing \(MSMQ\): Message Queuing Binary Protocol Specification](#)", August 2007.

[MS-MQSO] Microsoft Corporation, "[Message Queuing System Overview](#)", August 2008.

[MS-RPCE] Microsoft Corporation, "[Remote Procedure Call Protocol Extensions](#)", January 2007.

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Protocols Master Glossary](#)", March 2007.

[MS-MQDSSM] Microsoft Corporation, "[Message Queuing \(MSMQ\): Directory Service Schema Mapping](#)", August 2008.

[MSDN-MQEIC] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing Error and Information Codes", <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms700106.aspx>

1.3 Overview

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol allows an MSMQ client application to perform management operations on an MSMQ server.

This protocol can be used to get the following information:

- Queue properties, such as:
 - The **path name** of a queue.

- The **format name** of a queue.
- Whether a queue is (or is not) located on a computer, or whether it is a **transactional queue** or a **foreign queue**.
- The retransmit interval for messages in an **outgoing queue** for which no order acknowledgment has been received.
- The number of **subqueues** in a specified queue. [<1>](#)
- The names of the subqueues in a specified queue. [<2>](#)
- The version and build information for the computer operating system and the MSMQ installation.
- Current queue state, such as:
 - The number of messages in a queue or in a **queue journal**.
 - The number of message bytes in a queue or in a queue journal.
 - The connection state of an outgoing queue.
 - The list of the **active queues** on a computer.
 - The name of the current **MSMQ Directory Service server** for a computer.
 - Whether a **queue manager** on a computer is disconnected from the network.
 - The list of the path names of all the **private queues** registered on a computer.
- Auditing information, such as:
 - The connection state history of a queue. [<3>](#)
 - The number of messages sent from a computer to a queue for which no order acknowledgment has been received.
 - The number of messages sent from a computer to a queue for which an order acknowledgment has been received, but a receive acknowledgment message has not been received.
 - The date and time when the last order acknowledgment for a message sent from a computer to a queue was received.
 - The time when MSMQ will attempt to retransmit a message from a computer to a queue.
 - The number of times that the last message in the corresponding outgoing queue on a computer was sent.
 - The number of times that the last order acknowledgment for a message sent from a computer to a queue has been received.
 - The number of message bytes stored in all the queues on a computer. [<4>](#)
- Sequence information, such as:
 - The address or a list of possible addresses for routing messages to the destination queue in the next hop.

- The next message to be sent from a computer to a queue.
- The last message that was sent from a computer to a queue for which no order acknowledgment has been received.
- The first message sent from a computer to a queue for which no order acknowledgment has been received.
- An array of arrays of information on the **transactional messages** sent from all source computers to a queue on a target computer. Each element of the overall array is an array (vector) containing one of the following pieces of information for all of the source computers.
 - The format names used to open a queue when the last messages were sent.
 - The **globally unique identifiers (GUIDs)** of the sending queue managers.
 - The last sequence identifiers.
 - The sequence numbers of the last messages sent to a queue by one or more sending queue managers.
 - The times when each sending queue manager last accessed a queue.
 - The number of times that the last messages were rejected.

The protocol can also be used to perform actions on a computer, such as:

- Connecting the queue manager on a computer to a network and an MSMQ Directory Service server.
- Disconnecting the queue manager on a computer from a network and an MSMQ Directory Service server.
- Deleting empty message files.

The protocol can also be used to perform actions on a queue, such as:

- Pausing the sending of messages from a computer. The queue manager will not send messages to the applicable destination queue until a resume action is initiated.
- Restarting the sending of messages after a pause action is initiated.
- Resending the pending transaction sequence (as specified in [\[MS-MQOB\]](#)).

This is an RPC-based protocol. The server does not maintain client state information. The protocol operation is stateless.

This is a simple request-response protocol. For each received method request, the server executes the requested method and returns a completion status to the client. This is a stateless protocol; each method call is independent of any previous method calls.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol is dependent on RPC over TCP/IP for its transport. This protocol uses RPC, as specified in section [2.1](#).

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol uses shared state and processing rules defined in [\[MS-MQDMPR\]](#).

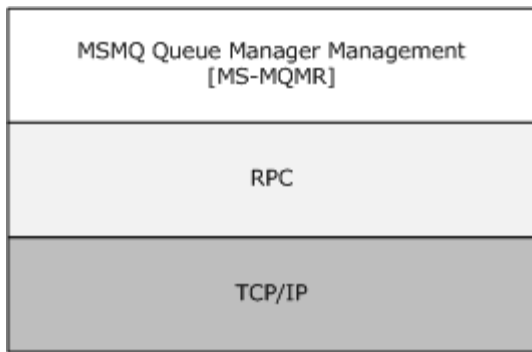


Figure 1: Protocol relationships

No other protocol currently depends on the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol.

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol is an RPC interface and, as a result, has the prerequisites specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#) as being common to RPC interfaces.

This protocol does not include any means for a client to discover the name of a remote computer that supports MSMQ. This protocol also does not include a means to discover the port number that a specific MSMQ server uses. It is assumed that the client has obtained the relevant name and port number through another means.

MSMQ clients MUST know the names of one or more remote computers that support MSMQ. MSMQ clients and servers MUST know the port number that is being used by the **MSMQ site**.

1.6 Applicability Statement

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol is used for administration of queues. The operations exposed allow IT administrators to locally or remotely perform management operations as well as to retrieve properties that describe how an MSMQ system is operating. This allows operations staff to monitor the health and activity load flowing through an MSMQ system.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

There are no versioning issues for this protocol.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol uses HRESULTs, as specified in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1. Vendors can define their own HRESULT values provided that the C bit (0x20000000) is set for each vendor-defined value, indicating that the value is a customer code.

1.9 Standards Assignments

Parameter	Value	Reference
RPC interface UUID	{41208ee0-e970-11d1-9b9e-00e02c064c39}	[C706]
Interface version	1.0	[C706]

2 Messages

The following sections specify how Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol messages are transported and the common data types for this protocol.

2.1 Transport

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol uses the following remote procedure call (RPC) protocol sequence: RPC over TCP/IP (ncacn_ip_tcp), as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#).

