[MS-MQMP]: Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol Specification

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Revision Summary

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1 Introduction

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol is an RPC-based protocol, which enables communication between an **application** and an **MSMQ supporting server** or a remote **MSMQ queue manager**. Operations that an MSMQ application performs using this protocol include:

- Managing private queues that are local queues.
- Opening and closing local queue handles and remote queue handles.
- Enlisting, committing, and aborting internal transactions.
- Enlisting the queue manager in **external transactions**.
- Purging queues.
- Creating **cursors** for local gueues and remote gueues.
- Sending messages.
- Reading messages.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-GLOS]:

authentication level client (1) dynamic endpoint endpoint globally unique identifier (GUID) **Interface Definition Language (IDL) Network Data Representation (NDR)** opnum remote procedure call (RPC) **RPC** protocol sequence **RPC** transport server session transaction universally unique identifier (UUID) **UTC (Coordinated Universal Time)**

The following terms are defined in [MS-DTCO]:

resource manager (RM) work

The following terms are defined in [MS-MQMQ]:

administration queue application cursor dead-letter queue external transaction foreign queue format name internal transaction local queue message Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ) **MSMQ** MSMO 1.0 digital signature MSMQ 2.0 digital signature MSMO 3.0 digital signature MSMQ queue manager MSMQ supporting server order queue outgoing queue path name private queue queue queue journal queue property remote queue remote read unit of work XML digital signature

The following terms are specific to this document:

cryptographic service provider (CSP): A program that generates digital signatures.

legacy remote read sequence: The sequence of calls used to perform a remote read using the qmcomm and qm2qm Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol ([MS-MQQP]) RPC interfaces. Applications always utilize the legacy remote read sequence rather than the call sequence provided by the newer RemoteRead RPC interface specified in [MS-MQRR].

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624, as an additional source.

[C706] The Open Group, "DCE 1.1: Remote Procedure Call", C706, August 1997, http://www.opengroup.org/public/pubs/catalog/c706.htm

[FIPS180-2] Federal Information Processing Standards Publication, "Secure Hash Standard", FIPS PUB 180-2, August 2002, http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips180-2/fips180-2.pdf

[MS-DTCO] Microsoft Corporation, "MSDTC Connection Manager: OleTx Transaction Protocol Specification", July 2007.

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[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types", January 2007.

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes", January 2007.

[MS-MQDMPR] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Common Data Model and Processing Rules", August 2008.

[MS-MQMQ] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Data Structures", August 2007.

[MS-MQQB] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Message Queuing Binary Protocol Specification", August 2007.

[MS-MQQP] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol Specification", August 2007.

[MS-MQRR] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Remote Read Protocol Specification", June 2007.

[MS-MQSO] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing System Overview", August 2008.

[MS-RPCE] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Procedure Call Protocol Extensions", January 2007.

[RC4] The RC4 Encryption Algorithm. RSA Data Security, Inc., http://www.rsa.com/node.aspx?id=1204

Note To obtain this stream cipher that is licensed by RSA Data Security, you need to contact this company.

[RFC1319] Kaliski, B., "The MD2 Message-Digest Algorithm", RFC 1319, April 1992, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/1319.txt

[RFC1320] Rivest, R., "The MD4 Message-Digest Algorithm", RFC 1320, April 1992, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/1320.txt

[RFC1321] Rivest, R., "The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm", RFC 1321, April 1992, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/1321.txt

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

[RFC2268] Rivest, R., "A Description of the RC2(r) Encryption Algorithm", RFC 2268, March 1998, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/2268.txt

[RFC3174] Eastlake III, D., and Jones, P., "US Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA1)", RFC 3174, September 2001, http://www.ietf.org/rfc3174.txt

1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Protocols Master Glossary", March 2007.

[MS-MQDSSM] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Schema Mapping", August 2008.

[MSDN-MQEIC] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing Error and Information Codes", http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms700106.aspx

1.3 Overview

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol provides a means for applications to communicate with a supporting server. An MSMQ application uses this protocol to perform basic **message queuing** operations on a supporting server, such as creating queues, altering **queue properties**, sending messages, and receiving messages. An MSMQ application also uses this protocol to communicate with a remote MSMQ queue manager to open and close remote queues.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This protocol is dependent upon **RPC** for its transport. This protocol uses RPC, as specified in section 2.1.

This protocol is tightly coupled with the Message Queuing (MSMQ) Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol [MS-MQQP], and therefore if one protocol is implemented, the other one MUST be implemented also. The processing rules for this protocol invoke methods on the qm2qm RPC interface of the Message Queuing (MSMQ) Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol. Furthermore, the arguments required for these methods are obtained from the qmcomm RPC interface of this protocol. The following diagram illustrates the protocol relationships for this protocol.

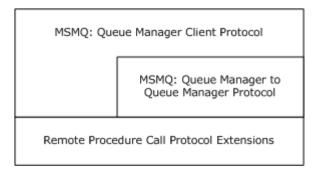


Figure 1: Protocol relationships

Additionally, the MSDTC Connection Manager: OleTx Transaction Protocol [MS-DTCO] is used by applications to orchestrate external transaction scenarios for this protocol.

This protocol uses shared state and processing rules defined in [MS-MQDMPR].

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol is an RPC interface and, as a result, has the prerequisites specified in [MS-RPCE] as being common to RPC interfaces.

It is assumed that a Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol **client** has obtained the name of a remote computer that supports the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol before this protocol is invoked. This specification does not address how this information is acquired. In the context of a **remote read** operation, this protocol provides the name of a remote **server**, as described in sections <u>3.1.4.1</u> and <u>3.1.4.17</u>.

1.6 Applicability Statement

This protocol provides functionality for message queuing applications to perform operations on a remote supporting server.

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The server side of the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol is applicable for implementation by a queue manager providing supporting server services to applications. The client side of this protocol is applicable for implementation by client libraries providing message queuing services to applications, or by a queue manager delegating requests on behalf of a client.

Due to performance and security limitations, this protocol is deprecated and suitable only for interoperability with existing legacy servers and clients.<1> Implementers of new message queuing applications are encouraged to invoke the MSMQ COM API remotely via DCOM in preference to the capabilities specified by the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

This protocol supports a mechanism for explicitly negotiating the RPC **endpoint** to be used. For more information, see section 3.1.4.24.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol uses HRESULT values as defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1.1. Vendors can define their own HRESULT values, provided that they set the C bit (0x20000000) for each vendor-defined value, indicating that the value is a customer code.

1.9 Standards Assignments

| Parameter | Value | Reference | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|--|--|
| RPC Interface UUID for qmcomm interface | fdb3a030-065f-11d1-bb9b-00a024ea5525 | As specified in [C706]. | | |
| RPC Interface UUID for qmcomm2 interface | 76d12b80-3467-11d3-91ff-0090272f9ea3 | As specified in [C706]. | | |
| Interface Version | 1.0 | As specified in [C706]. | | |
| Port Information | This protocol uses RPC dynamic endpoints as specified in $[C706]$ Part $\underline{4}$, as well as a fixed endpoint as described in section $\underline{2.1}$. | As specified in [C706]. | | |

2 Messages

2.1 Transport

This protocol SHOULD use the following **RPC protocol sequence**: RPC over TCP/IP (ncacn_ip_tcp), as specified in [MS-RPCE].<2> This protocol MAY use the RPC over SPX (ncacn_spx) protocol sequence if TCP/IP is unavailable.

This protocol SHOULD use RPC dynamic endpoints, as specified in [C706] part $\underline{4}$. This protocol MAY use an RPC static endpoint, as specified in [C706] part $\underline{4}$.

This protocol allows any user to establish a connection to the RPC server. For each connection, the server uses the underlying RPC protocol to retrieve the identity of the invoking client, as specified in the second bullet point of [MS-RPCE] section 3.3.3.4.3. The server SHOULD use this identity to perform method-specific access checks, as specified in section 3.1.4.

2.2 Common Data Types

All structures are defined in the **IDL** syntax and are marshaled as specified in [C706] part $\underline{3}$. The IDL is specified in section $\underline{6}$.

Note that **LPWSTR** or **WCHAR*** types specified in an IDL structure that are annotated with the **[string]** attribute MUST be null-terminated, as specified in **[C706]**.

HRESULT: This specification uses the HRESULT type, as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1.1.

Note that throughout this specification, the phrase "a failure HRESULT" means any HRESULT where the Severity (S) bit is set, as specified by [MS-ERREF]. When this specification mandates the return of "a failure HRESULT" from a method, the specific error code is not relevant to the protocol, as long as the Severity bit is set. In this circumstance, the server can return MQ_ERROR (0xC00E0001), or any other HRESULT value where the Severity bit is set, such as a context-specific message queuing error code, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4.

GUID and UUID: This type specifies a **globally unique identifier**, as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.3.2.

QUEUE_FORMAT and OBJECTID: These structures are defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.

In addition to RPC base types and definitions specified in <a>[C706] and <a>[MS-RPCE], additional data types are defined below.

The following table summarizes the types that are defined in this specification.

| Data type name | Description | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| RPC INT XACT HANDLE | A context handle representing an internal transaction. | | | |
| RPC QUEUE HANDLE | A context handle representing a queue object. | | | |
| PCTX OPENREMOTE HANDLE TYPE | A context handle representing a remote queue object. | | | |
| CACTransferBufferV1 | A structure used for sending and receiving messages. | | | |
| CACTransferBufferV2 | A structure containing the CACTransferBufferV1 (section 2.2.3.2) structure used for sending and receiving messages | | | |

| Data type name | Description |
|------------------------------|--|
| | with additional transaction tracking capabilities. |
| <u>CACCreateRemoteCursor</u> | A structure used for creating a cursor on a message queue. |
| OBJECT FORMAT | A structure containing a QUEUE FORMAT structure (as specified in [MS-MOMQ] section 2.2.7) and a specification as to whether the QUEUE_FORMAT is local or remote. |
| XACTUOW | Identifies the unit of work for a transactional operation. |

2.2.1 Data Types

2.2.1.1 Handle Data Types

2.2.1.1.1 RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE

The RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE handle is a remote procedure call (RPC) context handle representing an internal transaction, as specified in [C706] section 14.2.16.6. A client MUST call R QMEnlistInternalTransaction (section 3.1.4.14) to create an RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE handle, and it MUST call R QMCommitTransaction (section 3.1.4.15) or R QMAbortTransaction (section 3.1.4.16) to delete an RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE.

This type is declared as follows:

typedef [context handle] void* RPC INT XACT HANDLE;

2.2.1.1.2 RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE

The **RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE** handle is an RPC context handle representing a queue object, as specified in [C706] section 14.2.16.6. A client MUST call rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal (section 3.1.4.17) to create an RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE handle and rpc_ACCloseHandle (section 3.1.4.18) to close an RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE.

This type is declared as follows:

typedef [context handle] void* RPC QUEUE HANDLE;

2.2.1.1.3 PCTX_OPENREMOTE_HANDLE_TYPE

The PCTX_OPENREMOTE_HANDLE_TYPE handle is an RPC context handle representing a queue object at a queue manager other than the supporting server, as specified in [C706] section 14.2.16.6. A client MUST call R_QMOpenRemoteQueue (section 3.1.4.2) to create a PCTX_OPENREMOTE_HANDLE_TYPE handle, and R_QMCloseRemoteQueueContext (section 3.1.4.3) to close a PCTX_OPENREMOTE_HANDLE_TYPE.

This type is declared as follows:

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2.2.2 Enumerations

The following enumerated type is defined in the following section:

TRANSFER TYPE

2.2.2.1 TRANSFER_TYPE

The **TRANSFER_TYPE** enumeration specifies the valid cases for the unnamed union defined in the **CACTransferBufferV1** structure (section 2.2.3.2).

```
typedef enum
{
   CACTB_SEND = 0,
   CACTB_RECEIVE,
   CACTB_CREATECURSOR
} TRANSFER_TYPE;
```

CACTB_SEND: A send operation (that is, a message placed into a queue for delivery) is to be performed.

CACTB_RECEIVE: A receive operation (that is, a message is to be read from a queue) is to be performed.

CACTB_CREATECURSOR: A cursor creation is to be performed.

2.2.3 Structures

2.2.3.1 XACTUOW

The <u>XACTUOW</u> structure ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18.1.8) uniquely identifies the unit of work (UOW) for a transactional operation. For an external transaction, this value MUST be acquired from the transaction coordinator. For an internal transaction, a client MUST create a unique random value for each transaction.<3>

2.2.3.2 CACTransferBufferV1

The **CACTransferBufferV1** structure is used to send and receive messages via MSMQ.

Following is the layout of the **CACTransferBufferV1** structure with IDL annotations followed by descriptions of the structure members.

```
typedef struct CACTransferBufferV1 {
   [range(0,2)] DWORD uTransferType;
   [switch_is(uTransferType)] union {
      [case(CACTB_SEND)]
      struct {
      struct QUEUE_FORMAT* pAdminQueueFormat;
      struct QUEUE_FORMAT* pResponseQueueFormat;
   }
}
```

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[MS-MQMP] — v20110204 Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol Specification

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```
[case(CACTB RECEIVE)]
    struct {
    DWORD RequestTimeout;
    DWORD Action;
    DWORD Asynchronous;
    DWORD Cursor;
    [range(0,1024)] DWORD ulResponseFormatNameLen;
    [size is(,ulResponseFormatNameLen)]
     WCHAR** ppResponseFormatName;
    DWORD* pulResponseFormatNameLenProp;
    [range(0,1024)] DWORD ulAdminFormatNameLen;
    [size is(,ulAdminFormatNameLen)]
     WCHAR** ppAdminFormatName;
    DWORD* pulAdminFormatNameLenProp;
    [range(0,1024)] DWORD ulDestFormatNameLen;
    [size is(,ulDestFormatNameLen)]
      WCHAR** ppDestFormatName;
    DWORD* pulDestFormatNameLenProp;
    [range(0,1024)] DWORD ulOrderingFormatNameLen;
    [size is(,ulOrderingFormatNameLen)]
      WCHAR** ppOrderingFormatName;
    DWORD* pulOrderingFormatNameLenProp;
  } Receive;
  [case(CACTB CREATECURSOR)]
    struct CACCreateRemoteCursor CreateCursor;
};
unsigned short* pClass;
OBJECTID** ppMessageID;
[ \texttt{size\_is} (\texttt{,20}) \texttt{, length\_is} (\texttt{,20}) ] \text{ unsigned char** ppCorrelationID; }
DWORD* pSentTime;
DWORD* pArrivedTime;
unsigned char* pPriority;
unsigned char* pDelivery;
unsigned char* pAcknowledge;
unsigned char* pAuditing;
DWORD* pApplicationTag;
[size is(,ulAllocBodyBufferInBytes), length is(,ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes)]
  unsigned char** ppBody;
DWORD ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes;
DWORD ulAllocBodyBufferInBytes;
DWORD* pBodySize;
[size is(,ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs), length is(,ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs)]
  WCHAR** ppTitle;
DWORD ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs;
DWORD* pulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs;
DWORD ulAbsoluteTimeToQueue;
DWORD* pulRelativeTimeToQueue;
DWORD ulRelativeTimeToLive;
DWORD* pulRelativeTimeToLive;
unsigned char* pTrace;
DWORD* pulSenderIDType;
[size is(,uSenderIDLen)] unsigned char** ppSenderID;
DWORD* pulSenderIDLenProp;
DWORD* pulPrivLevel;
DWORD ulAuthLevel;
unsigned char* pAuthenticated;
DWORD* pulHashAlg;
DWORD* pulEncryptAlg;
[size is(,ulSenderCertLen)] unsigned char** ppSenderCert;
```

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[MS-MQMP] — v20110204 Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol Specification

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```
DWORD ulSenderCertLen;
 DWORD* pulSenderCertLenProp;
 [size is(,ulProvNameLen)] WCHAR** ppwcsProvName;
 DWORD ulProvNameLen;
 DWORD* pulAuthProvNameLenProp;
 DWORD* pulProvType;
 long fDefaultProvider;
  [size is(,ulSymmKeysSize)] unsigned char** ppSymmKeys;
 DWORD ulSymmKeysSize;
 DWORD* pulSymmKeysSizeProp;
 unsigned char bEncrypted;
 unsigned char bAuthenticated;
 unsigned short uSenderIDLen;
 [size is(,ulSignatureSize)] unsigned char** ppSignature;
 DWORD ulSignatureSize;
 DWORD* pulSignatureSizeProp;
 GUID** ppSrcQMID;
 XACTUOW* pUow;
 [size is(,ulMsgExtensionBufferInBytes), length is(,ulMsgExtensionBufferInBytes)]
   unsigned char** ppMsgExtension;
 DWORD ulMsqExtensionBufferInBytes;
 DWORD* pMsgExtensionSize;
 GUID** ppConnectorType;
 DWORD* pulBodyType;
 DWORD* pulVersion;
} ;
```

uTransferType: The uTransferType member specifies which of the Send, Receive, or CreateCursor union members is present in the CACTransferBufferV1 structure. The uTransferType member MUST be assigned a value from the TRANSFER TYPE (section 2.2.2.1) enumeration.

Send: The **Send** structure is present in the **CACTransferBufferV1** structure when the value of the **uTransferType** member is 0x00000000 (CACTB_SEND). The **Send** structure is defined inline to the **CACTransferBufferV1** structure. The **Send** structure members are defined as follows:

pAdminQueueFormat: The **pAdminQueueFormat** member is a **QUEUE FORMAT** structure as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.7. If present, the **pAdminQueueFormat** member describes the **administration queue** that is to be used for send operation acknowledgments.

pResponseQueueFormat: The **pResponseQueueFormat** member is a **QUEUE_FORMAT** structure as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.7. If present, the **pResponseQueueFormat** member describes the queue that is to be used for application-specific responses. As an application-specific value, this field SHOULD be ignored by the server.

Receive: The Receive structure is present in the **CACTransferBufferV1** structure when the value of the **uTransferType** member is 0x00000001 (CACTB_RECEIVE). The Receive structure is defined inline to the **CACTransferBufferV1** structure. The Receive structure members are defined as follows:

RequestTimeout: The **RequestTimeout** member specifies the amount of time (in milliseconds) to wait for a message to be returned before returning a failure.