This protocol uses RPC **dynamic endpoints**, as specified in Part 4 of [\[C706\]](#).

This protocol MUST use the universally unique identifier (UUID), as specified in section [1.9](#).

All structures are defined in the **IDL** syntax and are marshaled as specified in [\[C706\]](#) sections [4](#), [5](#), and [6](#). The IDL is specified in section [6](#).

2.2 Common Data Types

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol MUST indicate to the RPC runtime that it is to support the Network Data Representation (NDR) transfer syntax only, as specified in Part 4 of [\[C706\]](#).

In addition to RPC base types (as specified in [\[C706\]](#), [\[MS-DTYP\]](#), and [\[MS-RPCE\]](#)) the following data types are defined in the Microsoft Interface Definition Language (MIDL) specification for this RPC interface.

The following table summarizes the types that are defined either in this specification or in [\[MS-MQMQ\]](#).

Structure	Description
DL_ID	A distribution list queue identifier.
MGMT_OBJECT	A structure containing information on a queue, a machine, or a session.
MULTICAST_ID	A multicast queue identifier.
OBJECTID	A structure that uniquely distinguishes a repository object from all other repository objects represented in a repository database.
QUEUE_FORMAT	Identifies the type of queue being managed and provides the appropriate connection address information.

Enumeration	Description
MgmtObjectType	Identifies the type of management object being used.
QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE	Identifies the type of message queue being used.

2.2.1 Structures

2.2.1.1 DL_ID

This specification uses the DL_ID type, as specified in [\[MS-MQMQ\]](#) section 2.2.9.

2.2.1.2 MGMT_OBJECT

The **MGMT_OBJECT** structure defines information on a queue, a computer, or a session. The structure includes an embedded discriminated union.

```
typedef struct _MGMT_OBJECT {
    MgmtObjectType type;
    [switch_is(type)] union {
        [case (MGMT_QUEUE)]
            QUEUE_FORMAT* pQueueFormat;
        [case (MGMT_MACHINE)]
            DWORD Reserved1;
        [case (MGMT_SESSION)]
            DWORD Reserved2;
    };
} MGMT_OBJECT;
```

type: An integer discriminator for the embedded discriminated union. The value of this field MUST be 1, 2, or 3, as specified in section [2.2.2.1](#).

pQueueFormat: A pointer to a [QUEUE_FORMAT](#) structure (as specified in section [2.2.1.5](#)) that describes the type of the queue.

Reserved1: A 32-bit unsigned integer. [<5>](#)

Reserved2: A 32-bit unsigned integer. [<6>](#)

2.2.1.3 MULTICAST_ID

This specification uses the MULTICAST_ID type, as specified in [\[MS-MQMQ\]](#) section 2.2.10. [<7>](#)

2.2.1.4 OBJECTID

The OBJECTID structure (as specified in [\[MS-MQMQ\]](#) section 2.2.8) uniquely distinguishes a repository object from all other repository objects represented in a repository database.

2.2.1.5 QUEUE_FORMAT

The QUEUE_FORMAT structure (as specified in [\[MS-MQMQ\]](#) section 2.2.7) describes the type of queue being managed and provides the appropriate connection address information.

2.2.2 Enumerators

2.2.2.1 MgmtObjectType

The **MgmtObjectType** enumeration identifies the type of management object (as specified in section [2.2.1.2](#)) being used.

```

typedef enum __MgmtObjectType
{
    MGMT_MACHINE = 1,
    MGMT_QUEUE = 2,
    MGMT_SESSION = 3
} MgmtObjectType;

```

MGMT_MACHINE: A machine management object.

MGMT_QUEUE: A queue management object.

MGMT_SESSION: A session management object.

2.2.2.2 QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE

The QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE enumeration ([\[MS-MQMQ\]](#) section 2.2.6) identifies the type of name format being used. The [QUEUE_FORMAT](#) structure ([\[MS-MQMQ\]](#) section 2.2.7) uses the values for the discriminated union parameter *m_qft*.

2.2.3 Property Identifiers

The [R_QMMgmtGetInfo](#) method uses property identifiers and corresponding property values. Property identifiers and properties are specified in [\[MS-MQMQ\]](#).

2.2.3.1 Management Machine Property Identifiers

Value	Meaning
PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_ACTIVEQUEUES (0x00000001)	Retrieves a list of the active queues on a computer.
PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_PRIVATEQ (0x00000002)	Retrieves a list of the path names of all the private queues registered on the computer.
PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_DSSERVER (0x00000003)	Retrieves the name of the current MSMQ Directory Service server for the computer.
PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_CONNECTED (0x00000004)	Indicates whether the queue manager on a computer has been disconnected from the network.
PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_TYPE (0x00000005)	Retrieves the version and build information for the computer operating system and MSMQ installation.
PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_BYTES_IN_ALL_QUEUES (0x00000006)	Retrieves the number of message bytes stored in all the queues on the computer.

2.2.3.2 Management Queue Property Identifiers

Value	Meaning
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_PATHNAME (0x00000001)	Retrieves the path name of a queue.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_FORMATNAME	Retrieves the format name of a queue.

Value	Meaning
(0x00000002)	
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_TYPE (0x00000003)	Retrieves a string that indicates whether a queue is a public, private, system, connector, or multicast outgoing queue.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_LOCATION (0x00000004)	Retrieves a string that indicates whether a queue is located on the computer.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_XACT (0x00000005)	Retrieves a string that indicates whether a queue is transactional.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_FOREIGN (0x00000006)	Retrieves a string that indicates whether a queue is a foreign queue.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_MESSAGE_COUNT (0x00000007)	Retrieves the number of messages in a queue.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_BYTES_IN_QUEUE (0x00000008)	Retrieves the number of message bytes in a queue.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_JOURNAL_MESSAGE_COUNT (0x00000009)	Retrieves the number of messages in a queue journal.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_BYTES_IN_JOURNAL (0x0000000A)	Retrieves the number of message bytes in a queue journal.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_STATE (0x0000000B)	Retrieves the connection state of an outgoing queue.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_NEXTHOPS (0x0000000C)	Retrieves the address or a list of possible addresses for routing messages to a destination queue in the next hop.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_LAST_ACK (0x0000000D)	Retrieves the sequence information on the last message sent from a computer to a queue for which an order acknowledgment was received.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_LAST_ACK_TIME (0x0000000E)	Retrieves the date and time when the last order acknowledgment was received for a message sent from a computer to a queue.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_LAST_ACK_COUNT (0x0000000F)	Retrieves the number of times that the last order acknowledgment was received for a message sent from a computer to a queue.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_FIRST_NON_ACK (0x00000010)	Retrieves the sequence information on the first message sent from a computer to a queue for which no order acknowledgment has been received.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_LAST_NON_ACK (0x00000011)	Retrieves the sequence information on the last message sent from a computer to a queue for which no order acknowledgment has been received.

Value	Meaning
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_NEXT_SEQ (0x00000012)	Retrieves the sequence information on the next message to be sent from a computer to a queue.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_NO_READ_COUNT (0x00000013)	Retrieves the number of messages sent from a computer to a queue for which an order acknowledgment has been received.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_NO_ACK_COUNT (0x00000014)	Retrieves the number of messages sent from a computer to a queue for which no order acknowledgment has been received.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_RESEND_TIME (0x00000015)	Retrieves the time when Message Queuing (MSMQ) will attempt to retransmit a message from a computer to a queue.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_RESEND_INTERVAL (0x00000016)	Retrieves the resend interval for the messages in the outgoing queue for which no order acknowledgment has been received.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_RESEND_COUNT (0x00000017)	Retrieves the number of times that the last message was sent in the corresponding outgoing queue on a computer.
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_SOURCE_INFO (0x00000018)	Retrieves information on the transactional messages sent from all source computers to a queue. <8>
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_CONNECTION_HISTORY (0x00000019)	Retrieves queue connection state history. <9>
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_SUBQUEUE_COUNT (0x0000001A)	Retrieves a count of the number of subqueues for a given queue. <10>
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_SUBQUEUE_NAMES (0x0000001B)	Retrieves a list of subqueues for a given queue. <11>

2.3 Directory Service Schema Elements

This protocol uses ADM elements specified in section 3.1.1. A subset of these elements can be published in a **directory**. This protocol SHOULD<12> access the directory using the algorithm specified in [MS-MQDSSM] and using LDAP [MS-ADTS]. The Directory Service schema elements for ADM elements published in the directory are defined in [MS-MQDSSM] section 2.4. <13>

3 Protocol Details

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol is used for performing management operations on the MSMQ installation and a queue.

The client side of this protocol is simply a pass-through. That is, there are no timers or other states required on the client side. Calls made by a higher-layer protocol or an application are passed directly to the transport, and the results returned by the transport are passed directly back to the higher-layer protocol or application.

The client **MUST** have **administrator** privileges on the server machine.

This protocol permits establishing a connection to an RPC server. For each connection, the server uses the underlying RPC protocol to retrieve the identity of the invoking client call, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#) section 3.3.3.4.3. The server should use this identity to perform method-specific access checks, as specified in section [3.1.4](#).

The methods comprising this RPC interface all return 0x00000000 on success and a nonzero implementation-specific error code on failure. Unless otherwise specified in the following sections, a server-side implementation of this protocol may choose any nonzero Win32 error value to signify an error condition, as specified in section [1.8](#). The client side of the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol does not need to interpret the error codes returned from the server; instead, the client side can return the error code unprocessed to the invoking application without taking any protocol action.

Note The phrases "client side" and "server side" refer to the initiating and receiving ends of the protocol, respectively, rather than to client or server versions of an operating system. The receiving end of the protocol—the server side—behaves the same regardless of whether the server side is running on a client or server.

3.1 qmmgmt Server Details

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model provided that their external behavior is consistent with what is described in this document.

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

The abstract data model for the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol comprises elements that are shared between multiple MSMQ protocols that are co-located at a common MSMQ queue manager. The shared abstract data model is defined in [\[MS-MQDMPR\]](#) section 3.1.1 and the relationship between the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol and other protocols that share a common MSMQ queue manager is described in [\[MS-MQSO\]](#).

3.1.1.1 Shared Data Elements

This protocol manipulates the following abstract data model elements from the shared abstract data model defined in [\[MS-MQDMPR\]](#) section 3.1.1:

QueueManager: Defined in [\[MS-MQDMPR\]](#) section 3.1.1.1.

Queue: Defined in [\[MS-MQDMPR\]](#) section 3.1.1.2.

OutgoingQueue: Defined in [\[MS-MQDMPR\]](#) section 3.1.1.3.

OutgoingTransferInfo: Defined in [\[MS-MQDMPR\]](#) section 3.1.1.4.

IncomingTransactionalTransferInfo: Defined in [\[MS-MQDMPR\]](#) section 3.1.1.5.

OpenQueueDescriptor: Defined in [\[MS-MQDMPR\]](#) section 3.1.1.16.

3.1.2 Timers

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol layer uses no timers. RPC does, however, use timers internally, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#).

3.1.3 Initialization

Software that utilizes **qmmgmt** MUST establish an RPC connection to the client prior to utilizing this protocol, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#) and section [2.1](#).

3.1.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol MUST indicate to the RPC runtime that it is to perform a strict NDR data consistency check at target level 6.0, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#) section 3.

This protocol MUST indicate to the RPC runtime that it is to reject a NULL unique or full pointer with nonzero conformant value, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#) section 3.

This protocol MUST indicate to the RPC runtime via the `strict_context_handle` attribute that it is to reject use of context **handles** created by a method of a different RPC interface than this one, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#) section 3.

This interface includes the following methods.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
R_QMMgmtGetInfo	Called by the client. In response, the server returns information on a queue or the MSMQ installation on the server. Opnum: 0
R_QMMgmtAction	Called by the client. In response, the server performs a queue management function specified by the supplied MGMT_OBJECT structure. Opnum: 1

All methods MUST NOT throw exceptions.