Action: The **Action** member specifies the type of receive operation that is to be performed. The **Action** member MUST specify one of the values: 0x00000000 (MQ_ACTION_RECEIVE), 0x80000000 (MQ_ACTION_PEEK_CURRENT), or 0x80000001 (MQ_ACTION_PEEK_NEXT).

| Name | Value |
|------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ACTION_RECEIVE | 0x00000000 |
| MQ_ACTION_PEEK_CURRENT | 0x80000000 |
| MQ_ACTION_PEEK_NEXT | 0x80000001 |

Asynchronous: The **Asynchronous** member is used as a Boolean variable to indicate if the receive is to be performed asynchronously. An **Asynchronous** member value of 0x00000000 SHOULD be interpreted as specifying FALSE (receive operation is not to be performed asynchronously) and all other values SHOULD be interpreted as TRUE (receive operation is to be performed asynchronously).<4>

Cursor: A cursor handle obtained from <u>rpc ACCreateCursorEx (section 3.1.5.4)</u>. A cursor can be used to reference a specific position within the message queue, rather than the first message in the queue, from which the message will be retrieved.

ulResponseFormatNameLen: The **ulResponseFormatNameLen** member specifies the size (in count of Unicode characters) of the string allocated for the **ppResponseFormatName** member. The **ulResponseFormatNameLen** member MUST have a value in the range of 0 to 1024, inclusive.

ppResponseFormatName: A null-terminated Unicode string containing a **format name** (as specified in [MS-MQMQ]) which indicates an application-defined queue which can be used for response messages. This value is used only by MSMQ applications, and it MUST be ignored by MSMQ queue managers.

pulResponseFormatNameLenProp: The **pulResponseFormatNameLenProp** member specifies the size (in count of Unicode characters) of the string contained in the **ppResponseFormatName** member.

ulAdminFormatNameLen: The ulAdminFormatNameLen member specifies the size (in count of Unicode characters) of the string allocated for the ppAdminFormatName member. The ulAdminFormatNameLen member MUST have a value in the range of 0 to 1024, inclusive.

ppAdminFormatName: A null-terminated Unicode string containing a format name (as specified in [MS-MQMQ]) which indicates an application-defined administration queue to which acknowledgment messages will be directed.

pulAdminFormatNameLenProp: The **pulAdminFormatNameLenProp** member specifies the size (in count of Unicode characters) of the string contained in the **ppAdminFormatName** member.

ulDestFormatNameLen: The **ulDestFormatNameLen** member specifies the size (in count of Unicode characters) of the string allocated for the **ppDestFormatName** member. The **ulDestFormatNameLen** member MUST have a value in the range of 0 to 1024, inclusive.

ppDestFormatName: A null-terminated Unicode string containing a format name (as specified in [MS-MQMQ]) that indicates the name of a message's destination queue.

pulDestFormatNameLenProp: The **pulDestFormatNameLenProp** member specifies the size (in count of Unicode characters) of the string contained in the **ppDestFormatName** member.

ulOrderingFormatNameLen: The **ulOrderingFormatNameLen** member specifies the size (in count of Unicode characters) of the string allocated for the **ppOrderingFormatName** member. The **ulOrderingFormatNameLen** member MUST have a value in the range of 0 to 1024, inclusive.

ppOrderingFormatName: A null-terminated Unicode string containing a format name (as specified in [MS-MQMQ]) that indicates the name of the **MSMQ order queue** that tracks the ordering of transactional messages.

pulOrderingFormatNameLenProp: The **pulOrderingFormatNameLenProp** member specifies the size (in count of Unicode characters) of the string contained in the **ppOrderingFormatName** member.

CreateCursor: The **CreateCursor** member contains information for creating a cursor which may be used when receiving messages from a queue. The **CreateCursor** member is present in the **CACTransferBufferV1** structure when the value of the **uTransferType** member is 0x00000002 (CACTB_CREATECURSOR). The **CreateCursor** member is not used by any of the methods defined by the qmcomm and qmcomm2 interfaces.

pClass: This field indicates the message classification, such as a positive acknowledgment, a system-generated report message, or a normal application-generated message. It contains a 16-bit structure as defined below:

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|------------|---|---|---|---|---|----------|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| Class Code | | | | | | Reserved | | | | Н | R | S | | | |

| Value | Meaning | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Class Code 0x00 — 0xFF | 0 — type within the groupings defined by the fields described above. If the H bit is set, | | | | |
| Reserved 0x0000 MUST be set to all zeros. Clients and servers MUST ignore the Reserved member | | | | | |
| H Ox0000 — Ox0001 Specifies whether or not HTTP is being used. A value of 0 MUST be used to specify that HTTP is not being used. A value of 1 MUST be used to specify that HTTP is used. If 1, the Class Code field contains an HTTP status code. | | | | | |
| R 0x0000 — 0x0001 Specifies the stage at which the acknowledgment is to occur. A value of 0 M used to specify that the acknowledgment is for the delivery (arrival) stage. A of 1 MUST be used to specify that the acknowledgment is for the receive sta | | | | | |
| S 0x0000 — 0x0001 | Specifies the type of acknowledgment. A value of 0 MUST be used to specify that normal (positive acknowledgment) message processing has occurred. A value of 1 MUST be used to specify that abnormal (negative acknowledgment) message processing has occurred. | | | | |

The following table provides correspondence between the message class values defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18.1.6 with the abstract message class types defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12.

| Message Class Value | Message Class Type |
|---|-------------------------------|
| MQMSG_CLASS_NORMAL 0x0000 | Normal |
| MQMSG_CLASS_REPORT 0x0001 | Report |
| MQMSG_CLASS_ACK_REACH_QUEUE 0x0002 | AckReachQueue |
| MQMSG_CLASS_ACK_RECEIVE 0x4000 | AckReceive |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_BAD_DST_Q 0x8000 | NackBadDestQueue |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_DELETED 0x8001 | NackPurged |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_REACH_QUEUE_TIMEOUT 0x8002 | NackReachQueueTimeout |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_Q_EXCEED_QUOTA 0x8003 | NackQueueExceedQuota |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_ACCESS_DENIED 0x8004 | NackAccessDenied |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_HOP_COUNT_EXCEEDED 0x8005 | NackHopCountExceeded |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_BAD_SIGNATURE 0x8006 | NackBadSignature |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_BAD_ENCRYPTION 0x8007 | NackBadEncryption |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_NOT_TRANSACTIONAL_Q 0x8009 | NackNotTransactionalQueue |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_NOT_TRANSACTIONAL_MSG 0x800a | NackNotTransactionalMessage |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_UNSUPPORTED_CRYPTO_PROVIDER 0x800b | NackUnsupportedCryptoProvider |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_Q_DELETED 0xc000 | NackQueueDeleted |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_Q_PURGED 0xc001 | NackQueuePurged |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_RECEIVE_TIMEOUT 0xc002 | NackReceiveTimeout |
| MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_RECEIVE_REJECTED 0xc004 | NackReceiveRejected |

- **ppMessageID:** The **ppMessageID** member, if present, specifies a value that can be used to correlate response messages to sent messages.
- **ppCorrelationID:** If present, the **ppCorrelationID** member is an array of bytes containing an **OBJECTID** structure (as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.8). The **ppCorrelationID** member, if present, contains a value copied from the **ppMessageID** member of a previous request and can be used to correlate responses with previously sent messages. The size (in count of bytes) of **ppCorrelationID** MUST NOT exceed 20.
- **pSentTime:** The **pSentTime** member is formatted in **UTC**. The **pSentTime** member specifies the time that the message was sent.
- **pArrivedTime:** The **pArrivedTime** member is formatted in UTC. The **pArrivedTime** member specifies the time the message was received.
- **pPriority:** The **pPriority** member is a single byte. The **pPriority** member specifies the processing priority for the message with larger values indicating a higher priority. The byte value MUST be in the range of 0x00 to 0x07. If no priority is set, the default priority value of 0x03 is used. The **pPriority** member is ignored for transactional messages. Messages that are not part of a transaction will be processed in arrival sequence within priority. The **pPriority** member is ignored if the message is a part of a transaction.
- **pDelivery:** The **pDelivery** member is a single byte. The **pDelivery** member MUST specify a value of 0x00 or 0x01.

| Value | Meaning |
|-------|---|
| 0x00 | A value of 0x00 specifies that the message is not recoverable. The message can remain in volatile storage and is subject to loss in the event of a system crash. This value corresponds to Message.DeliveryGuarantee.Express as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| 0x01 | A value of 0x01 specifies that the message is recoverable and is to be written to non-volatile storage as it moves through the network to its destination and can survive a system crash. Recoverable messages do not have to be part of a transaction. This value corresponds to Message.DeliveryGuarantee.Recoverable as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |

pAcknowledge: The **pAcknowledge** member is a single byte. The **pAcknowledge** member value specifies the types of acknowledgment messages that are to be generated for this message. Acknowledgment messages are returned in the administration queue. The **pAcknowledge** member value MUST be assigned from the following list:

| Value | Meaning |
|--|---|
| MQMSG_ACKNOWLEDGMENT_NONE 0x00 | No acknowledgment needed. This value corresponds to Message.AcknowledgementsRequested.None as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_ACKNOWLEDGMENT_POS_ARRIVAL 0x01 | Positive acknowledgment is to be sent when the message is placed in the destination queue. This value corresponds to Message.AcknowledgementsRequested.AckPosArriv al as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_ACKNOWLEDGMENT_POS_RECEIVE | Positive acknowledgment is to be sent when the |

| Value | Meaning |
|---|---|
| 0x02 | message is received from the destination queue. This value corresponds to Message.AcknowledgementsRequested.AckPosRecei ve as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_ACKNOWLEDGMENT_NEG_ARRIVAL 0x04 | Negative acknowledgment is to be sent when the message fails to arrive at the destination queue. This value corresponds to Message.AcknowledgementsRequested.AckNegArriv al as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_ACKNOWLEDGMENT_NACK_REACH_QU EUE 0x04 | Negative acknowledgment is to be sent when the message fails to arrive at the destination queue. This value corresponds to Message.AcknowledgementsRequested.AckNegArriv al as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_ACKNOWLEDGMENT_FULL_REACH_QUE UE 0x05 | Positive acknowledgment is to be sent when the message is placed in the destination queue and/or negative acknowledgment is to be sent when the message fails to arrive at the destination queue. This value corresponds to a combination of Message.AcknowledgementsRequested.AckPosArriv al and AckNegArrival as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_ACKNOWLEDGMENT_NEG_RECEIVE 0x08 | Negative acknowledgment is to be sent when the message fails to be received from the destination queue. This value corresponds to Message.AcknowledgementsRequested.AckNegRece ive as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_ACKNOWLEDGMENT_NACK_RECEIVE 0x0C | Negative acknowledgment is to be sent when the message fails to arrive at the destination queue or when a receive for the message from the destination queue fails. This value corresponds to a combination of Message.AcknowledgementsRequested.AckNegRece ive and AckNegArrival as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_ACKNOWLEDGMENT_FULL_RECEIVE 0x0E | Positive acknowledgment is to be sent when the message is received from the destination queue and a negative acknowledgment is to be sent when the message fails to arrive at the destination queue or a negative acknowledgment is to be sent when a receive for the message from the destination queue fails. This value corresponds to a combination of Message.AcknowledgementsRequested.AckNegRece ive, AckNegArrival, and AckPosReceive as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |

pAuditing: The **pAuditing** member is a single byte. The **pAuditing** member value specifies the conditions under which copies of the message are to be stored as the message is routed to the destination queue. The **pAuditing** member value MUST be assigned from the following list:

| Value | Meaning |
|--|---|
| MQMSG_JOURNAL_NONE 0x00 | Do not store copies. This value corresponds to a Message.PositiveJournalingRequested value of False and a Message.NegativeJournalingRequested value of False, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_DEADLETTER 0x01 | Store copy in dead-letter queue on failure. This value corresponds to a Message.PositiveJournalingRequested value of False and a Message.NegativeJournalingRequested value of True, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_JOURNAL 0x02 | Store copy in queue journal upon successful delivery to next computer. This value corresponds to a Message.PositiveJournalingRequested value of True and a Message.NegativeJournalingRequested value of False, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_DEADLETTER MQMSG_JOURNAL 0x03 | Store copy in queue journal upon successful delivery to next computer. Store copy in dead-letter queue on failure. This value corresponds to a Message.PositiveJournalingRequested value of True and a Message.NegativeJournalingRequested value of True, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |

- **pApplicationTag:** The **pApplicationTag** member value is a user-provided item that is passed through unmodified to the message-receiving application. A common use of the **pApplicationTag** member value is to indicate to the receiving application the type of data contained in the **ppMsgExtension** member.
- **ppBody:** The **ppBody** member is an array of bytes. When the **ppBody** member is present it contains the user message payload.
- ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes: The ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes member specifies the size (in count of bytes) of the data present in the ppBody member. The value of the ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes member MUST be less than or equal to the value in the ulAllocBodyBufferInBytes member.
- **ulAllocBodyBufferInBytes:** The **ulAllocBodyBufferInBytes** member specifies the size (in count of bytes) of the buffer that is allocated to contain the **ppBody** member.
- **pBodySize:** The **pBodySize** member specifies the size (in count of bytes) of the data present in the **ppBody** member after an encryption or decryption operation has been performed on the **ppBody** member. The value of the **pBodySize** member MUST be less than or equal to the value in the **ulAllocBodyBufferInBytes** member.
- **ppTitle:** The **ppTitle** member, when present, is a Unicode string. The **ppTitle** member specifies a title associated with the message.
- ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs: The ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs member specifies the size (in count of Unicode characters) of the ppTitle member. The ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs member MUST NOT exceed 250.

- pulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs: The pulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs member specifies the actual size (in count of Unicode characters) of the string, if present, in the ppTitle member Unicode string.
- **ulAbsoluteTimeToQueue:** The **ulAbsoluteTimeToQueue** member value provided by the client specifies the number of seconds within which the message MUST reach the destination queue or be discarded. Internally, **ulAbsoluteTimeToQueue** is converted to a UTC time using the clock of the system on which the queue manager is executing.
- **pulRelativeTimeToQueue:** The **pulRelativeTimeToQueue** member specifies the number of seconds within which the response message MUST reach the destination queue or be discarded.
- ulRelativeTimeToLive: The ulRelativeTimeToLive member value specifies the number of seconds within which the message MUST be received from the destination queue or be discarded. Internally, ulRelativeTimeToLive is converted to a UTC time using the clock of the system on which the queue manager is executing.
- **pulRelativeTimeToLive:** The **pulRelativeTimeToLive** member specifies the number of seconds remaining before the response message will be discarded if it is not received from the destination queue.

pTrace: The **pTrace** member MUST be a single byte and indicates whether or not tracing is active.

| Value | Meaning |
|-------|---|
| 0x00 | A value of 0x00 MUST be used to specify that tracing is not active. This value corresponds to Message.TracingRequested value of False, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| 0x01 | A value of 0x01 MUST be used to specify that tracing is active. This value corresponds to Message.TracingRequested value of True, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |

pulSenderIDType: The **pulSenderIDType** member specifies the type of the **ppSenderID** member contents. The **pulSenderIDType** member value MUST be assigned from the following list:

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| MQMSG_SENDERID_TYPE_NONE 0x000000000 | No sender ID is present. This value corresponds to Message.SenderIdentifierType value of None, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_SENDERID_TYPE_SID 0x00000001 | The sender ID is a <u>SID</u> . This value corresponds to Message.SenderIdentifierType value of Sid, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_SENDERID_TYPE_QM 0x00000002 | The sender ID is the GUID assigned to a queue manager. This value corresponds to Message.SenderIdentifierType value of QueueManagerIdentifier, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |

ppSenderID: The **ppSenderID** member MUST be an array of bytes. When the value of the **pulSenderIDType** member is 0x00000000 (MQMSG_SENDERID_TYPE_NONE), the

ppSenderID member MUST NOT be present. If the value of the **pulSenderIDType** member is 0x0000001 (MQMSG_SENDERID_TYPE_SID), the **ppSenderID** member MUST contain a **SID**. If the value of the **pulSenderIDType** member is 0x00000002 (MQMSG_SENDERID_TYPE_QM), the **ppSenderID** member MUST contain a valid MSMQ Site GUID.

pulSenderIDLenProp: The **pulSenderIDLenProp** member specifies the size (in count of bytes) of the data present in the **ppSenderID** member.

pulPrivLevel: The **pulPrivLevel** member specifies the privacy level that is used for processing the message. The **pulPrivLevel** member value MUST be assigned from the following list:

| Value | Meaning |
|--|---|
| MQMSG_PRIV_LEVEL_NONE 0x00000000 | The message is not private. This value corresponds to Message.PrivacyLevel value of None, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_PRIV_LEVEL_BODY_BASE 0x00000001 | The message is private and the Cryptographic Service Provider (CSP) will use a 40-bit encryption key to encrypt and decrypt the message body. This value corresponds to Message.PrivacyLevel value of Base, as defined in [MS-MODMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_PRIV_LEVEL_BODY_ENHANCED 0x000000002 | The message is private and the CSP will use a 128-bit encryption key to encrypt and decrypt the message body. This value corresponds to Message.PrivacyLevel value of Enhanced, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |

ulAuthLevel: The **ulAuthLevel** member is used only in local interprocess communication and therefore has no meaning when this protocol is used over a network. Servers MUST ignore this field, and clients may specify any value.

pAuthenticated: The **pAuthenticated** member is a single byte. The **pAuthenticated** member value is used to determine the **level of authentication** that has been performed on the message. The **pAuthenticated** member value MUST be assigned from the following list:

| Value | Meaning |
|---|--|
| MQMSG_AUTHENTICATION_NOT_REQUESTED 0x00 | Authentication has not been performed. This value corresponds to Message.AuthenticationLevel value of None, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_AUTHENTICATED_SIG10 0x01 | Authentication has been performed using an MSMQ 1.0 digital signature. This value corresponds to Message.AuthenticationLevel value of Sig10, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_AUTHENTICATED_SIG20 0x03 | Authentication has been performed using an MSMQ 2.0 digital signature. This value corresponds to Message.AuthenticationLevel value of Sig20, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------------------------|--|
| MQMSG_AUTHENTICATED_SIG30 0x05 | Authentication has been performed using an MSMQ 3.0 digital signature. This value corresponds to Message.AuthenticationLevel value of Sig30, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_AUTHENTICATED_SIGXML 0x09 | Authentication has been performed using an XML digital signature. This value corresponds to Message.AuthenticationLevel value of XMLSig, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |

pulHashAlg: The **pulHashAlg** member specifies the hashing algorithm that is to be used in the digital signing process and by the authentication process. The **pulHashAlg** member value MUST be assigned from the following list:

| Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------------|--|
| MQMSG_CALG_MD2 0x00008001 | Use the MD2 algorithm as specified in [RFC1319] . This value corresponds to the Message.HashAlgorithm value of MD2, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_CALG_MD4 0x00008002 | Use the MD4 algorithm as specified in [RFC1320] . This value corresponds to the Message.HashAlgorithm value of MD4, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_CALG_MD5 0x00008003 | Use the MD5 algorithm as specified in [RFC1321]. This value corresponds to the Message.HashAlgorithm value of MD5, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_CALG_SHA1 0x00008004 | Use the SHA-1 algorithm as specified in [RFC3174] . This value corresponds to the Message.HashAlgorithm value of SHA1, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_CALG_SHA_256 0x0000800C | Use the SHA-256 algorithm, as specified in [FIPS180-2] . This value corresponds to the Message.HashAlgorithm value of SHA_256, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_CALG_SHA_512 0x0000800E | Use the SHA-512 algorithm, as specified in [FIPS180-2] . This value corresponds to the Message.HashAlgorithm value of SHA_512, as defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |

pulEncryptAlg: The **pulEncryptAlg** member specifies that the encryption algorithm is to be used to encrypt and decrypt the message body. The **pulEncryptAlg** member value MUST be assigned from the following list:

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------------------|--|
| MQMSG_CALG_RC2 0x00006602 | Use the RC2 encryption algorithm as specified in [RFC2268] . This value corresponds to MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |
| MQMSG_CALG_RC4 0x00006801 | Use the RC4 encryption algorithm as specified in [RC4"] . This value corresponds to MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12. |