3.1.4.1 R_QMMgmtGetInfo (Opnum 0)

The **R_QMMgmtGetInfo** method requests information on an MSMQ installation on a server or on a specific queue.

```
HRESULT R_QMMgmtGetInfo(  
    [in] handle_t hBind,  
    [in] const MGMT_OBJECT* pObjectFormat,
```

```

[in, range(1,128)] DWORD cp,
[in, size_is(cp)] ULONG aProp[],
[in, out, size_is(cp)] PROPVARIANT apVar[]
);

```

hBind: An RPC binding handle, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#) section 2.

pObjectFormat: A pointer to an [MGMT_OBJECT](#) structure that defines the **queue** or computer on which to return information.

cp: The length (in elements) of the arrays *aProp* and *apVar* MUST be at least 1, and MUST be at most 128.

aProp: Points to an array of property identifiers associated with the array of property values. This array MUST contain at least one element. Each element MUST specify a value from the property identifiers table, as specified in section [2.2.3](#). Each element MUST specify the property identifier for the corresponding property value at the same element index in *apVar*. This array and the array to which *apVar* points MUST be of the same length.

apVar: Points to an array that specifies the property values associated with the array of property identifiers. Each element in this array specifies the property value for the corresponding property identifier at the same element index in the array to which *aProp* points. This array MUST contain at least one element. The property value in each element MUST correspond accordingly to the property identifier from *aProp*, as specified in section [2.2.3](#), and MUST be set to VT_NULL<[14](#)> (as specified in [\[MS-MQMQ\]](#) section 2.2.12) before each call to **R_QMMgmtGetInfo**. This array and the array to which *aProp* points MUST be of the same length.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000).

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 MQ_OK	
0xC00E0001 MQ_ERROR	Generic error code. This error code is also the first of several error codes beginning with the string "MQ_ERR". A list of the errors prefaced with "MQ-ERR" is specified in 2.4 .

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#).

If an error occurs, the server MUST return a failure [HRESULT](#) and MUST NOT set any [out] parameter values.

The **opnum** field value for this method MUST be 0 and is received at a dynamically assigned **endpoint** supplied by the RPC endpoint mapper, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#).

If the *pObjectFormat* parameter specifies an [MgmtObjectType](#) of MGMT_MACHINE, the server MUST return only those properties that pertain to the MSMQ installation. If *pObjectFormat* specifies an **MgmtObjectType** of MGMT_QUEUE, the server MUST return only those properties that pertain to a **queue**. If *pObjectFormat* specifies an **MgmtObjectType** of MGMT_SESSION, the call MUST fail, and the error message MAY be MQ_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006).<[15](#)>

If the *pObjectFormat* parameter specifies a computer, and one or more of the properties specified in *aProp* are different than those specified in section 2.2.3.1, the call MAY fail with MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_PROPID (0xC00E0039). If the *pObjectFormat* parameter specifies a **queue**, and one or more of the properties specified in *aProp* are different than those specified in section 2.2.3.2, the call MAY fail with MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_PROPID (0xC00E0039). <16>

MSMQ properties are specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.

For MSMQ error codes, see [MSDN-MQEIC]. The structure and sequence of data on the wire are specified in [C706] Transfer Syntax NDR.

While processing this call, the server MUST use the [QueueManager](#), [Queue](#), [OutgoingQueue](#), and [OutgoingTransferInfo](#) data elements as specified in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1 to populate *apVar* with values for corresponding property from *aProp*.

If the *pObjectFormat* parameter specifies an **MgmtObjectType** of MGMT_MACHINE, the server MUST use attributes of the [QueueManager](#) and [Queue](#) data elements.

For each property identifier in the *aProp* array, populate the corresponding position in the *apVar* array as follows:

Property Identifier	Value	Variant Type
PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_ACTIVEQUEUES	A vector of all the queue names from QueueManager.QueueCollection , where Queue.Active EQUALS True.	VT_LPWSTR VT_VECTOR
PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_PRIVATEQ	A vector of path names of all the private queues from QueueManager.QueueCollection , where the Queue.QueueType EQUALS Private.	VT_LPWSTR VT_VECTOR
PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_DSSERVER	The first directory server in the list, QueueManager.DirectoryServerList . If the queue manager is not integrated with an MSMQ Directory Service, then <i>apVar</i> will be set to VT_NULL.	VT_LPWSTR
PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_CONNECTED	If QueueManager.ConnectionActive EQUALS True then "CONNECTED" else "DISCONNECTED".	VT_LPWSTR
PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_TYPE	MAY be set to an empty string.	VT_LPWSTR
PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_BYTES_IN_ALL_QUEUES	Sum of all Queue.TotalBytes from the QueueManager.QueueCollection .	VT_I8

If the *pObjectFormat* parameter specifies an **MgmtObjectType** of MGMT_QUEUE, the server MUST use attributes of the [Queue](#), [OutgoingQueue](#), and [OutgoingTransferInfo](#) objects as follows:

While processing this call, the **Open Queue event** SHOULD be used to get an **OpenQueueDescriptor** as specified in [MS-MQDMPR] sections 3.1.1.16 and 3.1.7.1.5 as following:

- Generate an **Open Queue event** with the following inputs:
 - *iFormatName* := reference to a **Queue** specified by *pQueueFormat* from *pObjectFormat*.
 - *iRequiredAccess* := **QueueAccessType.ReceiveAccess** as specified in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.17.
 - *iSharedMode* := **QueueShareMode.DenyNone** as specified in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.17.
- If *rStatus* NOT-EQUALS MQ_OK then **R_QMMgmtGetInfo** SHOULD exit with an MQ_ERROR HRESULT value.
- Otherwise for each property identifier in the *aProp* array, populate the corresponding position in the *apVar* array as follows:

Property Identifier	Value	Variant Type
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_PATHNAME	rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.Pathname.	VT_LPWSTR
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_FORMAT_NAME	rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.QualifiedPathname.	VT_LPWSTR
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_TYPE	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue AND rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.Multicast EQUALS True then "MULTICAST" else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.QueueType EQUALS Public then "PUBLIC" else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.QueueType EQUALS Private then "PRIVATE" else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.QueueType EQUALS System then "MACHINE" else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.QueueType EQUALS Connector then "CONNECTOR".	VT_LPWSTR
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_LOCATION	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue then "REMOTE" else "LOCAL".	VT_LPWSTR
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_TRANSACTIONAL	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.Transactional EQUALS True then	VT_LPWSTR