- **ppSenderCert:** The **ppSenderCert** member is an array of bytes. If not NULL, the **ppSenderCert** member MUST contain the message sender's X509 certificate. The byte length of the buffer MUST be indicated by **ulSenderCertLen**.
- **ulSenderCertLen:** The **ulSenderCertLen** member specifies the byte length of the certificate contained in **ppSenderCert**.
- **pulSenderCertLenProp**: The **pulSenderCertLenProp** member specifies the length (in count of bytes) of the certificate contained in **ppSenderCert**.
- **ppwcsProvName:** The **ppwcsProvName** member is a Unicode string. If present, the **ppwcsProvName** member specifies the name of the Cryptographic Service Provider (CSP) that is used to generate digital signatures for the message.
- **ulProvNameLen:** The **ulProvNameLen** member specifies the size (in count of Unicode characters) of the buffer that was allocated to contain the **ppwcsProvName** string.
- **pulAuthProvNameLenProp:** The **pulAuthProvNameLenProp** member specifies the size (in count of Unicode characters) of the CSP name contained in **ppwcsProvName**, plus the size of an enhanced signature appended to the **ppSignature** buffer. Rules for computing and understanding values for this field are defined in sections 3.1.5.3 and 3.1.5.4.
- pulProvType: The pulProvType member specifies the type of CSP that is named by ppwcsProvName.
- **fDefaultProvider:** The **fDefaultProvider** member specifies if the CSP named by **ppwcsProvName** is a default CSP. A value of 0x00000000 MUST be used to specify that the **ppwcsProvName** is not the default name and all other values MUST be interpreted as specifying that the **ppwcsProvName** is the default name.
- **ppSymmKeys:** The **ppSymmKeys** member is an array of bytes. The **ppSymmKeys** member, if present, contains an encrypted symmetric key.
- **ulSymmKeysSize**: The **ulSymmKeysSize** member specifies the size (in count of bytes) of the buffer that was allocated to contain the **ppSymmKeys** member.
- **pulSymmKeysSizeProp**: The **pulSymmKeysSizeProp** member specifies the size (in count of bytes) of the **ppSymmKeys** member.
- **bEncrypted:** The **bEncrypted** member is a single byte. The **bEncrypted** member specifies if the message body is encrypted or is not encrypted. A **bEncrypted** member value of 0x00 MUST be interpreted as specifying that the message is not encrypted (FALSE) and all other values MUST be interpreted as specifying that the message is encrypted (TRUE).
- **bAuthenticated:** The **bAuthenticated** member is a single byte. The **bAuthenticated** member specifies if the message has been authenticated or has not been authenticated. A **bAuthenticated** member value of 0x00 MUST be used to specify that the message has not been authenticated (FALSE) and all other values MUST be interpreted as specifying that the message has been authenticated (TRUE).
- **uSenderIDLen:** The **uSenderIDLen** member specifies the maximum size (in count of bytes) that is available to contain data in the **ppSenderID** member.
- **ppSignature:** The **ppSignature** member is an array of bytes. The **ppSignature** member contains the signature(s) used to authenticate the message.<a><5>

- **ulSignatureSize:** The **ulSignatureSize** member specifies the size (in count of bytes) allocated to hold the **ppSignature** member.
- **pulSignatureSizeProp**: The **pulSignatureSizeProp** member specifies the size (in count of bytes) of the authentication signature(s) in the **ppSignature** member.
- **ppSrcQMID:** The **ppSrcQMID** member is a GUID. The member contains the GUID assigned to the MSMQ installation that is the source of the message.
- **pUow:** The **pUow** member is an **XACTUOW** structure ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18.1.8). If not NULL, this field identifies a transaction for a Send or Receive operation.
- **ppMsgExtension:** The **ppMsgExtension** member is an array of bytes. The **ppMsgExtension** member, when present, contains application-specific data. The **ppMsgExtension** member is primarily used to pass information to **foreign queues**.
- **ulMsgExtensionBufferInBytes:** The **ulMsgExtensionBufferInBytes** member specifies the size (in count of bytes) of the buffer allocated for the **ppMsgExtension** array.
- **pMsgExtensionSize:** The **pMsgExtensionSize** member specifies the size (in count of bytes) of the data contained in the **ppMsgExtension** array.
- **ppConnectorType:** The **ppConnectorType** member, if present, is a GUID. The **ppConnectorType** member specifies the identifier of a foreign queue that is used to communicate with a foreign messaging system.
- **pulBodyType:** The **pulBodyType** member value MUST be one of the valid values allowed for a **VARTYPE** as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.12.
- **pulVersion:** The **pulVersion** member specifies the MSMQ packet version. <6>

2.2.3.3 CACTransferBufferV2

The **CACTransferBufferV2** structure is used to send and receive messages via MSMQ.

Following is the layout of the **CACTransferBufferV2** structure followed by descriptions of the structure members.

```
typedef struct {
  struct CACTransferBufferV1 old;
  unsigned char* pbFirstInXact;
  unsigned char* pbLastInXact;
  OBJECTID** ppXactID;
} CACTransferBufferV2;
```

- **old:** The **CACTransferBufferOld** MUST be a **CACTransferBufferV1**, as defined in section 2.2.3.2.
- **pbFirstInXact**: The **pbFirstInXact** member MUST be a single byte. The **pbFirstInXact** member MUST be set to a value of 0x00 (FALSE) when the associated message is not the first message in a transaction. A value other than 0x00 MUST be interpreted as indicating (TRUE) that the associated message is the first message in a transaction.
- **pbLastInXact**: The **pbLastInXact** member MUST be a single byte. The **pbLastInXact** member MUST be set to a value of 0x00 (FALSE) when the associated message is not the last message

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in a transaction. A value other than 0x00 MUST be interpreted as indicating (TRUE) that the associated message is the last message in a transaction.

ppXactID: The **ppXactID** member, if present, MUST be an **OBJECTID** structure, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.8.

2.2.3.4 CACCreateRemoteCursor

The **CACCreateRemoteCursor** structure contains the elements necessary for creating a cursor on a queue.

```
typedef struct {
  DWORD hCursor;
  DWORD srv_hACQueue;
  DWORD cli_pQMQueue;
} CACCreateRemoteCursor;
```

hCursor: The value for this field returned from <u>rpc ACCreateCursorEx (section 3.1.5.4)</u> contains a <u>DWORD</u> value representing an opened cursor.

srv_hACQueue: The value for this field returned from **rpc_ACCreateCursorEx** is passed to the *hQueue* parameter of **R_QMCreateRemoteCursor (section 3.1.4.4)** when invoked as part of a remote cursor creation call sequence.

cli_pQMQueue: The value for this field returned from **rpc_ACCreateCursorEx** is passed to the *pQueue* parameter of **R_QMGetRemoteQueueName** (section 3.1.4.1) when invoked as part of a remote cursor creation call sequence.

2.2.3.5 OBJECT_FORMAT

An **OBJECT_FORMAT** structure wraps a pointer to a **QUEUE_FORMAT** structure ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.7).

```
typedef struct OBJECT_FORMAT {
  [range(1,2)] DWORD ObjType;
  [switch_is(ObjType)] union {
     [case(1)]
     struct QUEUE_FORMAT* pQueueFormat;
  };
};
```

ObjType: This value MUST be 0x00000001. The value 0x00000002 is defined for local-only use and MUST NOT appear on the wire.

pQueueFormat: This MUST point to a **QUEUE_FORMAT** structure ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.7).

2.3 Directory Service Schema Elements

This protocol uses ADM elements specified in section 3.1.1. A subset of these elements can be published in a **directory**. This protocol SHOULD<7> access the directory using the algorithm

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```
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```

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3 Protocol Details

The client side of this protocol is simply a pass-through. That is, there are no additional timers or other states required on the client side of this protocol. Calls made by the higher-layer protocol or application are passed directly to the transport, and the results returned by the transport are passed directly back to the higher-layer protocol or application.

3.1 gmcomm and gmcomm2 Server Details

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The abstract data model for this protocol comprises elements that are private to this protocol and others that are shared between multiple MSMQ protocols that are co-located at a common **QueueManager** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.1) abstract data model (ADM) element instance. The shared abstract data model is defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1. The relationship between this protocol, a **QueueManager** ADM element instance, and other protocols that share a common **QueueManager** ADM element instance is described in [MS-MQSO].

Section 3.1.1.1 details the elements from the shared data model that are manipulated by this protocol. Sections 3.1.1.2 through 3.1.1.10 detail the data model elements that are private to this protocol.

Servers MUST maintain instances of the following ADM elements described in the following sections:

- Shared Data Elements (section 3.1.1.1)
- LocalQueueContextHandleTable (section 3.1.1.2)
- LocalQueueContextHandle (section 3.1.1.3)
- RemoteQueueProxyHandleTable (section 3.1.1.4)
- RemoteQueueProxyHandle (section 3.1.1.5)
- CursorProxy (section 3.1.1.6)
- RemoteQueueOpenContextHandleTable (section 3.1.1.7)
- RemoteQueueOpenContextHandle (section 3.1.1.8)
- TransactionHandleTable (section 3.1.1.9)
- TransactionHandle (section 3.1.1.10)
- Message to CACTransferBufferV2 Translation (section 3.1.1.11)
- Oueue PROPID to Abstract Queue Property Translations (section 3.1.1.12)

3.1.1.1 Shared Data Elements

This protocol manipulates instances of the following abstract data model elements from the shared abstract data model defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.

- **QueueManager**: [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.1.
- OpenQueueDescriptor: [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.16.
- Queue: [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2.
- Message: [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12.
- Cursor: [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.2.
- **Transaction**: [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.14.

3.1.1.2 LocalQueueContextHandleTable

The **LocalQueueContextHandleTable** ADM element contains a table of <u>LocalQueueContextHandle (section 3.1.1.3)</u> ADM element instances, keyed by the **Handle** attribute of the **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element. The server maintains a single **LocalQueueContextHandleTable** ADM element instance, which is referred to as *iLocalQueueContextHandleTable*.

3.1.1.3 LocalQueueContextHandle

The LocalQueueContextHandle ADM element associates an RPC QUEUE HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.2) context handle with an OpenQueueDescriptor ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that references a local queue. This ADM element MUST contain the following attributes:

Handle: An **RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE** context handle that uniquely identifies the **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance within its <u>LocalQueueContextHandleTable</u> (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance.

OpenQueueDescriptorReference: A reference to an **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance.

3.1.1.4 RemoteQueueProxyHandleTable

The **RemoteQueueProxyHandleTable** ADM element contains a table of <u>RemoteQueueProxyHandle (section 3.1.1.5)</u> ADM element instances, keyed by the **Handle** attribute of the **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element. The server maintains a single **RemoteQueueProxyHandleTable** ADM element instance, which is referred to as *iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable*.

3.1.1.5 RemoteQueueProxyHandle

The **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element associates an **RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.2)** context handle with information pertaining to an **OpenQueueDescriptor** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance located at a remote **QueueManager** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance other than the server. This ADM element MUST contain the following attributes:

- **Handle:** An **RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE** context handle that uniquely identifies the **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance within its RemoteQueueProxyHandleTable (section 3.1.1.4) ADM element instance.
- **Context:** A <u>DWORD</u> value that uniquely identifies the **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance within the **RemoteQueueProxyHandleTable** ADM element instance.
- **RemoteHandle:** A **PCTX_RRSESSION_HANDLE_TYPE** ([MS-MQQP] section 2.2.1.1) context handle obtained from a remote **QueueManager** ADM element instance other than the server.
- **RemoteBindingHandle:** An RPC binding handle established to obtain a **RemoteHandle** attribute.
- **RemoteContext:** A **DWORD** value that uniquely identifies an **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance at the **QueueManager** ADM element instance from which a **RemoteHandle** attribute was obtained.
- **PathName:** A **path name** string, as defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1, which contains the name of the queue and the name of the **QueueManager** ADM element instance from which a **RemoteHandle** attribute was obtained.
- **FormatName:** Contains the format name string that was specified when the **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance referenced by a **RemoteContext** attribute was created.

CursorProxyCollection: A collection of <u>CursorProxy</u> (section 3.1.1.6) ADM element instances.

3.1.1.6 CursorProxy

The **CursorProxy** ADM element associates an identifier <u>DWORD</u> that is unique to the server with the **Handle** attribute value of a **Cursor** (<u>IMS-MQDMPR</u>] section 3.2) ADM element instance for a remote queue. This ADM element MUST contain the following attributes:

- **Handle:** A **DWORD** value that uniquely identifies the **CursorProxy** ADM element instance within the scope of the **CursorProxyCollection** attribute of the **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance in which it is contained.
- **RemoteCursorHandle:** If the **IsRemoteCursorHandleInitialized** attribute is true, this attribute contains a **DWORD** value that uniquely identifies a **Cursor** ADM element instance for a remote queue; otherwise, this attribute contains no relevant information.
- **IsRemoteCursorHandleInitialized:** A Boolean value that indicates whether the **RemoteCursorHandle** attribute has been initialized.

3.1.1.7 RemoteQueueOpenContextHandleTable

The RemoteQueueOpenContextHandleTable ADM element contains a table of RemoteQueueOpenContextHandle (section 3.1.1.8) ADM element instances keyed by the Handle attribute of the RemoteQueueOpenContextHandle ADM element. The server maintains a single RemoteQueueOpenContextHandleTable ADM element instance, which is referenced as iRemoteQueueOpenContextHandleTable.

3.1.1.8 RemoteQueueOpenContextHandle

The **RemoteQueueOpenContextHandle** ADM element associates a **PCTX OPENREMOTE HANDLE TYPE (section 2.2.1.1.3)** context handle with a reference to an

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OpenQueueDescriptor ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance created for remote read. This ADM element MUST contain the following attributes:

Handle: A PCTX_OPENREMOTE_HANDLE_TYPE context handle that uniquely identifies the RemoteQueueOpenContextHandle ADM element instance within its RemoteQueueOpenContextHandleTable (section 3.1.1.7) ADM element instance.

OpenQueueDescriptorReference: A reference to an **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance created for remote read.

3.1.1.9 TransactionHandleTable

The **TransactionHandleTable** ADM element contains a table of <u>TransactionHandle (section 3.1.1.10)</u> ADM element instances keyed by the **Handle** attribute of the **TransactionHandle** ADM element. The server maintains a single **TransactionHandleTable** ADM element instance, which is referenced as *iTransactionHandleTable*.

3.1.1.10 TransactionHandle

The **TransactionHandle** ADM element represents a handle that contains a reference to a **Transaction** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance. This ADM element MUST contain the following attributes:

Handle: An RPC INT XACT HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.1) that uniquely identifies the TransactionHandleEntry within the TransactionHandleTable (section 3.1.1.9) ADM element.

TransactionReference: A reference to a Transaction ADM element instance.

3.1.1.11 Message to CACTransferBufferV2 Translation

A **Message** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance is placed in the **CACTransferBufferV2** (section 2.2.3.3) structure when conveyed via this protocol. The following table defines the relationship(s) between a **CACTransferBufferV2** structure member and its corresponding **Message** ADM element attribute(s). The **CACTransferBufferV2** structure members that are absent from the table are specific to this protocol and have no direct relationship(s) with **Message** ADM element attribute(s).

| CACTransferBufferV2 Member | Corresponding Message ADM element attribute(s) |
|--|--|
| old.Send.pAdminQueueFormat | AdministrationQueueFormatName |
| old.Send.pResponseQueueFormat | ResponseQueueFormatName |
| old.Receive.ulResponseFormatNameLen | Length of ResponseQueueFormatName |
| old.Receive.ppResponseFormatName | ResponseQueueFormatName |
| old.Receive.pulResponseFormatNameLenProp | Length of ResponseQueueFormatName |
| old.Receive.ulAdminFormatNameLen | Length of AdministrationQueueFormatName |
| old.Receive.ppAdminFormatName | AdministrationQueueFormatName |
| old.Receive.pulAdminFormatNameLenProp | Length of AdministrationQueueFormatName |
| old.Receive.ulDestFormatNameLen | Length of DestinationQueueFormatName |

| | Corresponding Message ADM element | |
|---|--|--|
| CACTransferBufferV2 Member | attribute(s) | |
| old.Receive.ppDestFormatName | DestinationQueueFormatName | |
| old.Receive.pulDestFormatNameLenProp | Length of DestinationQueueFormatName | |
| old.Receive.ulOrderingFormatNameLen | Length of TransactionStatusQueueFormatName | |
| old. Receive. pp Ordering Format Name | TransactionStatusQueueFormatName | |
| old. Receive. pul Ordering Format Name Len Prop | Length of TransactionStatusQueueFormatName | |
| old.pClass | Class Mappings for individual CACTransferBufferV2.old.pClass values to the enumerated type defined for Message.Class are specified in section 2.2.3.2. | |
| old.ppMessageID | Identifier | |
| old.ppCorrelationID | CorrelationIdentifier | |
| old.pSentTime | SentTime | |
| old.pArrivedTime | ArrivalTime | |
| old.pPriority | Priority | |
| old.pDelivery | DeliveryGuarantee Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. | |
| old.pAcknowledge | AcknowledgementsRequested Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. | |
| old.pAuditing | PositiveJournalingRequested, NegativeJournalingRequested Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. | |
| old.pApplicationTag | ApplicationTag | |
| old.ppBody | Body | |
| old.ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes | Length of Body | |
| old.ulAllocBodyBufferInBytes | Length of Body | |
| old.pBodySize | Length of Body | |
| old.ppTitle | Label | |
| old.ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs | Length of Label | |
| old.pulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs | Length of Label | |
| old.ulAbsoluteTimeToQueue | TimeToReachQueue | |

| | Corresponding Message ADM element | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| CACTransferBufferV2 Member | attribute(s) | | |
| old.pulRelativeTimeToQueue | TimeToReachQueue | | |
| old.ulRelativeTimeToLive | TimeToBeReceived | | |
| old.pulRelativeTimeToLive | TimeToBeReceived | | |
| old.pTrace | TracingRequested Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. | | |
| old.pulSenderIDType | SenderIdentifierType Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. | | |
| old.ppSenderID | SenderIdentifier | | |
| old.pulSenderIDLenProp | Length of SenderIdentifier | | |
| old.pulPrivLevel | PrivacyLevel Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. | | |
| old.pAuthenticated | AuthenticationLevel Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. | | |
| old.pulHashAlg | HashAlgorithm Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. | | |
| | Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in | | |
| old.pulEncryptAlg | Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in | | |
| | Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. EncryptionAlgorithm Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in | | |
| old.pulEncryptAlg | Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. EncryptionAlgorithm Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. | | |
| old.pulEncryptAlg old.ppSenderCert | Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. EncryptionAlgorithm Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. SenderCertificate | | |
| old.pulEncryptAlg old.ppSenderCert old.ulSenderCertLen | Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. EncryptionAlgorithm Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate | | |
| old.pulEncryptAlg old.ppSenderCert old.ulSenderCertLen old.pulSenderCertLenProp | Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. EncryptionAlgorithm Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate | | |
| old.pulEncryptAlg old.ppSenderCert old.ulSenderCertLen old.pulSenderCertLenProp old.ppwcsProvName | Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. EncryptionAlgorithm Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate AuthenticationProviderName | | |
| old.pulEncryptAlg old.ppSenderCert old.ulSenderCertLen old.pulSenderCertLenProp old.ppwcsProvName old.ulProvNameLen | Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. EncryptionAlgorithm Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate AuthenticationProviderName Length of AuthenticationProviderName | | |
| old.pulEncryptAlg old.ppSenderCert old.ulSenderCertLen old.pulSenderCertLenProp old.ppwcsProvName old.ulProvNameLen old.pulAuthProvNameLenProp | Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. EncryptionAlgorithm Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate AuthenticationProviderName Length of AuthenticationProviderName Length of AuthenticationProviderName | | |
| old.pulEncryptAlg old.ppSenderCert old.ulSenderCertLen old.pulSenderCertLenProp old.ppwcsProvName old.ulProvNameLen old.pulAuthProvNameLenProp old.pulProvType | Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. EncryptionAlgorithm Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate AuthenticationProviderName Length of AuthenticationProviderName Length of AuthenticationProviderName AuthenticationProviderType | | |
| old.pulEncryptAlg old.ppSenderCert old.ulSenderCertLen old.pulSenderCertLenProp old.ppwcsProvName old.ulProvNameLen old.pulAuthProvNameLenProp old.pulProvType old.ppSymmKeys | Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. EncryptionAlgorithm Mappings for the enumerated values are provided in section 2.2.3.2. SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate Length of SenderCertificate AuthenticationProviderName Length of AuthenticationProviderName Length of AuthenticationProviderName AuthenticationProviderType SymmetricKey | | |

| CACTransferBufferV2 Member | Corresponding Message ADM element attribute(s) | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| old.ppSignature | Signature | |
| old.ulSignatureSize | Length of Signature | |
| old.pulSignatureSizeProp | Length of Signature | |
| old.ppSrcQMID | SourceMachineIdentifier | |
| old.ppMsgExtension | Extension | |
| old.ulMsgExtensionBufferInBytes | Length of Extension | |
| old.pMsgExtensionSize | Length of Extension | |
| old.ppConnectorType | ConnectorTypeIdentifier | |
| old.pulBodyType | ВодуТуре | |
| pbFirstInXact | FirstInTransaction | |
| pbLastInXact | LastInTransaction | |
| ppXactID | TransactionIdentifier | |

3.1.1.12 Queue PROPID to Abstract Queue Property Translation

The methods R QMCreateObjectInternal (section 3.1.4.5), R QMGetObjectProperties (section 3.1.4.9) and R QMSetObjectProperties (section 3.1.4.10) reference properties of the Queue ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element using numerical identifiers (PROPIDs) defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.3. The following table provides correlation between the numerical queue property identifiers and the abstract queue properties used by this protocol:

| Queue Property Identifier (PROPID) | Abstract Queue Property | Applicable Method(s) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| PROPID_Q_INSTANCE (101) | Identifier | Get |
| PROPID_Q_TYPE (102) | Туре | Create, Set, Get |
| PROPID_Q_PATHNAME (103) | Pathname | Create, Get |
| PROPID_Q_JOURNAL (104) | Journaling | Create, Set, Get |
| PROPID_Q_QUOTA (105) | Quota | Create, Set, Get |
| PROPID_Q_BASEPRIORITY (106) | BasePriority | Create, Set, Get |
| PROPID_Q_JOURNAL_QUOTA (107) | JournalQuota | Create, Set, Get |
| PROPID_Q_LABEL (108) | Label | Create, Set, Get |
| PROPID_Q_CREATE_TIME (109) | CreateTime | Get |
| PROPID_Q_MODIFY_TIME (110) | ModifyTime | Get |
| PROPID_Q_AUTHENTICATE (111) | Authentication | Create, Set, Get |

| Queue Property Identifier (PROPID) | Abstract Queue Property | Applicable Method(s) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| PROPID_Q_PRIV_LEVEL (112) | PrivacyLevel | Create, Set, Get |
| PROPID_Q_TRANSACTION (113) | Transactional | Create, Get |
| PROPID_Q_PATHNAME_DNS (124) | QualifiedPathname | Get |
| PROPID_Q_MULTICAST_ADDRESS (125) | MulticastAddress | Create, Set, Get |
| PROPID_Q_ADS_PATH (126) | DirectoryPath | Get |

The protocol MUST NOT send property identifiers that are not applicable to the method to be invoked, as defined in the preceding table.