Property Identifier	Value	Variant Type
	"YES" else "NO"	
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_FOREIGN	If QueueManager.DirectoryOffline is True If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.QueueType is Private "NO" else "Unknown" else If QueueManager.ForeignSystem is True "YES" else "NO"	VT_LPWSTR
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_MESSAGE_COUNT	to the number of MessagePosition elements in the rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.MessagePositionList that are not in the Deleted state.	VT_UI4
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_BYTES_IN_QUEUE	rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.TotalBytes.	VT_UI4
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_JOURNAL_MESSAGE_COUNT	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.JournalQueueReference EQUALS NULL else The number of elements in the rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.JournalQueueReference.MessagePositionList .	VT_UI4
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_BYTES_IN_JOURNAL	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.Journaling EQUALS True then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.JournalQueueReference.TotalBytes.. else 0.	VT_UI4
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_STATE	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is not of type OutgoingQueue then "LOCAL CONNECTION" else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.State EQUALS Connected then "CONNECTED" else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.State EQUALS Disconnected then "DISCONNECTED" else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.State EQUALS Disconnecting then "DISCONNECTING" else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.State EQUALS Inactive then "INACTIVE"	VT_LPWSTR

Property Identifier	Value	Variant Type
	<p>else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.State EQUALS Locked then "LOCKED"</p> <p>else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.State EQUALS NeedValidation then "NEED VALIDATION"</p> <p>else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.State EQUALS Waiting then "WAITING"</p> <p>else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.State EQUALS OnHold then "ONHOLD".</p>	
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_NEXTHOPS	<p>If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue</p> <p>If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.State EQUALS Connected</p> <p>If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.Multicast EQUALS True then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.QualifiedPathname</p> <p>else rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.NextHops</p> <p>else If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.State EQUALS Waiting then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.NextHops.</p>	VT_LP WSTR VT_VECTOR
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_LAST_ACK	<p>If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue AND rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.OutgoingTransferInfoReference.EodNoAckCount > 0 then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.OutgoingTransferInfoReference.EodLastAck serialized into a byte array according to the SEQUENCE_INFO structure specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.5.1.</p>	VT_BLOB
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_LAST_ACK_TIME	<p>If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.OutgoingTransferInfoReference.EodLastAckTime.</p>	VT_I4
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_LAST_ACK_COUNT	<p>If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.OutgoingTransferInfoReference.EodLastAckCount.</p>	VT_UI4
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_FIRST_NON_ACK	<p>If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.</p>	VT_BLOB

Property Identifier	Value	Variant Type
	OutgoingTransferInfoReference.EodFirstNonAck.	
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_LAST_NON_ACK	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.OutgoingTransferInfoReference.EodLastNonAck.	VT_BLOB
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_NEXT_SEQ	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.OutgoingTransferInfoReference.EodNextSeq.	VT_BLOB
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_NO_READ_COUNT	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.OutgoingTransferInfoReference.EodNoReadCount.	VT_UI4
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_NO_ACK_COUNT	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.OutgoingTransferInfoReference.EodNoAckCount.	VT_UI4
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_RESEND_TIME	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.OutgoingTransferInfoReference.EodResendTime.	VT_I4
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_RESEND_INTERVAL	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.OutgoingTransferInfoReference.EodResendInterval.	VT_UI4
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_RESEND_COUNT	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue then rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.OutgoingTransferInfoReference.EodResendCount.	VT_UI4
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_EOD_SOURCE_INFO	rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.IncomingTransactionalTransferInfoCollection. The IncomingTransactionalTransferInfoCollection ADM element should be formatted into a Variant VT_VECTOR type as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.12.24.	VT_VARIANT VT_VECTOR
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_CONNECTION_HISTORY	If rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference is of type OutgoingQueue then the rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.OutgoingQueue.ConnectionHistory ADM element.attribute tuple is formatted into a VT_VECTOR, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.12.25.	VT_VARIANT VT_VECTOR
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_SUBQUEUE_COUNT	The number of elements in the rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.SubqueueCollection.	VT_UI4

Property Identifier	Value	Variants Type
PROPID_MGMT_QUEUE_SUBQUEUE_NAMES	The vector of all subqueue names in the rOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.SubqueueCollection .	VT_VARIANT VT_VECTOR

3.1.4.2 R_QMMgmtAction (Opnum 1)

The **R_QMMgmtAction** method requests the server to perform a management function on a specific queue or MSMQ installation.

```
HRESULT R_QMMgmtAction(
    [in] const handle_t hBind,
    [in] const MGMT_OBJECT* pObjectFormat,
    [in] const wchar_t* lpwszAction
);
```

hBind: An RPC binding handle, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#) section 2.

pObjectFormat: A pointer to a [MGMT_OBJECT](#) structure that specifies the queue or computer to which the action is being applied.

lpwszAction: A pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that specifies the action to perform on the computer. The *lpwszAction* value MUST be one of the following (the value is not case-sensitive).

Value	Meaning
"CONNECT"	A machine action. Connects the computer to the network and the MSMQ Directory Service server.
"DISCONNECT"	A machine action. Disconnects the computer from the network and the MSMQ Directory Service server.
"TIDY"	A machine action. Cleans up empty message files. MSMQ does this every 6 hours. It is helpful when a large number of messages are deleted (purged or received by an application), and the application needs the disk space immediately.
"PAUSE"	A queue action. Valid for outgoing queues only. Stops the sending of messages from the computer. The queue manager will not send messages to the applicable destination queue until a RESUME action is initiated.
"RESUME"	A queue action. Valid for outgoing queues only. Restarts the sending of messages after a PAUSE action is initiated.
"EOD_RESEND"	A queue action. Resends the pending transaction sequence.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000).

MQ_OK (0x00000000)
MQ_ERROR (0xC00E0001)

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#).