3.1.2 Timers

None.

3.1.3 Initialization

The server MUST listen on the RPC protocols, as specified in section 2.1.

3.1.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules for qmcomm

This protocol SHOULD indicate to the RPC run time that it is to perform a strict **NDR** data consistency check at target level 6.0, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 3.<9>

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

| Method | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Opnum0NotUsedOnWire | Reserved for local use. Opnum: 0 |
| R QMGetRemoteQueueName | Retrieves the name of the queue associated with the given RPC QUEUE HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.2). Opnum: 1 |
| R QMOpenRemoteQueue | Opens a queue for remote read. Opnum: 2 |
| R QMCloseRemoteQueueContext | Closes a PCTX OPENREMOTE HANDLE TYPE (section 2.2.1.1.3). Opnum: 3 |
| R QMCreateRemoteCursor | Creates a cursor for a remote queue. Opnum: 4 |
| Opnum5NotUsedOnWire | Reserved for local use. Opnum: 5 |
| R QMCreateObjectInternal | Creates a local private queue. Opnum: 6 |

| Method | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| R QMSetObjectSecurityInternal | Updates the security configuration of a local private queue. Opnum: 7 |
| R QMGetObjectSecurityInternal | Retrieves the security configuration of a local private queue. Opnum: 8 |
| R QMDeleteObject | Deletes a local private queue. Opnum: 9 |
| R QMGetObjectProperties | Retrieves queue properties from local private queues. Opnum: 10 |
| R OMSetObjectProperties | Updates queue properties of local private queues. Opnum: 11 |
| R QMObjectPathToObjectFormat | Returns a complete format name for a private queue when only the path name is known to the caller. Opnum: 12 |
| Opnum13NotUsedOnWire | Reserved for local use. Opnum: 13 |
| R QMGetTmWhereabouts | Returns transaction manager whereabouts information. Opnum: 14 |
| R OMEnlistTransaction | Enlists the supporting server resource manager (RM) in an external transaction. Opnum: 15 |
| R OMEnlistInternalTransaction | Enlists the supporting server resource manager (RM) in an internal transaction. Opnum: 16 |
| R OMCommitTransaction | Commits an internal transaction. Opnum: 17 |
| R QMAbortTransaction | Aborts an internal transaction. Opnum: 18 |
| rpc QMOpenQueueInternal | Opens a queue for sending, reading, or purging messages. Opnum: 19 |
| rpc ACCloseHandle | Closes a queue handle. Opnum: 20 |
| Opnum21NotUsedOnWire | Reserved for local use. Opnum: 21 |
| rpc ACCloseCursor | Closes a cursor. Opnum: 22 |
| rpc ACSetCursorProperties | Associates a remote cursor with a local cursor handle. |

| Method | Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| | Opnum: 23 |
| Opnum24NotUsedOnWire | Reserved for local use. Opnum: 24 |
| Opnum25NotUsedOnWire | Reserved for local use. Opnum: 25 |
| rpc_ACHandleToFormatName | Retrieves a format name for a queue handle. Opnum: 26 |
| rpc_ACPurgeQueue | Purges an opened queue. Opnum: 27 |
| R QMQueryQMRegistryInternal | Retrieves string values from a supporting server. Opnum: 28 |
| Opnum29NotUsedOnWire | Reserved for local use. Opnum: 29 |
| Opnum30NotUsedOnWire | Reserved for local use. Opnum: 30 |
| R QMGetRTQMServerPort | Returns the RPC server port for use in subsequent method calls. Opnum: 31 |
| Opnum32NotUsedOnWire | Reserved for local use. Opnum: 32 |
| Opnum33NotUsedOnWire | Reserved for local use. Opnum: 33 |
| Opnum34NotUsedOnWire | Reserved for local use. Opnum: 34 |

In the preceding table, the term "Reserved for local use" means that the client MUST NOT send the **opnum**, and the server behavior is undefined $\leq 10 >$ because it does not affect interoperability.

If **LocalQueueManager.SupportingServer** is False, the server MUST return an error if any of the following methods is called.

| Opnum | Name |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | R_QMGetRemoteQueueName |
| 6 | R_QMCreateObjectInternal |
| 7 | R_QMSetObjectSecurityInternal |
| 8 | R_QMGetObjectSecurityInternal |
| 9 | R_QMDeleteObject |

| Opnum | Name |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| 10 | R_QMGetObjectProperties |
| 11 | R_QMSetObjectProperties |
| 12 | R_QMObjectPathToObjectFormat |
| 14 | R_QMGetTmWhereabouts |
| 15 | R_QMEnlistTransaction |
| 16 | R_QMEnlistInternalTransaction |
| 17 | R_QMCommitTransaction |
| 18 | R_QMAbortTransaction |
| 19 | rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal |
| 20 | rpc_ACCloseHandle |
| 22 | rpc_ACCloseCursor |
| 23 | rpc_ACSetCursorProperties |
| 26 | rpc_ACHandleToFormatName |
| 27 | rpc_ACPurgeQueue |
| 28 | R_QMQueryQMRegistryInternal |

3.1.4.1 R_QMGetRemoteQueueName (Opnum 1)

During the process of creating a remote cursor, a client calls the **R_QMGetRemoteQueueName** method to retrieve the name of the remote queue associated with a queue handle. This method is obsolete and the server SHOULD take no action and immediately raise the exception MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_OPERATION (0xc00e0064).<11>

```
HRESULT R_QMGetRemoteQueueName(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] DWORD pQueue,
   [in, out, ptr, string] WCHAR** lplpRemoteQueueName);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

pQueue: MUST be a **DWORD** that contains a queue context value obtained from the **cli_pQMQueue** member of the structure returned by the **rpc_ACCreateCursorEx** method of the qmcomm2 interface. See section 4.4 for an example illustrating this value being obtained.

IplpRemoteQueueName: A pointer to a buffer to receive the null-terminated name of the remote queue associated with *pQueue*. On input, this value MUST be NULL.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs

identically. Additionally, if a failure HRESULT is returned, the client MUST disregard all outparameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: This method SHOULD take no action and SHOULD immediately raise the exception MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_OPERATION (0xc00e0064).<12>

During the remote cursor creation sequence, the supporting server MAY indicate that the client MUST contact a remote queue manager to proceed. <13> In response, this method is called by the client to determine where to find the remote queue manager. Supporting servers SHOULD contact the remote queue manager on behalf of the client, thus eliminating the purpose of this method. <14>

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST do the following:

- Locate the <u>RemoteQueueProxyHandle (section 3.1.1.5)</u> ADM element instance in the server's iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable where the **Context** attribute value of the **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance equals pQueue.
- If no such RemoteQueueProxyHandle ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Set IpIpRemoteQueueName to the PathName attribute of the located RemoteQueueProxyHandle ADM element instance.
- Return MQ_OK (0x0000000).

3.1.4.2 R_QMOpenRemoteQueue (Opnum 2)

A client calls $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{QMOpenRemoteQueue}}$ to obtain a valid queue handle on a remote queue as part of the sequence of events involved in opening a remote queue as described in section $\frac{4.2}{2}$.

```
HRESULT R_QMOpenRemoteQueue(
    [in] handle_t hBind,
    [out] PCTX_OPENREMOTE_HANDLE_TYPE* pphContext,
    [out] DWORD* pdwContext,
    [in, unique] struct QUEUE_FORMAT* pQueueFormat,
    [in] DWORD dwCallingProcessID,
    [in] DWORD dwDesiredAccess,
    [in] DWORD dwShareMode,
    [in] GUID* pLicGuid,
    [in] DWORD dwMQS,
    [out] DWORD* dwpQueue,
    [out] DWORD* phQueue
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

pphContext: A pointer to a variable to receive the **PCTX OPENREMOTE HANDLE TYPE** (section 2.2.1.1.3) context handle.

- **pdwContext:** A pointer to a variable to receive the value of the **Handle** attribute for the new **OpenQueueDescriptor** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance created by this method. It MUST NOT be NULL.
- **pQueueFormat:** A **QUEUE FORMAT** structure as defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.7 that identifies the queue to be opened. It MUST NOT be NULL and MUST conform to the format name syntax rules defined in [MS-MQMQ]. It MUST NOT be a distribution list or multicast format name. For direct format names, the protocol MUST NOT be HTTP.

dwCallingProcessID: MUST be ignored. Clients MAY pass 0x00000000.<15>

dwDesiredAccess: A **DWORD** that specifies the access mode requested for the queue. The access mode defines the set of operations that can be invoked using the returned queue handle. The value MUST be one of the following:

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------------|---|
| MQ_RECEIVE_ACCESS 0x00000001 | The returned queue handle MUST only permit message peek, message receive (peek and delete), and queue purge operations. |
| MQ_PEEK_ACCESS 0x00000020 | The returned queue handle MUST only permit message peek operations. |

dwShareMode: Specifies the exclusivity level for the opened queue. The value MUST be one of the following:

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| MQ_DENY_NONE 0x00000000 | The queue is not opened exclusively. |
| MQ_DENY_RECEIVE_SHARE 0x00000001 | The queue is to be opened for exclusive read access. If the queue has already been opened for read access, the server MUST return STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION (0xc0000043). If the queue is opened successfully for exclusive read access, subsequent attempts to open the same queue for read access MUST return STATUS_SHARING_VIOLATION (0xc0000043) until the queue has been closed. |

pLicGuid: MUST be a pointer to a valid GUID that uniquely identifies the client.<a href="mailto:<16><17> The server MAY ignore this parameter.<a href="mailto:<18>

dwMQS: MUST be set by clients to indicate the client operating system category. Servers MAY ignore this value.<a><19> The following values are defined:

| Value | Are server connection licensing limitations enforced?/Meaning | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| 0x00000000 <u><20></u> | None. The operating system (OS) version is not declared. | |
| 0x00000100 | Yes. For supported operating systems.<21> | |
| 0x00000200 | Yes. For supported operating systems.<22> | |
| 0x00000300 | Yes. For supported operating systems. <a><23> | |
| 0x00000400 | No. For supported operating systems. <a><24> | |

| Value | Are server connection licensing limitations enforced?/Meaning |
|------------|---|
| 0x00000500 | No. For supported operating systems. <a><25> |

dwpQueue: A pointer to a variable to receive a value that identifies the new **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance created by this method, as specified in the processing rules section for this method. It MUST NOT be NULL.

phQueue: A pointer to a variable to receive the value of the Handle attribute for the new OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance created by this method. It MUST NOT be NULL.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure <a href="https://example.com/HRESULT<26">https://example.com/HRESULT and the client MUST treat all failure https://example.com/HRESULT is returned, the client MUST disregard all outparameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: In addition to the exceptions thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE], the method can throw HRESULT failure codes as RPC exceptions. The client MUST treat all thrown HRESULT codes identically. Additionally, the client MUST disregard all out-parameter values when any failure **HRESULT** is thrown.

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_OMGETRIOMSERVETPOIT** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Determine if input parameter values violate constraints specified above. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Generate an <u>Open Queue</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.5) event with the following argument values:
 - *iFormatName* := *pQueueFormat*
 - iRequiredAccess := dwDesiredAccess, according to the following values:
 - MQ_RECEIVE_ACCESS (0x00000001): ReceiveAccess
 - MQ_PEEK_ACCESS (0x00000020): PeekAccess
 - *iSharedMode* := *dwShareMode*, according to the following values:
 - MQ_DENY_NONE (0x0000000): DenyNone
 - MQ DENY RECEIVE SHARE (0x00000001): DenyReceive
- If the *rStatus* out-argument of the Open Queue event indicates failure, take no further action and return the *rStatus* value.
- The *rOpenQueueDescriptor* out-argument of the Open Queue event contains a reference to the **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance created by the Open Queue event.
- Set rOpenQueueDescriptor.RemoteReadState to Opened.

- Declare iNewRemoteQueueOpenContextHandle as a RemoteQueueOpenContextHandle ADM element instance and set its attributes to the following values:
 - Handle := PCTX_OPENREMOTE_HANDLE_TYPE reference to rOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle.
 - **OpenQueueDescriptorReference** := The *rOpenQueueDescriptor* out-argument of the Open Queue event generated preceding.
- Add iNewRemoteQueueOpenContextHandle to iRemoteQueueOpenContextHandleTable.
- Set the out-parameter values accordingly:
 - pphContext := iNewRemoteQueueOpenContextHandle.Handle

Additionally, the server SHOULD set the following out-parameter values accordingly:

- Either to: <27>
 - pdwContext := rOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle
 - phQueue := rOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle
 - dwpQueue := iNewRemoteQueueOpenContextHandle. OpenQueueDescriptorReference
- Or to:
 - pdwContext := rOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle
 - phQueue := rOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle
 - dwpQueue := rOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle
- Return MQ OK (0x0000000).

3.1.4.3 R_QMCloseRemoteQueueContext (Opnum 3)

The **R_QMCloseRemoteQueueContext** method closes a remote queue handle originally obtained from **R_QMOpenRemoteQueue (section 3.1.4.2)**.

```
void R_QMCloseRemoteQueueContext(
   [in, out] PCTX_OPENREMOTE_HANDLE_TYPE* pphContext
);
```

pphContext: An RPC context handle as defined in [MS-RPCE] section 2. This handle MUST have been acquired from the *pphContext* parameter of the **R_QMOpenRemoteQueue** method.

Return Values: None.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_OMGETRY_OMSERVEY_PORT** (section 3.1.4.24) method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

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- Locate the RemoteQueueOpenContextHandle (section 3.1.1.8) ADM element instance in the iRemoteQueueOpenContextHandleTable (section 3.1.1.7) of the server where the value of the Handle attribute of the RemoteQueueOpenContextHandle ADM element instance equals pphContext.
- If no such **RemoteQueueOpenContextHandle** ADM element instance exists, take no further action and immediately return.
- Declare iLocatedRemoteQueueOpenContextHandle and set it to a reference to the located
 RemoteQueueOpenContextHandle ADM element instance.
- If iLocatedRemoteQueueOpenContextHandle.
 OpenQueueDescriptorReference.RemoteReadState is Opened:
 - Generate a <u>Close Queue</u> ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.6) event with the following argument value:
 - iQueueDesc := iLocatedRemoteQueueOpenContextHandle.OpenQueueDescriptorReference
- Delete the *iLocatedRemoteQueueOpenContextHandle* from *iRemoteQueueOpenContextHandleTable*.
- Set the *pphContext* parameter to NULL.

3.1.4.4 R_QMCreateRemoteCursor (Opnum 4)

The **R_QMCreateRemoteCursor** method creates a cursor at the server for use during remote read.

```
HRESULT R_QMCreateRemoteCursor(
  [in] handle_t hBind,
  [in] struct CACTransferBufferV1* ptb1,
  [in] DWORD hQueue,
  [out] DWORD* phCursor
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

ptb1: MUST be ignored. Clients SHOULD pass NULL.<29>

hQueue: A <u>DWORD</u> that contains the value of the **Handle** attribute of an **OpenQueueDescriptor** (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance. The client obtains this value from either the *pcc.srv_hACQueue* out-parameter of <u>rpc_ACCreateCursorEx</u> or the *phQueue* out-parameter of <u>R_QMOpenRemoteQueue</u>.

phCursor: A pointer to a DWORD to receive the value of the Handle attribute of the Cursor ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.2) ADM element instance that references the created cursor. It MUST NOT be NULL on input.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically. Additionally, if a failure HRESULT is returned, the client MUST disregard all outparameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

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This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Search the OpenQueueDescriptorCollection attribute of each Queue ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance that is contained in the server's LocalQueueManager.QueueCollection attribute for an OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance where the value of the Handle attribute of the OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance equals hQueue.
- If no such OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Generate an <u>Open Cursor</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.1) event with the following argument value:
 - *iQueueDesc* := The **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance found preceding.
- The Open Cursor event returns a reference to the Cursor ADM element instance, rCursor.
- Set the phCursor parameter to rCursor. Handle.
- Return MQ_OK (0x0000000).

3.1.4.5 R_QMCreateObjectInternal (Opnum 6)

A client calls the **R_QMCreateObjectInternal** method to create a new private queue located on the supporting server.

```
HRESULT R_QMCreateObjectInternal(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] DWORD dwObjectType,
   [in, string] const WCHAR* lpwcsPathName,
   [in, range(0, 524288)] DWORD SDSize,
   [in, unique, size_is(SDSize)] unsigned char* pSecurityDescriptor,
   [in, range(1, 128)] DWORD cp,
   [in, size_is(cp)] DWORD aProp[0],
   [in, size_is(cp)] PROPVARIANT apVar[0]
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

dwObjectType: MUST be 0x00000001 in order to specify a queue.

IpwcsPathName: MUST be a pointer to a null-terminated string containing a path name for the queue to be created. The path name MUST identify a private queue local to the supporting server by including "." as the computer name or by using the supporting server computer name.

SDSize: MUST be set to the byte length of the <u>SECURITY DESCRIPTOR</u> buffer pointed to by *pSecurityDescriptor*. If *pSecurityDescriptor* is NULL, this parameter MUST be 0x00000000.

pSecurityDescriptor: Must be a pointer to an array of bytes containing a **SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR** structure. The **SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR** specifies the initial security configuration for the queue to be created. This value can be NULL, in which case the

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server MUST provide a default security configuration for the new queue. The **SECURITY DESCRIPTOR** structure is defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.

- **cp:** MUST be set to the size (in elements) of the arrays *aProp* and *apVar*. The arrays *aProp* and *apVar* MUST have an identical number of elements and MUST contain at least one element.
- **aProp:** MUST be an array of queue property identifiers that, together with the *apVar* array, specify the initial queue property values for the new queue. Each element MUST specify a value from the queue property identifiers table defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1. Each element MUST specify the property identifier for the corresponding property value at the same element index in *apVar* and MUST contain at least one element. Each element MUST contain a queue property identifier; identifiers for other properties are not permitted.

If the queue identified by *lpwcsPathName* already exists, the server MUST NOT alter the existing queue.

- **apVar:** MUST be an array that specifies the property values to associate with the new queue. Each element MUST specify the property value for the corresponding property identifier at the same element index in *aProp* and MUST contain at least one element.
- **Return Values:** On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure hresult. hresult. If the returned HRESULT value is MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_EXISTS (0xc00e0005), the client can treat it as a success and continue with other operations. The client MUST treat all other failure HRESULTs identically.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Determine if input parameter values violate the constraints specified above. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure HRESULT other than MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_EXISTS (0xc00e0005).
- Locate a Queue ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance in the QueueCollection attribute of the server's LocalQueueManager ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1) ADM element instance where the value of the Pathname attribute of the Queue ADM element instance matches the IpwcsPathName parameter.
- If found, take no further action, and return MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_EXISTS (0xc00e0005).
- Generate a <u>Create Queue</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.3) event with the following argument values:
 - *iQueue* := A new **Queue** ADM element instance with the following attribute values:
 - Set **Pathname** to *IpwcsPathName*. Path Name syntax is specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1.
 - Set the QueueType attribute to Private.
 - Set the **Security** attribute to the value contained in the *pSecurityDescriptor* parameter.

- Initialize the remaining attribute values using the aProp parameter and the apVar
 parameter property arrays previously described. The queue property identifiers and their
 relationship to the **Queue** ADM element are specified in section 3.1.1.12.
- Return the *rStatus* of the Create Queue event.

3.1.4.6 R_QMSetObjectSecurityInternal (Opnum 7)

A client calls the **R_QMSetObjectSecurityInternal** method to update the security configuration of a private queue located on the supporting server.

```
HRESULT R_QMSetObjectSecurityInternal(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] struct OBJECT_FORMAT* pObjectFormat,
   [in] DWORD SecurityInformation,
   [in, range(0, 524288)] DWORD SDSize,
   [in, unique, size_is(SDSize)] unsigned char* pSecurityDescriptor);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

pObjectFormat: MUST point to an **OBJECT_FORMAT** structure that identifies an existing local private queue on the supporting server for which the security configuration will be updated. This MUST NOT be NULL. The **ObjType** member of the structure MUST be 0x00000001. The **pQueueFormat** member MUST NOT be NULL.

SecurityInformation: MUST contain a value from the <u>SECURITY INFORMATION</u> enumeration which indicates the portions of the provided **SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR** to be applied to the queue identified by *pObjectFormat*. The SECURITY_INFORMATION enumeration is defined in <u>[MS-MQMQ]</u> section 2.2.3.

SDSize: MUST be set to the byte length of the buffer pointed to by *pSecurityDescriptor*.

pSecurityDescriptor: MUST be a pointer to an array of bytes containing a SECURITY DESCRIPTOR structure (see [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6).

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT, <32> and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Determine if input parameter values violate constraints specified above. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Locate a <u>Queue</u> in the **QueueCollection** of the server's <u>QueueManager</u> identified by pObjectFormat.

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- Locate a Queue ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance in the QueueCollection attribute of the server's LocalQueueManager ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1) ADM element instance identified by the pObjectFormat parameter.
- If no entry is resolved, return a failure HRESULT.
- Update the **Security** attribute of the **Queue** ADM element instance resolved preceding with the information provided by *SecurityInformation*, *SDSize*, and *pSecurityDescriptor*.
- Return MQ_OK (0x0000000).

3.1.4.7 R_QMGetObjectSecurityInternal (Opnum 8)

A client calls the **R_QMGetObjectSecurityInternal** method to retrieve the security configuration of a private queue located on the supporting server.

```
HRESULT R_OMGetObjectSecurityInternal(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] struct OBJECT_FORMAT* pObjectFormat,
   [in] DWORD RequestedInformation,
   [out, size_is(nLength)] unsigned char* pSecurityDescriptor,
   [in, range(0, 524288)] DWORD nLength,
   [out] DWORD* lpnLengthNeeded
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

pObjectFormat: MUST point to an **OBJECT FORMAT** structure which identifies an existing local private queue on the supporting server for which the security configuration is to be retrieved. It MUST NOT be NULL. The **ObjType** member of the structure MUST be 0x00000001, and the **pQueueFormat** member MUST NOT be NULL.

RequestedInformation: MUST contain a value from the <u>SECURITY_INFORMATION</u> enumeration which indicates the portions of the **SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR** ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6) to be retrieved from the queue identified by *pObjectFormat*. The SECURITY_INFORMATION enumeration is defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.3.

pSecurityDescriptor: MUST be a pointer to an array of bytes into which the server MUST write a self-relative **SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR** structure. The server MUST NOT write more than *nLength* bytes to the buffer. If the buffer provided by the client is too small (as indicated by the *nLength* parameter) to contain the **SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR** for the queue identified by *pObjectFormat*, the server MUST return MQ_ERROR_SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR_TOO_SMALL (0xc00e0023). This parameter can be NULL if *nLength* is 0x00000000.

The **SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR** structure is defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6.

nLength: MUST indicate the byte length of the buffer pointed to by *pSecurityDescriptor*. This value can be 0x00000000.

IpnLengthNeeded: MUST NOT be NULL. The server MUST set this **DWORD** to the byte length of the **SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR** structure for the queue identified by *pObjectFormat*.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure <u>HRESULT</u>, <33> and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically. Additionally, if a failure HRESULT is returned, the client MUST disregard all outparameter values with the following exception:

If *nLength* is less than the byte length of the buffer required to contain the **SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR** for the queue identified by *pObjectFormat*, the server MUST return the byte length of the buffer required to contain the **SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR** in the *lpnLengthNeeded* parameter and MUST return MQ_ERROR_SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR_TOO_SMALL (0xc00e0023).

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_OMGETRIOMSERVETPOIT** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Determine if input parameter values violate constraints specified above. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Raise a Get Queue Path event ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.26) with the following argument:
 - *iFormatName*: *pObjectFormat.pQueueFormat.m qft*
- If the rStatus return argument value is not MQ_OK (0x0000000), take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Locate a **Queue** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance in the **QueueCollection** attribute of the server's **LocalQueueManager** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1) ADM element instance identified by the *rPathName* return argument value.
- If no entry is resolved, return a failure **HRESULT**.
- Let ReturnedDescriptor be a SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR initialized to be empty.
- If the OWNER SECURITY INFORMATION bit is set in RequestedInformation:
 - Copy the contents of the Queue.Security.OwnerSid field ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6) to ReturnedDescriptor.OwnerSid.
- Else If the GROUP_SECURITY_INFORMATION bit is set in *RequestedInformation*:
 - Copy the contents of the Queue.Security.GroupSid field ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6) to ReturnedDescriptor.GroupSid.
- Else If the DACL_SECURITY_INFORMATION bit is set in *RequestedInformation*:
 - Copy the contents of the Queue.Security.Dacl field ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6) to ReturnedDescriptor.Dacl.
- Else If the SACL SECURITY INFORMATION bit is set in *RequestedInformation*:
 - Copy the contents of the Queue.Security.Sacl field ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6) to ReturnedDescriptor.Sacl.
- Set *lpnLengthNeeded* to the size in bytes of **ReturnedDescriptor**.
- If IpnLengthNeeded is greater than nLength, return MQ_ERROR_SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR_TOO_SMALL(0xc00e0023).

- Else copy **ReturnedDescriptor** into the *pSecurityDescriptor* buffer.
- Return MQ OK (0x00000000).

3.1.4.8 R_QMDeleteObject (Opnum 9)

A client calls **R_QMDeleteObject** to delete a private queue located on the supporting server.

```
HRESULT R_QMDeleteObject(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] struct OBJECT_FORMAT* pObjectFormat
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

pObjectFormat: MUST point to an **OBJECT FORMAT** structure that identifies an existing local private queue on the supporting server. MUST NOT be NULL. The **ObjType** member of the structure MUST be 0x00000001. The **pQueueFormat** member MUST NOT be NULL.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT, <34><35> and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R QMGetRTQMServerPort** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Determine if input parameter values violate the constraints previously specified. If an invalid
 parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Locate a **Queue** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance in the **QueueCollection** attribute of the server's **LocalQueueManager** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1) ADM element instance that is identified by the *pObjectFormat* parameter.
- If no entry is resolved, return a failure **HRESULT**.
- Generate a <u>Delete Queue</u> ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.4) event, specifying the **Queue** ADM element instance located preceding for the *iQueue* argument.
- Return the rStatus of the Delete Queue event.

3.1.4.9 R_QMGetObjectProperties (Opnum 10)

A client calls **R_QMGetObjectProperties** to retrieve properties from a private queue located on a supporting server.

```
HRESULT R_QMGetObjectProperties(
  [in] handle_t hBind,
  [in] struct OBJECT_FORMAT* pObjectFormat,
  [in, range(1, 128)] DWORD cp,
  [in, size is(cp )] DWORD aProp[0],
```

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```
[in, out, size_is(cp)] PROPVARIANT apVar[0]
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

- **pObjectFormat:** MUST point to an **OBJECT_FORMAT** structure which identifies an existing local private queue on the supporting server. MUST NOT be NULL. The **ObjType** member of the structure MUST be 0x00000001. The **pQueueFormat** member MUST NOT be NULL.
- **cp:** MUST be set to the size (in elements) of the arrays *aProp* and *apVar*. The arrays *aProp* and *apVar* MUST have an identical number of elements and MUST contain at least one element.
- **aProp:** MUST be an array of queue property identifiers of properties to retrieve. Each element MUST specify a value from the queue property identifiers table defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1. Each element MUST specify the queue property identifier for the corresponding queue property value at the same element index in *apVar*. MUST contain at least one element.
- **Return Values:** On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure **HRESULT**,<37><38> and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically. Additionally, if a failure **HRESULT** is returned, the client MUST disregard all out-parameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Determine if input parameter values violate constraints specified above. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Locate a **Queue** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance in the **QueueCollection** attribute of the server's **LocalQueueManager** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1) ADM element instance identified by the *pObjectFormat* parameter.
- If no entry is resolved, return a failure **HRESULT**.
- Copy the values of the Queue ADM element instance attributes indicated by aProp into apVar.
 Queue property identifiers and their associated Queue ADM element attributes are specified in section 3.1.1.12.
- Return MQ OK (0x00000000).

3.1.4.10 R_QMSetObjectProperties (Opnum 11)

The **R_QMSetObjectProperties** method is called by a client to update properties of a local private queue.

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```
HRESULT R_QMSetObjectProperties(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] struct OBJECT_FORMAT* pObjectFormat,
   [in, range(1, 128)] DWORD cp,
   [in, unique, size_is(cp)] DWORD aProp[],
   [in, unique, size_is(cp)] PROPVARIANT apVar[]
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

- **pObjectFormat:** MUST point to an **OBJECT FORMAT** structure which identifies an existing local private queue on the supporting server. MUST NOT be NULL. The **ObjType** member of the structure MUST be 0x00000001. The **pQueueFormat** member MUST NOT be NULL.
- **cp:** MUST be set to the size (in elements) of the arrays *aProp* and *apVar*. The arrays *aProp* and *apVar* MUST have an identical number of elements, and MUST contain at least one element.
- **aProp:** MUST be an array of queue property identifiers for properties to be updated. Each element MUST specify a value from the queue property identifiers table defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1. Each element MUST specify the queue property identifier for the corresponding queue property value at the same element index in apVar. MUST contain at least one element.
- apVar: MUST be an array that specifies the property values to update. Each element MUST specify the property value for the corresponding property identifier at the same element index in aProp. MUST contain at least one element. The vt (VARTYPE) member of each PROPVARIANT element MUST be set to the appropriate type for the property being updated; otherwise, the server SHOULD return the failure HRESULT MQ_ERROR_PROPERTY (0xc00e0002).<39> Queue properties and their appropriate VARTYPEs are specified by MOMO] section 2.3.1.
- **Return Values:** On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x0000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT,40 and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Determine if input parameter values violate constraints specified above. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Locate a **Queue** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance in the **QueueCollection** attribute of the server's **LocalQueueManager** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance identified by the *pObjectFormat* parameter.
- If no entry is resolved, return a failure HRESULT.
- Update the attributes of the **Queue** ADM element instance using the values contained in *aProp* and *apVar*. Queue property identifiers and their associated **Queue** ADM element attributes are specified in section 3.1.1.12.

Return MQ OK (0x0000000).

3.1.4.11 R_QMObjectPathToObjectFormat (Opnum 12)

A client calls **R_QMObjectPathToObjectFormat** to determine a format name for a queue identified by a given path name.

```
HRESULT R_QMObjectPathToObjectFormat(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in, string] const WCHAR* lpwcsPathName,
   [in, out] struct OBJECT_FORMAT* pObjectFormat
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

IpwcsPathName: MUST be a pointer to a null-terminated path name string, as defined by [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1. The path name MUST identify an existing private queue located on a supporting server.

pObjectFormat: MUST be a pointer to an **OBJECT_FORMAT** structure, as specified in section 2.2.3.5. On success, this structure MUST be populated with a direct format name or private format name for the queue identified by *lpwcsPathName*. This specification does not mandate the process through which a server produces a format name for a given path name.

On input, pObjectFormat MUST NOT be NULL, the **ObjType** member MUST be 0x00000001, and the **m_qft** member MUST be QUEUE_FORMAT_TYPE_UNKNOWN (0x00000000).

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure https://example.com/HRESULT and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULT is returned, the client MUST disregard all out-parameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_OMGETRIOMSERVETPOIT** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Determine if input parameter values violate constraints specified above. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Locate a **Queue** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance in the **QueueCollection** attribute of the server's **LocalQueueManager** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1) ADM element instance where the value of the **Pathname** attribute of the **Queue** ADM element instance matches the *IpwcsPathName* parameter.
- If no entry is located, return a failure **HRESULT**.
- Set the *pObjectFormat* parameter to a private format name, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.4, which resolves to the **Queue** ADM element instance located preceding.
- Return MQ_OK (0x0000000).

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3.1.4.12 R_QMGetTmWhereabouts (Opnum 14)

A client calls **R_QMGetTmWhereabouts** to obtain transaction manager whereabouts, as specified in [MS-DTCO], from the supporting server. The whereabouts enable callers to generate exported transaction cookies, which are required to enlist the supporting server's resource manager (RM) in an external transaction.

```
HRESULT R_QMGetTmWhereabouts(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in, range(0,131072)] DWORD cbBufSize,
   [out, size_is(cbBufSize)] unsigned char* pbWhereabouts,
   [out] DWORD* pcbWhereabouts
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

cbBufSize: MUST be set to the byte length of the buffer pointed to by *pbWhereabouts*. If this value is 0x00000000, the server MUST ignore the *pbWhereabouts* parameter.

pbWhereabouts: On success, points to an array of bytes containing a Distributed Transaction Coordinator (DTC) **SWhereabouts** structure, as specified in [MS-DTCO] section 2.2.5.11.

pcbWhereabouts: On success, or ifMQ_ERROR_USER_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL (0xc00e0028) is returned, pcbWhereabouts points to a DWORD containing the byte length of the SWhereabouts structure retrieved from the DTC; otherwise, this parameter MUST be ignored.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT. The client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically and disregard all out-parameter values, with the following exception:

If *cbBufSize* is less than the size of the **SWhereabouts** structure returned by the DTC, the server MUST return MQ_ERROR_USER_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL (0xc00e0028).

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the R OMGetRTOMServerPort method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- If input parameter values violate the constraints specified above, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Raise the <u>Obtaining Extended Whereabouts Using</u>
 <u>CONNTYPE TXUSER EXTENDEDWHEREABOUTS</u> event as specified in <u>[MS-DTCO]</u> section 3.3.4.10 to obtain an **SWhereabouts** structure from the DTC.
- If the server successfully retrieves the **SWhereabouts** structure from the DTC, but the size of the buffer provided by the caller (as indicated by the *cbBufSize* parameter) is too small to contain the entire **SWhereabouts** structure, the server MUST take the following actions:
 - The server MUST ignore the *pbWhereabouts* pointer.

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- The server MUST set the *pcbWhereabouts* parameter to the size of the **SWhereabouts** structure retrieved from the DTC.
- The server MUST return MQ_ERROR_USER_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL (0xc00e0028). This return value indicates to the caller that a larger buffer is required for this function to succeed.
- If any other error occurs, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT.
- Place the entire **SWhereabouts** structure retrieved from the DTC into the *pbWhereabouts* buffer provided by the caller. The server MUST also return the byte length of the **SWhereabouts** structure in the *pcbWhereabouts* parameter.
- Return MQ_OK (0x0000000).

3.1.4.13 R_QMEnlistTransaction (Opnum 15)

A client calls the **R_QMEnlistTransaction** method to enlist the supporting server's resource manager (RM) in an external transaction.

```
HRESULT R_QMEnlistTransaction(
  [in] handle_t hBind,
  [in] struct XACTUOW* pUow,
  [in, range(0, 131072)] DWORD cbCookie,
  [in, size_is(cbCookie)] unsigned CHAR* pbCookie
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

pUow: MUST point to an <u>XACTUOW</u> structure ([MS-MQMO] section 2.2.18.1.8) that identifies the external transaction in which the server is to enlist, as specified in section <u>2.2.3.1</u>.

cbCookie: MUST be set to the byte length of the buffer pointed to by *pbCookie*.

pbCookie: MUST be a pointer to an array of bytes containing an exported transaction cookie, which can be obtained as specified in [MS-DTCO] section 3.3.4.14.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT,<43> and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the R_QMGetRTQMServerPort method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Look up a Transaction ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance in the server's LocalQueueManager.TransactionCollection where Transaction.Identifier matches the pUow parameter.
- If found:
 - The transaction has already been enlisted. Take no further action and return MQ_OK (0x0000000).

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- Else:
 - Raise the Importing a Transaction event as specified in [MS-DTCO] section 3.3.4.6. Provide pbCookie as the **STxInfo** structure.
 - Raise the Enlisting on a Specific Transaction event as specified in [MS-DTCO] section 3.5.4.3.
 Provide the transaction object that was created while importing the transaction in the previous step as the transaction object argument to this event.
 - Generate a <u>Create Transaction</u> ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.8) event with the following argument value:
 - iTransactionIdentifier := pUow
- Return MQ_OK (0x0000000).