If *pObjectFormat* specifies an **MgmtObjectType** of MGMT_SESSION or an *lpwszAction* has different value than those in the table above, the call MUST fail and the error message MAY be MQ_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006).<17>

If an error occurs, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT.

The opnum field value for this method MUST be 1 and is received at a dynamically assigned endpoint supplied by the RPC endpoint mapper, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#).

For MSMQ error codes, see [\[MSDN-MQEIC\]](#). The structure and sequence of data on the wire are specified in the Transfer Syntax NDR section in [\[C706\]](#).

While processing this call, the server MUST use the [QueueManager](#) and [Queue](#) data elements as specified in [\[MS-MQDMPR\]](#) sections [3.1.1.1](#) and [3.1.1.2](#).

While processing this call, the server MUST generate the following events specified in [\[MS-MQDMPR\]](#):

- [Bring Online \(section 3.1.7.2.8\)](#)
- [Take Offline \(section 3.1.7.2.7\)](#)
- [Purge Queue \(section 3.1.7.1.7\)](#)
- [Pause Queue \(section 3.1.7.2.3\)](#)
- [Resume Queue \(section 3.1.7.2.4\)](#)

The above-described data elements and events MUST be used as follows:

- If *lpwszAction* EQUALS "CONNECT" then generate the **Bring Online** event.
- If *lpwszAction* EQUALS "DISCONNECT" then generate the **Take Offline** event.
- If *lpwszAction* EQUALS "TIDY" then for each Queue in **QueueManager.QueueCollection**, generate the **Purge Queue** event with following inputs:
 - IQueue : = reference to a **Queue** specified by element from **QueueManager.QueueCollection**.
- If *lpwszAction* EQUALS "PAUSE" then generate a **Pause Queue** event with following inputs:
 - IQueue : = reference to a **Queue** specified by *pQueueFormat* from *pObjectFormat*.
- If *lpwszAction* EQUALS "RESUME" then generate a **Resume Queue** event with following inputs:
 - IQueue : = reference to a **Queue** specified by *pQueueFormat* from *pObjectFormat*.
- If *lpwszAction* EQUALS "EOD_RESEND" then generate a **Resend Transactional Sequence** event with following inputs:
 - IQueue : = reference to a **Queue** specified by *pQueueFormat* from *pObjectFormat*.

3.1.5 Timer Events

No protocol timer events are required on the server beyond the timers required in the underlying **RPC transport**.

3.1.6 Other Local Events

There are no local events used on the server beyond the events maintained in the underlying RPC transport.

3.2 qmmgmt Client Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

The client maintains an RPC binding handle that it passes to each of the following methods:

- [R_QMMgmtAction](#)
- [R_QMMgmtGetInfo](#)

The procedure for acquiring a binding handle is specified in [\[C706\]](#).

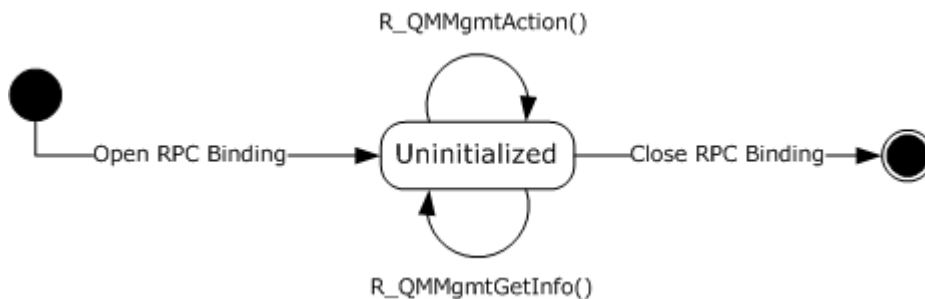


Figure 2: RPC binding and method calls

3.2.2 Timers

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol layer uses no timers. RPC does, however, use timers internally (as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#)).

3.2.3 Initialization

Software that utilizes **qmmgmt** MUST establish an RPC connection to the server prior to utilizing this protocol, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#) and section [2.1](#).

3.2.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The client side of the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol requires no special processing or interpretation of data or error messages beyond those required by the underlying RPC protocol.

When a method completes, the client MUST return without modification all values returned by the RPC to the upper layer.

The client MUST ignore errors returned from the RPC server and MUST notify the higher layer of the error received. The client SHOULD ignore all out-parameter values when any failure [HRESULT](#) is returned.

This protocol MUST indicate to the RPC runtime that it is to perform a strict NDR data consistency check at target level 6.0, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#) section 3.

This protocol MUST indicate to the RPC runtime that it is to reject a NULL unique or full pointer with nonzero conformant value, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#) section 3.

3.2.5 Timer Events

There are no timer events.

3.2.6 Other Local Events

There are no local events.

4 Protocol Examples

The following example pseudocode demonstrates how to pause a public queue by using the [R_QMMgmtAction](#) method.

```
////////////////////////////////////  
INIT qf of type QUEUE_FORMAT  
INIT mgmtObj of type MGMT_OBJECT  
  
SET qf.m_qft to QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE_PUBLIC  
SET qf.m_SuffixAndFlags to 0  
SET qf.m_gPublicID to GUID of the public queue  
  
SET mgmtObj.type to MGMT_QUEUE;  
SET mgmtObj.pQueueFormat to qf;  
  
CALL R_QMMgmtAction with RPC binding handle, mgmtObj  
and action const "PAUSE"  
////////////////////////////////////
```

4.1 QM Management Action and Retrieving QM Info Example

In the following example, an administrator needs to send **messages** to a **remote queue** on a server. First, the administrator queries to see what private queues are available. Next, the administrator chooses one of the queues and begins sending messages to it. While sending the messages, the administrator notices that messages are being put into the **dead-letter queue**. The administrator decides to stop producers while investigating the issue and to pause the **OutgoingQueue** abstract data model (ADM) element instance.