3.1.4.14 R_QMEnlistInternalTransaction (Opnum 16)

A client calls the **R_QMEnlistInternalTransaction** method to enlist the supporting server's resource manager (RM) in an internal transaction. The server returns a transaction handle associated with the given unit of work identifier (<u>XACTUOW</u>). The returned transaction handle is used when calling <u>R_QMCommitTransaction</u> or <u>R_QMAbortTransaction</u>. The **XACTUOW** structure (<u>[MS-MQMQ]</u> section 2.2.18.1.8) is provided for calls to <u>rpc_ACSendMessageEx</u> and <u>rpc_ACReceiveMessageEx</u> of the qmcomm2 RPC interface.

```
HRESULT R_QMEnlistInternalTransaction(
  [in] handle_t hBind,
  [in] XACTUOW* pUow,
  [out] RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE* phIntXact
):
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

pUow: MUST point to an **XACTUOW** structure that uniquely identifies the internal transaction in which the server is to enlist. <44>

phIntXact: A pointer to receive the new **RPC INT XACT HANDLE** which represents the new internal transaction context.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically. Additionally, if a failure HRESULT is returned, the client MUST disregard all outparameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the RQMGetRTQMServerPort method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

 Determine if input parameter values violate constraints specified above. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure <u>HRESULT</u>.

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- Look up a Transaction ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance in the server's LocalQueueManager.TransactionCollection where Transaction.Identifier matches the pUow parameter.
- If found:
 - Take no further action and return MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_SEQUENCE (0xC00E0051).
- Else:
 - Generate a <u>Create Transaction</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.8) event with the following argument value:
 - iTransactionIdentifier := pUow
 - The Create Transaction event returns a reference to a **Transaction** ADM element instance *rTransaction*.
 - Declare iNewTransactionHandle as a <u>TransactionHandle (section 3.1.1.10)</u> ADM element instance and set its attributes to the following values:
 - Handle := A new RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE context handle.
 - **TransactionReference** := rTransaction
 - Add iNewTransactionHandle to iTransactionHandleTable.
 - Set the *phIntXact* parameter to *iNewTransactionHandle*.**Handle**.
- Return MQ OK (0x0000000).

3.1.4.15 R_QMCommitTransaction (Opnum 17)

A client calls the **R_QMCommitTransaction** method to commit an internal transaction.

```
HRESULT R_QMCommitTransaction(
   [in, out] RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE* phIntXact
);
```

phIntXact: MUST be an <u>RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.1)</u> identifying the internal transaction to commit. MUST NOT be NULL. The value of this handle MUST have been acquired from <u>R_QMEnlistInternalTransaction (section 3.1.4.14)</u>. On return, the server MUST set this parameter to NULL.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000) and set *phIntXact* to NULL; otherwise, the server MUST return a failure **HRESULT**, and the client MUST treat all failure **HRESULTs** identically.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the R QMGetRTQMServerPort (section 3.1.4.24) method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the fIP parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

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- Locate the <u>TransactionHandle (section 3.1.1.10)</u> ADM element instance in the server's *iTransactionHandleTable* (section <u>3.1.1.9</u>) where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **TransactionHandle** ADM element instance equals the *phIntXact* parameter.
- If no such TransactionHandle ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Declare iLocatedTransactionHandle and set it to a reference to the located TransactionHandle ADM element instance.
- Generate a <u>Transaction Commit</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.4.4) event with the following argument value:
 - iTransactionIdentifier := iLocatedTransactionHandle.TransactionReference.Identifier
- Remove the *iLocatedTransactionHandle* from the *iTransactionHandleTable*.
- Set the phIntXact parameter to NULL.
- Return MQ OK (0x0000000).

3.1.4.16 R_QMAbortTransaction (Opnum 18)

A client calls the **R_QMAbortTransaction** method to abort an internal transaction.

```
HRESULT R_QMAbortTransaction(
   [in, out] RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE* phIntXact);
```

phIntXact: MUST be an <u>RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE</u> identifying the internal transaction to abort. MUST NOT be NULL. The value of this handle MUST have been acquired from <u>R_QMEnlistInternalTransaction</u>. On return, the server MUST set this parameter to NULL.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000) and MUST set *phIntXact* to NULL; otherwise, the server MUST return a failure <a href="https://example.com/https:/

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the R OMGetRTOMServerPort method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Locate the <u>TransactionHandle (section 3.1.1.10)</u> ADM element instance in the server's *iTransactionHandleTable* where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **TransactionHandle** ADM element instance equals the *phIntXact* parameter.
- If no such TransactionHandle ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Declare iLocatedTransactionHandle and set it to a reference to the located TransactionHandle ADM element instance.

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- Generate a <u>Transaction Abort</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.4.5) event with the following argument value:
 - iTransactionIdentifier := il ocatedTransactionHandle.TransactionReference.Identifier
- Remove the *iLocatedTransactionHandle* from the *iTransactionHandleTable*.
- Set the phIntXact parameter to NULL.
- Return MQ OK (0x00000000).

3.1.4.17 rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal (Opnum 19)

A client calls **rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal** to obtain a local queue context handle, to determine if a queue is located at a remote queue manager (section <u>4.2</u>), or to obtain a local context handle for an opened remote queue. If the call to **RemoteQMOpenQueue** (<u>[MS-MQQP]</u> section 3.1.4.3) fails, the result MUST be returned to the client, and the remote open queue sequence is discontinued. In the case of failure, any state changes need to be rolled back.

```
HRESULT rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal(
    [in] handle_t hBind,
    [in] struct QUEUE_FORMAT* pQueueFormat,
    [in] DWORD dwDesiredAccess,
    [in] DWORD dwShareMode,
    [in] DWORD hRemoteQueue,
    [in, out, ptr, string] WCHAR** lplpRemoteQueueName,
    [in] DWORD* dwpQueue,
    [in] GUID* pLicGuid,
    [in, string] WCHAR* lpClientName,
    [out] DWORD* pdwQMContext,
    [out] RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE* phQueue,
    [in] DWORD dwRemoteProtocol,
    [in] DWORD dwpRemoteContext
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

pQueueFormat: MUST be a pointer to a **QUEUE FORMAT** structure as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.7, which identifies an existing queue to be opened. MUST NOT be NULL and MUST conform to the format name syntax rules defined in [MS-MQMQ].

dwDesiredAccess: A <u>DWORD</u> that specifies the access mode requested for the queue. The access mode defines the set of operations which can be invoked using the returned queue handle. The value MUST be one of the following:

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------------|---|
| MQ_RECEIVE_ACCESS 0x00000001 | The server MUST permit only the following operations using the returned queue handle: Message peek Message receive (peek and delete) Queue purge |

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| Value | Meaning |
|---|--|
| MQ_SEND_ACCESS 0x000000002 | The server MUST permit only message send operations using the returned queue handle. |
| MQ_PEEK_ACCESS 0x00000020 | The server MUST permit only message peek operations using the returned queue handle. |
| MQ_RECEIVE_ACCESS MQ_ADMIN_ACCESS 0x00000081 | The returned queue handle MUST perform operations on the outgoing queue associated with the queue identified by <i>pQueueFormat</i> . Additionally, the server MUST permit only the following operations using the returned queue handle: • Message peek • Message receive (peek and delete) • Queue purge |
| MQ_PEEK_ACCESS MQ_ADMIN_ACCESS 0x000000a0 | The returned queue handle MUST perform operations on the outgoing queue associated with the queue identified by <i>pQueueFormat</i> . Additionally, the server MUST permit only message peek operations using the returned queue handle. |

If *pQueueFormat* contains an HTTP or multicast format name, **R QMOpenRemoteQueue** (section 3.1.4.2) MUST be MQ_SEND_ACCESS (0x00000002).

If pQueueFormat identifies a sub-queue, dwDesiredAccess MUST NOT be MQ_SEND_ACCESS (0x00000002).

If *pQueueFormat* identifies a system, journal, machine, or connector queue, *dwDesiredAccess* MUST be MQ_RECEIVE_ACCESS (0x00000001) or MQ_PEEK_ACCESS (0x00000020).

If pQueueFormat identifies a remote queue, dwDesiredAccess MUST be MQ_RECEIVE_ACCESS (0x00000001) or MQ_PEEK_ACCESS (0x00000020).

dwShareMode: Specifies the exclusivity level for the opened queue. The value MUST be one of the following:

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| MQ_DENY_NONE 0x00000000 | The queue is not opened exclusively. |
| MQ_DENY_RECEIVE_SHARE 0x00000001 | The queue is opened for exclusive read access. If the queue has already been opened for read access, the server MUST return a failure <a href="https://hresult.com/hresult-nate-width=" hresult-nate-width="https://hresult-nate-width=" hresult<="" https:="" td=""> |

If dwDesiredAccess is MQ_SEND_ACCESS (0x00000002), dwShareMode MUST be MQ_DENY_NONE (0x00000000).

- **hRemoteQueue:** MUST be 0x00000000, or MUST contain a **DWORD** value obtained from the *phQueue* out-parameter of the **R_QMOpenRemoteQueue** method invoked at a remote queue manager.
- **IpIpRemoteQueueName:** On input, the server MUST ignore *IpIpRemoteQueueName*. If *hRemoteQueue* is 0x00000000 and the queue identified by *pQueueFormat* is located at a remote queue manager, the server MUST set this string to a null-terminated path name, from which the client can determine the computer name of the remote queue manager, as specified in [MS-MOMO] section 2.1.1.

If *pQueueFormat* identifies a queue local to the supporting server, the server MUST set *lplpRemoteQueueName* to NULL.

- **dwpQueue:** If *hRemoteQueue* is 0x00000000, *dwpQueue* MUST be NULL; otherwise, *dwpQueue* MUST contain a **DWORD** value obtained from the *dwpQueue* out-parameter of the **R_QMOpenRemoteQueue** method invoked at a remote queue manager.
- **pLicGuid:** MUST be a pointer to a valid GUID which uniquely identifies the client. <45><46> The server MAY ignore this parameter. <47>
- **pdwQMContext:** A pointer to a variable to receive a **DWORD** value that identifies either an **OpenQueueDescriptor** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance at the server or a <u>RemoteQueueProxyHandle</u> (section 3.1.1.5) ADM element instance that contains information pertaining to an **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance at a remote server. When the client calls <u>rpc ACReceiveMessageEx</u> (section 3.1.5.3), it specifies a queue by providing the value that is returned by this parameter. On return, the client MUST ignore <u>pdwQMContext</u> if the value returned via <u>IplpRemoteQueueName</u> is non-NULL.
- **phQueue:** A pointer to a variable to receive a new **RPC QUEUE HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.2)** context handle. On return, the client MUST ignore *phQueue* if the value returned via *lplpRemoteQueueName* is non-NULL.
- **dwRemoteProtocol:** Clients MUST set this parameter to 0x0000000. Servers SHOULD ignore this parameter.<a href="mailto:sold) structure of the structure of the

| Value | Meaning |
|------------|--|
| 0x00000000 | The TCP/IP protocol sequence is to be used. |
| 0x00000003 | The IPX/SPX protocol sequence is to be used. |

- **dwpRemoteContext:** If hRemoteQueue is 0x00000000, dwpRemoteContext MUST contain 0x00000000; otherwise, dwpRemoteContext MUST contain a **DWORD** value obtained from the pdwContext out-parameter of the **R_QMOpenRemoteQueue** (section 3.1.4.2) method invoked at a remote queue manager.
- **Return Values:** On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, if an error occurs, the server MUST return a failure **HRESULT**,<51> and the client MUST treat all failure **HRESULTs** identically. Additionally, if a failure **HRESULT** is returned, the client MUST disregard all out-parameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: In addition to the exceptions thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE], the method can throw **HRESULT** failure codes as RPC exceptions. The client MUST treat all thrown **HRESULT** codes identically. Additionally, the client MUST disregard all outparameter values when any failure **HRESULT** is thrown.

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R QMGetRTQMServerPort** (section 3.1.4.24) method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST do the following:

- Determine if input parameter values violate constraints specified above. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- If hRemoteQueue is nonzero:
 - By providing a nonzero value for hRemoteQueue, the client indicates that it has successfully obtained a PCTX_OPENREMOTE_HANDLE_TYPE (section 2.2.1.1.3) by invoking R_QMOpenRemoteQueue (section 3.1.4.2) at a remote server. In response, this server attempts to contact the remote server to validate the provided handle, and to return a new RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE to the client.
 - Raise a <u>Get Queue Path</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.26) event with the input argument iFormatName set to pQueueFormat. If the rStatus returned by the event is not MQ_OK (0x0000000), take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**. Otherwise, set remoteServer to the rMachineName return argument value.
 - Declare the iPathName variable and set its value to the rPathName return argument value obtained from the Get Queue Path event.
 - Invoke the MSMQ: Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol to open the queue, as specified in [MS-MQQP] section 3.2.4.1, and provide the following inputs:
 - RemoteServer set to remoteServer
 - QueueHandle set to hRemoteQueue
 - QueueDescriptor set to dwpQueue
 - OpenContext set to the value pointed to by dwpRemoteContext

If the method is unsuccessful for any reason, including transport failures, errors raised by [MS-MQQP], timeouts, and unbind, take no further action, and return a failure **HRESULT**.

- Declare iNewRemoteQueueProxyHandle as a RemoteQueueProxyHandle ADM element instance and set its attributes to the following values:
 - Handle := New RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE context handle.
 - Context := A new DWORD value that uniquely identifies the RemoteQueueProxyHandle ADM element instance within iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable.
 - RemoteHandle := The phContext out-parameter value received from RemoteQMOpenQueue.
 - **RemoteBindingHandle** := The binding handle established preceding.

- **RemoteContext** := hRemoteQueue
- **FormatName** := *pQueueFormat*
- **PathName** := *iPathName*
- Add iNewRemoteQueueProxyHandle to iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable (section 3.1.1.4).
- Set IpIpRemoteQueueName to NULL.
- Set phQueue to iNewRemoteQueueProxyHandle.**Handle**.
- Set pdwQMContext to iNewRemoteQueueProxyHandle.Context.
- Take no further action and return MQ_OK (0x00000000).
- Else: hRemoteQueue is 0x00000000.
 - Generate an <u>Open Queue</u> ([MS-MQDMPR] section <u>3.1.7.1.5</u>) event with the following argument values:
 - *iFormatName* := *pQueueFormat*
 - *iRequiredAccess* := *dwDesiredAccess*, according to the following values:
 - MQ_RECEIVE_ACCESS (0x00000001): ReceiveAccess
 - MQ_SEND_ACCESS (0x00000002): SendAccess
 - MQ_PEEK_ACCESS (0x00000020): PeekAccess
 - *iSharedMode* := *dwShareMode*, according to the following values:
 - MQ_DENY_NONE (0x0000000): DenyNone
 - MQ_DENY_RECEIVE_SHARE (0x00000001): DenyReceive
 - If the *rStatus* out-argument of the Open Queue event indicates success:
 - Add a new <u>LocalQueueContextHandle (section 3.1.1.3)</u> ADM element instance to the server's *iLocalQueueContextHandleTable* (section <u>3.1.1.2</u>) with the following values:
 - Handle := New RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE context handle.
 - **OpenQueueDescriptorReference** := The *rOpenQueueDescriptor* out-argument of the Open Queue event.
 - Set IpIpRemoteQueueName to NULL.
 - Set phQueue to the iLocalQueueContextHandleTable.**Handle**.
 - Set *pdwQMContext* to **rOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle**.
 - Take no further action and return MQ OK (0x00000000).
 - Else, if rStatus indicates MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_FOUND, and *dwDesiredAccess* is not MQ_SEND_ACCESS (0x00000002):

- Attempt to resolve the format name in pQueueFormat to a path name by raising a Get Queue Path event ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.26) with the input argument iFormatName set to pQueueFormat.
- If rStatus returned in the preceding step is not MQ_OK (0x00000000), take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Set *IpIpRemoteQueueName* to the resolved path name.
- Set phQueue to NULL.
- Set *pdwQMContext* to zero (0x0000000).
- Take no further action and return MQ_OK (0x0000000).
- Else:
 - Return rStatus.

3.1.4.18 rpc_ACCloseHandle (Opnum 20)

A client calls the **rpc_ACCloseHandle** method to close context handles acquired from **rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal** (section 3.1.4.17).

```
HRESULT rpc_ACCloseHandle(
    [in, out] RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE* phQueue
):
```

phQueue: MUST be a context handle acquired from the phQueue out-parameter of the rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal method. On success, the server MUST set this parameter to NULL.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT, <52> and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULT is returned, the client MUST disregard all outparameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** (section 3.1.4.24) method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Locate a <u>LocalQueueContextHandle (section 3.1.1.3)</u> ADM element instance in the server's iLocalQueueContextHandleTable (section <u>3.1.1.2</u>) where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance equals phQueue.
- If such a LocalQueueContextHandle ADM element instance exists:
 - Declare iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle and set it to a reference to the located LocalQueueContextHandle ADM element instance.
 - Generate a <u>Close Queue</u> ([MS-MQDMPR] section <u>3.1.7.1.2</u>) event with the following argument value:

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- iQueueDesc := iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle.OpenQueueDescriptorReference
- Delete *iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle* from the server's *iLocalQueueContextHandleTable*.
- Set phQueue to NULL.
- Take no further action and return MQ_OK (0x00000000).
- Else:
 - Locate a <u>RemoteQueueProxyHandle</u> (section 3.1.1.5) ADM element instance in the server's iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable (section 3.1.1.4) where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance equals phQueue.
 - If no such **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**.
 - Declare iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle and set it to a reference to the located RemoteQueueProxyHandle ADM element instance.
 - Invoke the <u>RemoteQMCloseQueue</u> method of the qm2qm RPC interface as specified in <u>[MS-MQQP]</u> section 3.1.4.4 using the binding handle in iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteBindingHandle and the following parameter value:
 - pphContext := iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteHandle
 - Upon completion of the **RemoteQMCloseQueue** method, successful or not, dispose of the *iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle*.**RemoteBindingHandle** as appropriate.
 - Note: This method SHOULD<53> start a parallel process to perform the above operations and return S_OK without waiting for the process to complete. Since S_OK is returned to the client without regard for the activities in the parallel process, failures that occur in the parallel process will not be conveyed to the client, which will delay reclamation of resources in the [MS-MQQP] server.
 - Delete iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle from iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable.
 - Set phQueue to NULL.
 - Return MQ_OK (0x0000000).

3.1.4.19 rpc_ACCloseCursor (Opnum 22)

A client calls the **rpc_ACCloseCursor** method to close a cursor acquired from the **rpc_ACCreateCursorEx (section 3.1.5.4)** method of the gmcomm2 RPC interface.

```
HRESULT rpc_ACCloseCursor(
   [in] RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE hQueue,
   [in] DWORD hCursor
);
```

hQueue: MUST contain the **RPC QUEUE HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.2)** context handle passed to **rpc_ACCreateCursorEx** when the cursor specified by hCursor was created.

hCursor: MUST contain a **DWORD** value obtained from the *pcc.hCursor* out-parameter of **rpc_ACCreateCursorEx**, or the reserved value 0x0000000b.

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Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure <u>HRESULT</u>, <54> and the client MUST treat all failure **HRESULTs** identically.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** (section 3.1.4.24) method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- If hCursor is 0x0000000b, take no further action and return MQ OK (0x00000000).
- Locate a <u>LocalQueueContextHandle</u> (section 3.1.1.3) ADM element instance in the server's iLocalQueueContextHandleTable (section 3.1.1.2) where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance equals hQueue.
- If such a LocalQueueContextHandle ADM element instance exists:
 - Declare iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle and set it to a reference to the located LocalQueueContextHandle ADM element instance.
 - Locate a **Cursor** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.2) ADM element instance in *iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle*.**OpenQueueDescriptorReference.CursorCollection** where the **Handle** attribute of the **Cursor** ADM element instance equals *hCursor*.
 - If no such Cursor ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
 - Generate a <u>Close Cursor</u> ([MS-MQDMPR] section <u>3.1.7.1.2</u>) event with the following argument value:

iCursor := The **Cursor** ADM element instance located preceding.