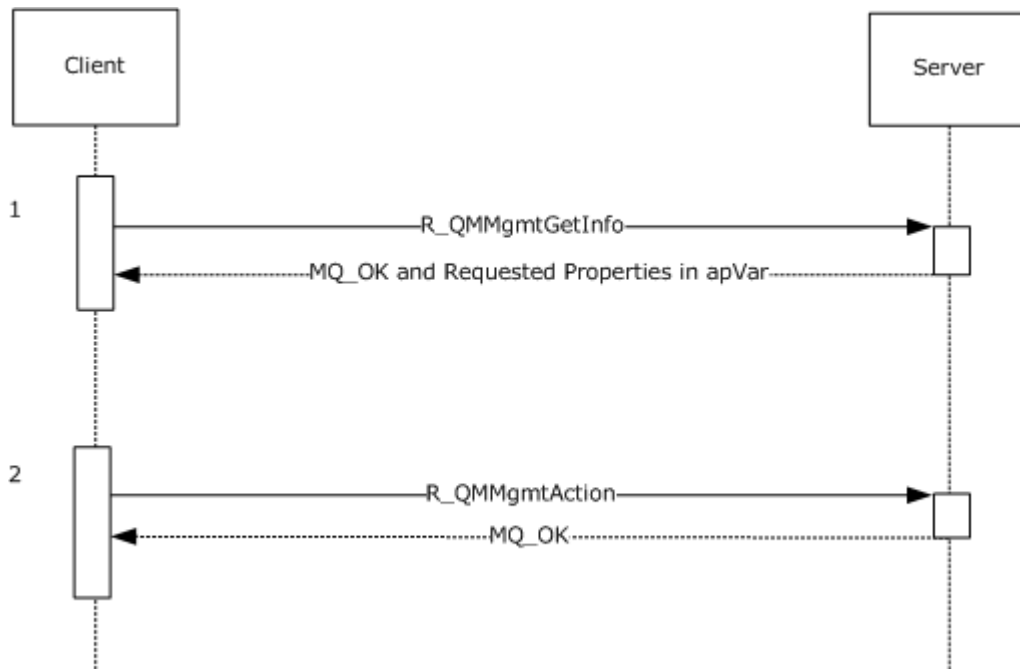


Figure 3: QM Management Operations

1. This protocol can be used to determine the available private queues on a remote machine to which the client can send messages. The client retrieves a list of private queue path names by invoking the [R_QMMgmtGetInfo \(section 3.1.4.1\)](#) method with a *pObjectFormat* parameter **type** member set to the MGMT_MACHINE enumerated value, as defined in [MgmtObjectType \(section 2.2.2.1\)](#). Next, the client can create a format name pointing to one of the returned queues. Finally, the client can use the events in [\[MS-MQDMPR\]](#) to open the queue of the constructed format name and to enqueue messages to it. The **OutgoingQueue** ADM element instance that was used to send messages can be used in the subsequent step.
2. The client can pause an **OutgoingQueue** ADM element instance by performing the following steps. First, construct a **QUEUE_FORMAT** ([\[MS-MQMQ\]](#) section 2.2.7) structure of type QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE_DIRECT and set the **m_pDirectID** member to the name identifier of a direct queue (as specified in [\[MS-MQMQ\]](#) section 2.1 for the ABNF). Next, construct an **MGMT_OBJECT (section 2.2.1.2)** structure of type MGMT_QUEUE and set the **MGMT_OBJECT.pQueueFormat** member to the address of the constructed **QUEUE_FORMAT** structure instance. Finally, the client pauses the **OutgoingQueue** ADM element instance by invoking the [R_QMMgmtAction \(section 3.1.4.2\)](#) method with an *lpwszAction* parameter value equal to "PAUSE" and a *pObjectFormat* parameter value set to the address of the constructed **MGMT_OBJECT** structure.

5 Security

The following sections specify security considerations for implementers of the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Management Protocol.

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

As specified in section 3, this protocol allows a client with administrator privileges to connect to the server. Security is dependent on the server performing security checks for each invocation of the server interface methods specified in this document. Any security bug in the server implementation of this protocol could be exploitable.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

No security parameters are specified for this protocol.

6 Appendix A: Full IDL

For ease of implementation, the full IDL is provided below, where "ms-dtyp.idl" refers to the IDL found in [\[MS-DTYP\] Appendix A \(section 5\)](#), and "ms-mqmq.idl" refers to the IDL found in [\[MS-MQMQ\] Appendix A \(section 3\)](#). The syntax uses the IDL syntax extensions defined in [\[MS-RPCE\] sections 2.2.4 and 3.1.1.5.1](#). For example, as noted in [\[MS-RPCE\] section 2.2.4.9](#), a pointer_default declaration is not required, and pointer_default(unique) is assumed.

```
import "ms-dtyp.idl";
import "ms-mqmq.idl";

[
    uuid(41208ee0-e970-11d1-9b9e-00e02c064c39),
    version(1.0),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface qmmgmt
{
    typedef enum __MgmtObjectType {
        MGMT_MACHINE = 1,
        MGMT_QUEUE = 2,
        MGMT_SESSION = 3,
    } MgmtObjectType;

    typedef enum __QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE
    {
        QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE_UNKNOWN= 0,
        QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE_PUBLIC = 1,
        QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE_PRIVATE= 2,
        QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE_DIRECT= 3,
        QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE_MACHINE= 4,
        QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE_CONNECTOR= 5,
        QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE_DL= 6,
        QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE_MULTICAST= 7,
        QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE_SUBQUEUE= 8
    } QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE;

    typedef struct _OBJECTID {
        GUID Lineage;
        DWORD Uniquifier;
    } OBJECTID;

    typedef struct _MULTICAST_ID {
        ULONG m_address;
        ULONG m_port;
    } MULTICAST_ID;

    typedef struct _DL_ID {
        GUID m_DlGuid;
        wchar_t * m_pwzDomain;
    } DL_ID;

    typedef struct __QUEUE_FORMAT {
        unsigned char m_qft;
        unsigned char m_SuffixAndFlags;
        unsigned short m_reserved;

        [switch_is(m_qft)] union {
```

```

        [case(Queue_Format_Type_Unknown)]
            ; // No member is set. Selected when an m_qft value
              // of 0 is returned.
        [case(Queue_Format_Type_Public)]
            GUID m_gPublicID;
        [case(Queue_Format_Type_Private)]
            OBJECTID m_oPrivateID;
        [case(Queue_Format_Type_Direct)]
            wchar_t* m_pDirectID;
        [case(Queue_Format_Type_Machine)]
            GUID m_gMachineID;
        [case(Queue_Format_Type_Connector)]
            GUID m_gConnectorID;
        [case(Queue_Format_Type_DL)]
            DL_ID m_DLID;
        [case(Queue_Format_Type_Multicast)]
            MULTICAST_ID m_MulticastID;
        [case(Queue_Format_Type_SubQueue)]
            wchar_t * m_pDirectSubqueueID;
    };
} Queue_Format;

typedef struct _MGMT_OBJECT {
    MgmtObjectType type;
    [switch_is(type)] union
    {
        [case(MGMT_Queue)]
            Queue_Format* pQueueFormat;
        [case(MGMT_Machine)]
            DWORD Reserved1;
        [case(MGMT_Session)]
            DWORD Reserved2;
    };
} MGMT_OBJECT;

/*=====
   QM Management functions
   =====*/

HRESULT R_QMMgmtGetInfo(
    [in] handle_t hBind,
    [in] const MGMT_OBJECT* pObjectFormat,
    [in, range(1,128)] DWORD cp,
    [in, size_is(cp)] ULONG aProp[],
    [in, out, size_is(cp)] PROPVARIANT apVar[]
);

HRESULT R_QMMgmtAction(
    [in] handle_t hBind,
    [in] const MGMT_OBJECT* pObjectFormat,
    [in] const wchar_t * lpwszAction
);
}