- Take no further action and return MQ OK (0x00000000).
- Else:
 - Locate a <u>RemoteQueueProxyHandle (section 3.1.1.5)</u> ADM element instance in the server's iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable (section <u>3.1.1.4</u>) where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance equals hQueue.
 - If no such **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**.
 - Declare iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle and set it to a reference to the located RemoteQueueProxyHandle ADM element instance.
 - Locate a <u>CursorProxy (section 3.1.1.6)</u> ADM element instance in iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.CursorProxyCollection where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **CursorProxy** ADM element instance equals hCursor.
 - If no such CursorProxy ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.

- Declare iLocatedCursorProxy and set it to a reference to the located CursorProxy ADM element instance.
- Using the binding handle contained in iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteBindingHandle, invoke the RemoteQMCloseCursor method of the qm2qm RPC interface specified in [MS-MQQP] section 3.1.4.5 using the following parameter values:
 - hQueue := iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteContext
 - hCursor := iLocatedCursorProxy.RemoteCursorHandle
- Delete iLocatedCursorProxy from iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.CursorProxyCollection.
- Return the result from RemoteOMCloseCursor and take no further action.

3.1.4.20 rpc_ACSetCursorProperties (Opnum 23)

A client calls the **rpc_ACSetCursorProperties** method to associate a remote cursor created via **R_QMCreateRemoteCursor (section 3.1.4.4)** with a local <u>CursorProxy (section 3.1.1.6)</u> created using **rpc_ACCreateCursorEx (section 3.1.5.4)**.

Note This method is obsolete. The server SHOULD take no action and return MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_OPERATION (0xc00e0064).<55>

```
HRESULT rpc_ACSetCursorProperties(
   [in] RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE hProxy,
   [in] DWORD hCursor,
   [in] DWORD hRemoteCursor
);
```

hProxy: MUST contain the **RPC QUEUE HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.2)** context handle passed to **rpc_ACCreateCursorEx** when the cursor specified by *hCursor* was created.

hCursor: MUST contain a **CursorProxy.Handle** obtained from the *pcc.hCursor* out-parameter of **rpc_ACCreateCursorEx**.

hRemoteCursor: MUST contain a **Cursor.Handle** for a remote cursor acquired from the *phCursor* out-parameter of **R_QMCreateRemoteCursor** invoked at a remote queue manager.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULT identically.

This method is obsolete. Servers SHOULD take no action and return MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_OPERATION (0xc00e0064). Servers SHOULD contact the remote queue manager on behalf of the client when **rpc_ACCreateCursorEx** is called to create a remote cursor.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

During the client cursor creation sequence, the supporting server MAY indicate that the client MUST contact a remote queue manager to proceed. $\leq 56 >$ In response, the client MUST call **R QMGetRemoteQueueName (section 3.1.4.1)** to determine the remote queue manager name

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and MUST then invoke **R_QMCreateRemoteCursor** at the remote queue manager. Next, the client MUST call this method to associate the Cursor.Handle obtained from **R_QMCreateRemoteCursor** with the original CursorProxy.Handle obtained from **rpc_ACCreateCursorEx**.

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** (section 3.1.4.24) method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Locate a <u>RemoteQueueProxyHandle (section 3.1.1.5)</u> in the server's <u>RemoteQueueProxyHandleTable (section 3.1.1.4)</u> where **RemoteQueueProxyHandle.Handle** equals <u>hProxy</u>.
- If no such RemoteQueueProxyHandle exists, take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Locate a CursorProxy in RemoteQueueProxyHandle.CursorProxyCollection where CursorProxy.Handle equals hCursor.
- If no such CursorProxy exists, take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Set CursorProxy.RemoteCursorHandle := hRemoteCursor.
- Set CursorProxy.IsRemoteCursorHandleInitialized := True.
- Return MQ_OK (0x0000000).

3.1.4.21 rpc_ACHandleToFormatName (Opnum 26)

A client calls the **rpc_ACHandleToFormatName** method to retrieve a format name for a queue handle.

```
HRESULT rpc_ACHandleToFormatName(
   [in] RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE hQueue,
   [in, range(0, 524288)] DWORD dwFormatNameRPCBufferLen,
   [in, out, unique, size_is(dwFormatNameRPCBufferLen), length_is(dwFormatNameRPCBufferLen)]
   WCHAR* lpwcsFormatName,
   [in, out] DWORD* pdwLength
);
```

hQueue: MUST be an RPC QUEUE HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.2) acquired from the phQueue parameter of rpc QMOpenQueueInternal (section 3.1.4.17). Prior to this method being invoked, the queue MUST NOT have been deleted, and the queue handle MUST NOT have been closed.

dwFormatNameRPCBufferLen: Length of the buffer (in Unicode characters) provided for the *lpwcsFormatName* parameter.

IpwcsFormatName: Pointer to a Unicode character buffer into which the server writes the format name (as specified in [MS-MQMQ"]) for the queue identified by the hqueue parameter. The character buffer MUST be null-terminated by the server prior to returning, even if the provided buffer is not large enough to contain the entire format name string. Can be NULL if dwFormatNameRPCBufferLen is 0x00000000. MUST NOT be NULL if dwFormatNameRPCBufferLen is nonzero.

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pdwLength: On input, the maximum number of Unicode characters to write to the *lpwcsFormatName* buffer. This value MUST be equal to the *dwFormatNameRPCBufferLen* parameter. On return, the server MUST update the value of this parameter to indicate the complete length of the format name string for the queue identified by *hQueue*, without regard for the size of the provided buffer.

Return Values: If the provided buffer is long enough to contain the null-terminated format name for the gueue identified by *hQueue*, the server MUST take the following actions:

- Copy the null-terminated format name into the *lpwcsFormatName* buffer.
- Set *pdwLength* to the length (in Unicode characters) of the format name, including the terminating null character.
- Return MO OK (0x00000000).

If the provided buffer is too small to contain the complete format name for the queue identified by hQueue (including the terminating null character), the server MUST take the following actions:

- If the buffer length (indicated by *pdwLength*) is greater than 0x00000000, and if *lpwcsFormatName* is non-NULL, copy the format name to the *lpwcsFormatName* buffer, truncated to fit the length indicated by the input value for *pdwLength*. The string MUST be null-terminated post-truncation.
- Set *pdwLength* to the length of the untruncated format name, including the terminating null character.
- Take no further action and return MQ_ERROR_FORMATNAME_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL (0xc00e001f).

If input parameter values violate constraints specified above, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**.

If any other error occurs, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT,<57> and the client MUST treat all other failure **HRESULTs** identically. Additionally, if any other failure **HRESULT** is returned, the client MUST disregard all out-parameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R OMGETRIOMSERVETPORT** (section 3.1.4.24) method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

The format name to be returned to the client (using the rules defined above) is determined as follows:

- Locate a <u>LocalQueueContextHandle (section 3.1.1.3)</u> ADM element instance in the server's iLocalQueueContextHandleTable (section <u>3.1.1.2</u>) where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance equals hQueue.
- If such a **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance exists:
 - Declare iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle and set it to a reference to the located LocalQueueContextHandle ADM element instance.

- The format name to be returned to the client is iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle.OpenQueueDescriptorReference.FormatName.
- Flse:
 - Locate a <u>RemoteQueueProxyHandle (section 3.1.1.5)</u> ADM element instance in the server's *iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable* (section <u>3.1.1.4</u>) where the value of the Handle attribute of the **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance equals *hQueue*.
 - If no such RemoteQueueProxyHandle ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
 - Declare iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle and set it to a reference to the located
 RemoteQueueProxyHandle ADM element instance.
 - The format name to be returned to the client is iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.FormatName.

3.1.4.22 rpc_ACPurgeQueue (Opnum 27)

The rpc_ACPurgeQueue method is called by a client to purge an opened queue.

```
HRESULT rpc_ACPurgeQueue(
   [in] RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE hQueue
);
```

hQueue: MUST be an **RPC QUEUE HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.2)** obtained from the *phQueue* parameter of the **rpc QMOpenQueueInternal (section 3.1.4.17)** method. Prior to this method being invoked, the queue MUST NOT have been deleted, and the queue handle MUST NOT have been closed.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x0000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure <u>HRESULT</u>, <58> and the client MUST treat all failure **HRESULTs** identically.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_OMGETRYOMSERVEYPORT** (section 3.1.4.24) method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Locate a <u>LocalQueueContextHandle</u> (section 3.1.1.3) ADM element instance in the server's iLocalQueueContextHandleTable (section 3.1.1.2) where the **Handle** attribute of the **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance equals hQueue.
- If such a **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance exists:
 - Declare iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle and set it to a reference to the located LocalQueueContextHandle ADM element instance.
 - Generate a <u>Purge Queue</u> ([MS-MQDMPR] section <u>3.1.7.1.7</u>) event with the following argument value:

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- *iQueue* := *iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle*.**OpenQueueDescriptorReference.QueueReference**
- Take no further action and return MQ OK (0x0000000).
- Else:
 - Locate a <u>RemoteQueueProxyHandle</u> (section 3.1.1.5) ADM element instance in the server's *iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable* (section 3.1.1.4) where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance equals *hQueue*.
 - If no such **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**.
 - Declare iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle and set it to a reference to the located RemoteQueueProxyHandle ADM element instance.
 - Using the binding handle contained in iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteBindingHandle, invoke the method RemoteQMPurgeQueue of the qm2qm interface defined in [MS-MQQP] section 3.1.4.7 with the following argument value:
 - hQueue := iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteContext
 - Return the return code produced by RemoteQMPurgeQueue.

3.1.4.23 R_QMQueryQMRegistryInternal (Opnum 28)

A client calls the **R_QMQueryQMRegistryInternal** method to retrieve various string values from the supporting server.

```
HRESULT R_QMQueryQMRegistryInternal(
  [in] handle_t hBind,
  [in] DWORD dwQueryType,
  [out, string] WCHAR** lplpMQISServer
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

dwQueryType: Specifies the type and format of the data to return to the caller via the *lplpMOISServer* parameter. MUST be one of the values in the following table:

| Value | Meaning |
|------------|---|
| 0x00000000 | A comma-delimited list of MQIS server names configured on the supporting server. This value is retrieved from the DirectoryServerList attribute of the server's LocalQueueManager ADM element instance. |
| 0×00000001 | The server's default time-to-reach-queue message property value, expressed in seconds, converted to a string. <60>"><60> |
| 0x00000002 | The GUID that represents the entire MSMQ forest. \leq 61 \geq See following for the curly braced GUID string representation to use. The string uses the "braceless" format. |
| 0x00000003 | A string representation of the supporting server version. <62> |

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| Value | Meaning |
|------------|---|
| 0x00000004 | The content of the Identifier attribute of the server's LocalQueueManager ADM element instance. The curly braced GUID string representation uses a "braceless" format given following. <63><64> |

The format for the comma-delimited list of MQIS server names (0x00000000) is given by the following augmented BNF:

The GUID string for the MSMQ forest (0x00000002) uses the "braceless" format depicted in the following augmented BNF:

The string format used for the supporting server version (0x00000003), depicted in augmented BNF, is as follows:

```
version = version-part "." version-part "." version-part
version-part = 1*4num-digit
num-digit = %x30-39
```

The GUID for the server queue manager (0x00000004) uses the following "braceless" format, depicted in augmented BNF:

IpIpMQISServer: On success, the server returns the string indicated by dwQueryType through this parameter. The server can set this parameter to NULL in the event of an error.

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Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ OK (0x00000000).

If any other error occurs, the server MUST return a failure **HRESULT**, and the client MUST treat all other failure HRESULTs identically. Additionally, if any other failure HRESULT is returned, the client MUST disregard all out-parameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x000000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

3.1.4.24 R_QMGetRTQMServerPort (Opnum 31)

The **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** method returns an RPC port number, as specified in [MS-RPCE], for the requested combination of interface and protocol. The returned RPC port number can be used for all gmcomm and gmcomm2 methods.

```
DWORD R_QMGetRTQMServerPort(
  [in] handle_t hBind,
  [in] DWORD fIP
):
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

fIP: Specifies the interface for which a port value is to be returned. One of the following values MUST be specified; otherwise, this method MUST return 0x00000000 to indicate failure.

| Value | Meaning |
|---|--|
| IP_HANDSHAKE 0x00000000 | Requests that the server return the RPC port number for the qmcomm and qmcomm2 interfaces bound to TCP/IP. The default port number is 2103. |
| IP_READ 0x0000001 | Requests that the server return the RPC port number for the qm2qm interface, as specified in [MS-MOOP] , bound to TCP/IP. The default port number is 2105. |
| IPX_HANDSHAKE Requests that the server return the RPC port number for the qmcomm and qmcomm2 interfaces bound to SPX.<65> The default port number is 2103. | |
| IPX_READ 0x00000003 Requests that the server return the RPC port number for the qm2qm into as specified in [MS-MQQP], bound to SPX. server-return the RPC port number for the qm2qm into as specified in [MS-MQQP], bound to SPX.server-return the RPC port number for the qm2qm into as specified in [MS-MQQP], bound to SPX.server-return the RPC port number for the qm2qm into as specified in [MS-MQQP], bound to SPX.server-return-number-server-number- | |

Return Values: On success, this method returns a non-zero IP port value for the RPC interface specified by the *fIP* parameter. If an invalid value is specified for *fIP*, this method MUST return 0x00000000.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

As specified in section 3.1.3, this protocol configures a fixed listening endpoint at an RPC port number. For the interface and protocol specified by the fIP parameter, this method returns the RPC

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port number determined at server initialization time. If the default port is already in use, the server SHOULD increment the port number by 11 until an unused port is found.

Security consideration: Servers MUST NOT enforce security limitations for this method, since clients can call this method before configuring RPC binding security. See section 5.1 for details.

3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules for qmcomm2

The following methods comprise the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol version 2 (qmcomm2) interface. If **LocalQueueManager.SupportingServer** is False, the server MUST return an error if any of the following methods is called.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

| Method | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| <u>QMSendMessageInternalEx</u> | Sends a message to the specified queue. Opnum: 0 |
| rpc ACSendMessageEx | Sends a message to the specified queue. Opnum: 1 |
| rpc ACReceiveMessageEx | Receives a message from the specified queue. Opnum: 2 |
| rpc ACCreateCursorEx | Creates a cursor for accessing the specified queue. Opnum: 3 |

3.1.5.1 QMSendMessageInternalEx (Opnum 0)

A client invokes **QMSendMessageInternalEx** if the server returns STATUS_RETRY (0xc000022d) from a prior call to **rpc_ACSendMessageEx**. Implementations of this protocol SHOULD NOT return STATUS_RETRY from **rpc_ACSendMessageEx**, rendering this method unnecessary. Such implementations MUST take no action when **QMSendMessageInternalEx** is invoked and return MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_OPERATION (0xc00e0064).

```
HRESULT QMSendMessageInternalEx(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] struct QUEUE_FORMAT* pQueueFormat,
   [in] struct CACTransferBufferV2* ptb,
   [in, out, unique] OBJECTID* pMessageID
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

pQueueFormat: MUST be a pointer to a **QUEUE_FORMAT** structure, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.7, which identifies an existing queue to be opened. MUST NOT be NULL, and MUST conform to the format name syntax rules defined in [MS-MQMQ]. The queue identified by *pQueueFormat* MUST be local to the supporting server, and MUST be successfully openable via a call to **rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal** with a *dwDesiredAccess* level of MQ_SEND_ACCESS (0x00000002).

ptb: A <u>CACTransferBufferV2</u> structure pointer as described in section <u>2.2.3.3</u>. See the identical parameter in section <u>3.1.5.2</u> for details on this parameter.

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```
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```

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pMessageID: An OBJECTID as defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.8. See the identical parameter in section 3.1.5.2 for details on this parameter.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure <u>HRESULT</u>,<67> and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically. Additionally, if a failure HRESULT is returned, the client MUST disregard all outparameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_OMGETRIOMSERVETPOIT** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Determine if input parameter values violate constraints specified above. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**.
- Open the queue identified by pQueueFormat by invoking rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal with dwDesiredAccess of MQ_SEND_ACCESS (0x00000002).
- If this process is successful:
 - With the queue handle obtained from rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal, invoke rpc_ACSendMessageEx as specified in section 3.1.5.2.
 - Invoke <u>rpc ACCloseHandle</u> to dispose the handle obtained above. Return the result of rpc_ACSendMessageEx.
- Else:
 - Return a failure HRESULT.

3.1.5.2 rpc_ACSendMessageEx (Opnum 1)

A client calls the **rpc_ACSendMessageEx** method to place a message into a message queue for delivery.