```


7 Appendix B: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Microsoft Windows NT® operating system
- Microsoft Windows® 2000 operating system
- Windows® XP operating system
- Windows Server® 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista® operating system
- Windows Server® 2008 operating system
- Windows® 7 operating system
- Windows Server® 2008 R2 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

[<1> Section 1.3:](#) Not implemented in Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003.

[<2> Section 1.3:](#) Not implemented in Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003.

[<3> Section 1.3:](#) Not implemented in Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003.

[<4> Section 1.3:](#) Not implemented in Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP.

[<5> Section 2.2.1.2:](#) The value of this member is ignored by Windows.

[<6> Section 2.2.1.2:](#) The value of this member is ignored by Windows.

[<7> Section 2.2.1.3:](#) Not available for servers implemented on Windows NT and Windows 2000.

[<8> Section 2.2.3.2:](#) Not implemented in Windows NT and Windows 2000.

[<9> Section 2.2.3.2:](#) Not implemented in Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003.

[<10> Section 2.2.3.2:](#) Not implemented in Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003.

<11> [Section 2.2.3.2](#): Not implemented in Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003.

<12> [Section 2.3](#): For Windows NT and Windows 2000, this protocol uses the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [\[MS-MQDS\]](#).

<13> [Section 2.3](#): For the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [\[MS-MQDS\]](#), the Directory Service schema elements are described in [\[MS-MQDS\]](#) sections [2.2.10](#) and [3.1.4.21.1](#) through [3.1.4.21.4](#).

<14> [Section 3.1.4.1](#): If a server cannot retrieve a property value that corresponds to an occurrence of the [PROPID_MGMT_MSMQ_DSSERVER](#) property identifier (section [2.2.3.1](#)) in *aProp*, then the server sets the corresponding *apVar* entry to VT_NULL.

<15> [Section 3.1.4.1](#): The Windows NT and Windows 2000 implementations return MQ_ERROR (0xC00E0001).

<16> [Section 3.1.4.1](#): Not implemented in Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP.

<17> [Section 3.1.4.2](#): The Windows NT and Windows 2000 implementations return MQ_ERROR (0xC00E0001).

8 Change Tracking

No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.

9 Index

A

Abstract data model
[client](#) 26
[server](#) 16
[Applicability](#) 10

C

[Capability negotiation](#) 10
[Change tracking](#) 35
Client
[abstract data model](#) 26
[initialization](#) 26
[local events](#) 27
[message processing](#) 26
[sequencing rules](#) 26
[timer events](#) 27
[timers](#) 26
[Common data types](#) 11

D

Data model - abstract
[client](#) 26
[server](#) 16
[Data types](#) 11
[DL_ID](#) 12

E

[Enumerators](#) 12
[Examples](#) 28

F

[Fields - vendor-extensible](#) 10
[Full IDL](#) 31

G

[Glossary](#) 6

I

[IDL](#) 31
[Implementer - security considerations](#) 30
[Index of security parameters](#) 30
[Informative references](#) 7
Initialization
[client](#) 26
[server](#) 17
[Introduction](#) 6

L

Local events
[client](#) 27
[server](#) 26

M

[Management Machine property identifiers](#) 13
[Management Queue property identifiers](#) 13
Message processing
[client](#) 26
[server](#) 17
Messages
[data types](#) 11
[transport](#) 11
[MGMT_OBJECT structure](#) 12
[MgmtObjectType enumeration](#) 12
[MULTICAST_ID](#) 12

N

[Normative references](#) 7

O

[OBJECTID](#) 12
[Overview](#) 7

P

[Parameters - security index](#) 30
[Preconditions](#) 10
[Prerequisites](#) 10
[Product behavior](#) 33
[Property identifiers](#) 13

Q

[QUEUE_FORMAT](#) 12
[QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE](#) 13

R

[R_QMMgmtAction method](#) 24
[R_QMMgmtGetInfo method](#) 17
References
[informative](#) 7
[normative](#) 7
[Relationship to other protocols](#) 9

S

Security
[implementer considerations](#) 30
[parameter index](#) 30
Sequencing rules
[client](#) 26
[server](#) 17
Server
[abstract data model](#) 16
[initialization](#) 17
[local events](#) 26
[message processing](#) 17

[overview](#) 16
[sequencing rules](#) 17
[timer events](#) 26
[timers](#) 17
[Standards assignments](#) 10
[Structures](#) 12

T

Timer events
[client](#) 27
[server](#) 26
Timers
[client](#) 26
[server](#) 17
[Tracking changes](#) 35
[Transport](#) 11

V

[Vendor-extensible fields](#) 10
[Versioning](#) 10