```
HRESULT rpc_ACSendMessageEx(
   [in] RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE hQueue,
   [in] struct CACTransferBufferV2* ptb,
   [in, out, unique] OBJECTID* pMessageID
);
```

hQueue: MUST be an RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.2) obtained from the <a href="photo:phot

ptb: MUST NOT be NULL. ptb points to a <u>CACTransferBufferV2 (section 2.2.3.3)</u> structure. Refer to section <u>2.2.3.3</u> for definitions of the <u>CACTransferBufferV2</u> member fields. Constraints for the member fields are defined below. In the section below, "ptb.old" is used as shorthand to refer to the <u>CACTransferBufferOld</u> member of the <u>CACTransferBufferV2</u> structure.

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ptb.old.uTransferType MUST be CACTB_SEND (0x00000000).

ptb.old.Send.pAdminQueueFormat can be NULL, in which case no administration queue format name is associated with the message. If not NULL, ptb.old.Send.pAdminQueueFormat MUST point to a **QUEUE FORMAT** structure as defined in [MS-MOMQ] section 2.2.7.

ptb.old.Send.pResponseQueueFormat can be NULL, in which case no response queue format name is associated with the message. If not NULL, ptb.old.Send.pResponseQueueFormat MUST point to a **QUEUE_FORMAT** structure as defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.7.

If the queue identified *hQueue* was opened using a direct format name, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.2, ptb.old.pulPrivLevel MUST be NULL or, if not NULL, MUST point to the value MQMSG_PRIV_LEVEL_NONE (0x00000000). Encryption MUST NOT be requested for queues opened with direct format name.

If the queue identified by *hQueue* is not an outgoing queue (rather, it is a queue which is local to the supporting server), and ptb.bEncrypted is not 0x00, the server MAY return STATUS_RETRY (0xc000022d) and take no action. <68>

ptb.old.pPriority can be NULL; otherwise, the value MUST be from 0x00 to 0x07 inclusive. If the value is NULL, the server MUST substitute the default value of 0x03.

ptb.old.pTrace can be NULL, in which case the server MUST substitute the default value of 0x00.

If ptb.old.ulAbsoluteTimeToQueue is 0x00000000, the server MUST substitute the default value of 0xfffffff.

ptb.old.ppMessageID can be NULL. If not NULL, the server MUST ignore the in-value.

ptb.old.ppConnectorType can be NULL. If NULL, then no connector type value is associated with the message.

ptb.old.pDelivery can be NULL, in which case the server MUST substitute the default value of 0x00. However, if ptb.old.pUow contains a nonzero value, the server MUST substitute the value 0x01 for ptb.old.pDelivery, since transactional messages are by definition stored as recoverable.

ptb.old.pAuditing can be NULL, in which case the server MUST substitute the default value of 0×00 .

ptb.old.pClass can be NULL, in which case the server MUST substitute the default value of 0x0000. This field may be used by connector applications to produce acknowledgment messages. Typical applications will always specify MQMSG_CLASS_NORMAL (0x0000).

ptb.old.ppCorrelationID can be NULL, in which case the server MUST substitute the default value by filling the array of bytes with hexadecimal zeros (0x00).

ptb.old.pAcknowledge can be NULL, in which case the server MUST substitute the default value of 0x00.

ptb.old.pApplicationTag can be NULL, in which case the server MUST substitute the default value of 0x00000000.

ptb.old.ppTitle can be NULL, in which case the server MUST treat the value as an empty string and MUST ignore the value of ptb.old.ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs. If ptb.old.ppTitle is NOT NULL, the server MUST take the number of Unicode characters indicated by

ptb.old.ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs. If ptb.old.ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs is greater than 250, the value MUST be truncated to 250. The server MUST null-terminate the resulting character array.

ptb.old.ppMsgExtension can be NULL, in which case no extension array is associated with the message and the server MUST ignore the value of ptb.old.ulMsgExtensionBufferInBytes. If ptb.old.ppMsgExtension is NOT NULL, the server MUST take the number of bytes indicated by ptb.old.ulMsgExtensionBufferInBytes. The buffer is an opaque array of bytes and a terminating null character is not required.

ptb.old.ppBody can be NULL, in which case no body array is associated with the message and the server MUST ignore the values of ptb.old.ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes and ptb.old.ulAllocBodyBufferInBytes. If ptb.old.ppBody is NOT NULL, the server MUST take the number of bytes indicated by ptb.old.ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes, and allocate body storage for the number of bytes indicated by ptb.old.ulAllocBodyBufferInBytes. The message body is an opaque array of bytes and a terminating null character is not required.

ptb.old.pulPrivLevel can be NULL, in which case the server MUST substitute the default value of 0x00000000.

ptb.old.pulHashAlg can be NULL if ptb.old.ulSignatureSize is 0x00000000; otherwise, it MUST be set to the hash algorithm used to produce the signature of the message, as specified in section 2.2.3.2. < 69 > If it is set to NULL, the server MUST substitute the value of 0x00000000.

ptb.old.pulEncryptAlg can be NULL if ptb.old.pulPrivLevel is set to NULL; otherwise, it MUST be set to the encryption algorithm associated with ptb.old.pulPrivLevel, as specified in section 2.2.3.2.<70> If it is set to NULL, the server MUST substitute the value of 0x00000000.

ptb.old.pulBodyType can be NULL, in which case the server MUST substitute the default value of 0×00000000 .

ptb.old.ppSenderCert can be NULL if ptb.old.ulSenderCertLen is 0x00000000, in which case an X509 certificate for the sender is not associated with the message.

ptb.old.pulSenderIDType MUST NOT be NULL if ptb.old.uSenderIDLen is nonzero.

ptb.old.pSenderID can be NULL if ptb.old.uSenderIDLen is zero and ptb.old.pulSenderIDType is MQMSG_SENDERID_TYPE_NONE (0x00000000), in which case a $\underline{\text{SID}}$ is not associated with the message.

ptb.old.ppSymmKeys can be NULL if ptb.old.ulSymmKeysSize is zero (0x00000000), in which case an encrypted symmetric key is not associated with the message. Otherwise, ptb.old.ppSymKeys MUST contain the symmetric key used to encrypt the message body. The symmetric key MUST be encrypted with the public key of the recipient QM. The manner by which the public key for the recipient QM is obtained is beyond the scope of this network protocol.

If ptb.old.ulSignatureSize is 0x00000000: no digital signature is associated with the message.

Else, if ptb.old.ulSignatureSize is not 0x00000000:

If ptb.old.fDefaultProvider is 0x00000000, ptb.old.ppwcsProvName MUST NOT be NULL. If ptb.old.pulProvType is NOT NULL, it MUST specify the provider type of the CSP named by ptb.old.ppwcsProvName; otherwise, the server MUST substitute the value of 0x00000000. Note that ptb.old.ulProvNameLen is used only to affect RPC marshaling of the

ptb.old.ppwcsProvName buffer. The server MUST otherwise ignore ptb.old.ulProvNameLen and treat ptb.old.ppwcsProvName as a null-terminated string.

- If ptb.old.fDefaultProvider is not 0x00000000, ptb.old.pulProvType MUST NOT be NULL, and MUST contain PROV_RSA_FULL (0x0000001).
- If ptb.old.pulAuthProvNameLenProp is NULL:
 - If not NULL, the ptb.old.ppSignature buffer contains a simple array of bytes containing the MSMQ 1.0 digital signature. The byte length of the buffer is indicated by ptb.old.ulSignatureSize.
- Else, if ptb.old.pulAuthProvNameLenProp is NOT NULL:
 - If not NULL, the ptb.old.ppSignature buffer contains two distinct byte array parts. The first part MUST be ignored by the server. The second part contains an MSMQ 2.0 digital signature.
 - The byte length of the first part is indicated by subtracting the length of the second part from ptb.old.ulSignatureSize. (Thus, length([first part]) + length([second part]) = ptb.old.ulSignatureSize.)
 - The byte length of the second part is indicated by subtracting ptb.old.ulProvNameLen from ptb.old.pulAuthProvNameLenProp.
 - The second part begins immediately after the first.

The following fields MUST be ignored by the server:

- ptb.old.Receive
- ptb.old.CreateCursor
- ptb.old.pSentTime
- ptb.old.pArrivedTime
- ptb.old.pBodySize
- ptb.old.pulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs
- ptb.old.pulRelativeTimeToQueue
- ptb.old.pulRelativeTimeToLive
- ptb.old.pulSenderIDLenProp
- ptb.old.ulAuthLevel
- ptb.old.pAuthenticated
- ptb.old.bAuthenticated
- ptb.old.pulSenderCertLenProp
- ptb.old.pulSymmKeysSizeProp
- ptb.old.pulSignatureSizeProp

- ptb.old.ppSrcQMID
- ptb.old.pMsgExtensionSize
- ptb.old.pulVersion
- ptb.pbFirstInXact
- ptb.pbLastInXact
- ptb.ppXactID

The **ptb.old.pulAuthProvNameLenProp** field SHOULD be interpreted as specified in section 3.1.5.2.<71>

pMessageID: An **OBJECTID** as defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.8. This value can be NULL. If not NULL, the server MUST return a message identifier for the new message if this method succeeds.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure https://www.hresults/hresults/hresults/hresults/ and the client MUST treat all failure https://www.hresults/ and the client MUST treat all failure https://www.hresults/ and the client MUST disregard all outparameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** (section 3.1.4.24) method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

Security Considerations: The caller may request that the server perform security related operations such as signing and encrypting the message. These operations are requested by setting members of the ptb.CACTransferBufferOld structure.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Determine if the input parameter values violate the constraints previously specified. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**.
- Locate a <u>LocalQueueContextHandle (section 3.1.1.3)</u> ADM element instance in the server's iLocalQueueContextHandleTable (section <u>3.1.1.2</u>) where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance equals hQueue.
- If no such **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**.
- Declare iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle and set it to a reference to the located LocalQueueContextHandle ADM element instance.
- If ptb.old.pUow is non-NULL:
 - Look up a Transaction ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance in the server's LocalQueueManager.TransactionCollection with an identifier matching ptb.old.pUow. If no such entry exists, the client did not enlist the transaction before attempting to perform a transactional send operation. In this event, return a failure HRESULT.

- Create a new **Message** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance with contents from ptb using the defined translation table.
- If the message body is encrypted (ptb.old.bEncrypted is not 0x00, ppSymmKeys is not NULL, and ppSymmKeysSize is not 0x00000000) and the destination queue is located on the supporting server, the message body MUST be decrypted. Using the algorithm indicated by ptb.old.pulEncryptAlg, decrypt the symmetric key that is contained in ppSymmKeysSize with the server's private key. Finally, use the decrypted symmetric key to decrypt the message body.
- Generate an <u>Enqueue Message</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.9) event with the following argument values:
 - *iQueue* := *iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle*.**OpenQueueDescriptorReference**.**QueueReference**
 - iMessage := The Message ADM element instance previously created.
 - *iTransaction* := The **Transaction** ADM element instance previously resolved; or, if ptb.old.pUow is NULL, this optional argument is not specified.
- If the rStatus result of the Enqueue Message event is zero, return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, return a failure HRESULT.

3.1.5.3 rpc_ACReceiveMessageEx (Opnum 2)

A client calls **rpc_ACReceiveMessageEx** to peek or receive a message from a message queue.

```
HRESULT rpc_ACReceiveMessageEx(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] DWORD hQMContext,
   [in, out] struct CACTransferBufferV2* ptb
):
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

hQMContext: A queue context value obtained from the pdwQMContext parameter of rpc QMOpenQueueInternal. The queue MUST have been opened with MQ_PEEK_ACCESS or MQ_RECEIVE_ACCESS as the dwDesiredAccess parameter when rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal was called. Prior to this method being invoked, the queue MUST NOT have been deleted, and the queue handle for the open queue MUST NOT have been closed.

ptb: MUST NOT be NULL. The ptb parameter points to a <u>CACTransferBufferV2 (section 2.2.3.3)</u> structure. Constraints for the member fields are defined following. In the sections following, "ptb.old" is used as shorthand to refer to the <u>CACTransferBufferOld</u> member of the <u>CACTransferBufferV2</u> structure.

ptb.old.uTransferType MUST be CACTB_RECEIVE (0x00000001).

ptb.old.Receive.Action MUST contain one of the following values: 0x00000000 (MQ_ACTION_RECEIVE), 0x80000000 (MQ_ACTION_PEEK_CURRENT) or 0x80000001 (MQ_ACTION_PEEK_NEXT).

On input, ptb.old.Receive.Cursor can be 0x00000000, in which case no cursor is associated with the receive operation. Otherwise, ptb.old.Receive.Cursor MUST contain a **Cursor Handle** obtained from the pcc.hCursor parameter of receive.cursor MUST cursor MUST have

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been created using the queue handle associated with the queue context value provided for the hQMContext parameter, and the cursor MUST NOT have been closed prior to this call. On output, the value of ptb.old.Receive.Cursor MUST be the same as it was on input.

ptb.old.Receive.ulResponseFormatNameLen is used for RPC marshaling of the ppResponseFormatName buffer. On input, the client MUST set this value to the minimum of pulResponseFormatNameLenProp and 1024 bytes. If ptb.old.Receive.ppResponseFormatName is NULL, this value MUST be 0x00000000. On output, the server MUST set this value to the minimum of ulResponseFormatNameLen and pulResponseFormatNameLenProp.

On input, ptb.old.Receive.pulResponseFormatNameLenProp indicates the Unicode character length of the buffer contained in ppResponseFormatName. On output, the server MUST set this value to indicate the full length of the response queue format name associated with the message being retrieved.

On input, ptb.old.Receive.ppResponseFormatName can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, on successful retrieval of a message and prior to filling the buffer, the server MUST verify that the pulResponseFormatNameLenProp field indicates that the buffer is large enough to contain the response queue format name for the retrieved message.

ptb.old.Receive.ulAdminFormatNameLen is used for RPC marshaling of the ppAdminFormatName buffer. On input, the client MUST set this value to the minimum of pulAdminFormatNameLenProp and 1024 bytes. If ptb.old.Receive.ppAdminFormatName is NULL, this value MUST be 0x00000000. On output, the server MUST set this value to the minimum of ulAdminFormatNameLen and pulAdminFormatNameLenProp.

On input, ptb.old.Receive.pulAdminFormatNameLenProp indicates the Unicode character length of the buffer contained in ppAdminFormatName. On output, the server MUST set this value to indicate the full length of the administration queue format name associated with the message being retrieved.

On input, ptb.old.Receive.ppAdminFormatName can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, on successful retrieval of a message and prior to filling the buffer, the server MUST verify that the pulAdminFormatNameLenProp field indicates that the buffer is large enough to contain the administration queue format name for the retrieved message.

ptb.old.Receive.ulDestFormatNameLen is used for RPC marshaling of the ppDestFormatName buffer. On input, the client MUST set this value to the minimum of pulDestFormatNameLenProp and 1024 bytes. If ptb.old.Receive.ppDestFormatName is NULL, this value MUST be 0x00000000. On output, the server MUST set this value to the minimum of ulDestFormatNameLen and pulDestFormatNameLenProp.

On input, ptb.old.Receive.pulDestFormatNameLenProp indicates the Unicode character length of the buffer contained in ppDestFormatName. On output, the server MUST set this value to indicate the full length of the destination queue format name associated with the message being retrieved.

On input, ptb.old.Receive.ppDestFormatName can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, on successful retrieval of a message and prior to filling the buffer, the server MUST verify that the pulDestFormatNameLenProp field indicates that the buffer is large enough to contain the destination queue format name for the retrieved message.

ptb.old.Receive.ulOrderingFormatNameLen is used for RPC marshaling of the ppOrderingFormatName buffer. On input, the client MUST set this value to the minimum of pulOrderingFormatNameLenProp and 1024 bytes. If ptb.old.Receive.ppOrderingFormatName

is NULL, this value MUST be 0x00000000. On output, the server MUST set this value to the minimum of ulOrderingFormatNameLen and pulOrderingFormatNameLenProp.

On input, ptb.old.Receive.pulOrderingFormatNameLenProp indicates the Unicode character length of the buffer contained in ppOrderingFormatName. On output, the server MUST set this value to indicate the full length of the order queue format name associated with the message being retrieved.

On input, ptb.old.Receive.ppOrderingFormatName can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, on successful retrieval of a message and prior to filling the buffer, the server MUST verify that the pulOrderingFormatNameLenProp field indicates that the buffer is large enough to contain the order queue format name for the retrieved message.

On input, ptb.old.ppBody can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, on successful retrieval of a message, prior to filling the buffer, the server MUST verify that the ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes field indicates that the buffer is large enough to contain the message body for the retrieved message. On output, the byte length of the complete body for the retrieved message MUST be returned in the pBodySize field, if it is not NULL.

On input, ptb.old.ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes MUST be 0x00000000 if ptb.old.ppBody is NULL. On output, the value of ptb.old.ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes MUST be the same as it was on input.

ptb.old.ulAllocBodyBufferInBytes is used for RPC marshaling of the ppBody buffer. If ppBody is NULL, this value MUST be 0x00000000.

On input, ptb.old.pBodySize can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, on successful retrieval of a message, the server MUST set this value to the byte length of the message body.

ptb.old.ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs is used for RPC marshaling of the ptb.old.ppTitle buffer. On input, the client MUST set this value to the minimum of pulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs and 250. If ptb.old.ppTitle is NULL, this value MUST be 0x00000000. On output, the server MUST set this value to the minimum of ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs and pulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs.

On input, ptb.old.pulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs indicates the Unicode character length of the buffer contained in ppTitle. On output, the server MUST set this value to indicate the full length of the message label associated with the message being retrieved.

On input, ptb.old.ppTitle can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, on successful retrieval of a message, prior to filling the buffer, the server MUST verify that the pulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs field indicates that the buffer is large enough to contain the message label for the retrieved message.

On input, ptb.old.ppMsgExtension can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, on successful retrieval of a message, prior to filling the buffer, the server MUST verify that the ptb.old.ulMsgExtensionBufferInBytes field indicates that the buffer is large enough to contain the message extension array for the retrieved message.

On input, ptb.old.ulMsgExtensionBufferInBytes MUST be 0x00000000 if ptb.old.ppMsgExtension is NULL. On output, the value of ptb.old.ulMsgExtensionBufferInBytes MUST be the same as it was on input.

On input, ptb.old.pMsgExtensionSize can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, the server MUST return the full length of the retrieved message extension array in ptb.old.pMsgExtensionSize.

On input, ptb.old.pUow can be NULL, in which case the Receive operation is not associated with a transaction. Otherwise, ptb.old.pUow MUST contain a 16-byte transaction identifier which has been enlisted by a prior call to **R OMENLISTTRANSACTION** or **R OMENLISTING**. On output, the value of ptb.old.pUow MUST be the same as it was on input.

On input, ptb.old.ppSenderID can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, on successful retrieval of a message and prior to filling the buffer, the server MUST verify that the ptb.old.uSenderIDLen field indicates that the buffer is large enough to contain the sender ID buffer for the retrieved message.

On input, ptb.old.pulSenderIDLenProp can be NULL; otherwise, on output, the server MUST return the full length of the sender ID buffer for the retrieved message in ptb.old.pulSenderIDLenProp, or 0x00000000 if the value was not included in the retrieved message.

On input, ptb.old.ppwcsProvName can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, prior to filling the buffer, the server MUST verify that the ptb.old.ulProvNameLen field indicates that the buffer is large enough to contain the null-terminated CSP name string. If the retrieved message does not include a CSP name buffer, the server MUST return 0x00000000 for ptb.old.pulAuthProvNameLenProp if the pulAuthProvNameLenProp pointer is not NULL.

On input, ptb.old.pulAuthProvNameLenProp can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, the server MUST return the length of the CSP name buffer for the retrieved message in ptb.old.pulAuthProvNameLenProp, or 0x00000000 if the value was not included in the retrieved message.

On input, ptb.old.ppSenderCert can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, prior to filling the buffer, the server MUST verify that the ptb.old.ulSenderCertLen field indicates that the buffer is large enough to contain the sender certificate buffer. If the retrieved message does not include a sender certificate, the server MUST return 0x00000000 for ptb.old.pulSenderCertLenProp if the pulSenderCertLenProp pointer is not NULL.

On input, ptb.old.pulSenderCertLenProp can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, the server MUST return the length of the sender certificate buffer for the retrieved message in ptb.old.pulSenderCertLenProp, or 0x00000000 if the value is not included in the retrieved message.

On input, ptb.old.ppSymmKeys can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, prior to filling the buffer, the server MUST verify that the ptb.old.ulSymmKeysSize field indicates that the buffer is large enough to contain the symmetric key buffer. If the retrieved message does not include a symmetric key, the server MUST return 0x00000000 for ptb.old.pulSymmKeysSizeProp if the pulSymmKeysSizeProp pointer is not NULL.

On input, ptb.old.pulSymmKeysSizeProp can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, the server MUST return the length of the symmetric key buffer for the retrieved message in ptb.old.pulSymmKeysSizeProp or 0x00000000 if the value is not included in the retrieved message.

On input, ptb.old.ppSignature can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, prior to filling the buffer, the server MUST verify that the ptb.old.ulSignatureSize field indicates that the buffer is large enough to contain the signed hash buffer. If the retrieved message does not include a signed hash, the server MUST return 0x00000000 for ptb.old.pulSignatureSizeProp if the pulSignatureSizeProp pointer is not NULL.

On input, ptb.old.pulSignatureSizeProp can be NULL, in which case it MUST be NULL on output. Otherwise, the server MUST return the length of the signed hash buffer for the retrieved message in ptb.old.pulSignatureSizeProp, or 0x00000000 if the value is not included in the retrieved message.

The following fields can be NULL, in which case the server MUST ignore them. On successful retrieval of a message, the server MUST return the appropriate message property value into each non-NULL field. See section 2.2.3.2 for definitions of these fields:

- ptb.old.pClass
- ptb.old.ppMessageID
- ptb.old.ppCorrelationID
- ptb.old.pSentTime
- ptb.old.pArrivedTime
- ptb.old.pPriority
- ptb.old.pDelivery
- ptb.old.pAcknowledge
- ptb.old.pAuditing
- ptb.old.pApplicationTag
- ptb.old.pulRelativeTimeToQueue
- ptb.old.pulRelativeTimeToLive
- ptb.old.pTrace
- ptb.old.pulPrivLevel
- ptb.old.pAuthenticated
- ptb.old.pulHashAlg
- ptb.old.pulEncryptAlg
- ptb.old.pulProvType
- ptb.old.pulSenderIDType
- ptb.old.ppSrcQMID
- ptb.old.ppConnectorType
- ptb.old.pulBodyType
- ptb.old.pulVersion
- ptb.pbFirstInXact
- ptb.pbLastInXact

ptb.ppXactID

The following fields MUST be ignored by the server:

- ptb.old.Send
- ptb.old.CreateCursor
- ptb.old.Receive.Asynchronous
- ptb.old.ulAbsoluteTimeToQueue
- ptb.old.ulRelativeTimeToLive
- ptb.old.ulAuthLevel
- ptb.old.bEncrypted
- ptb.old.bAuthenticated
- ptb.old.fDefaultProvider

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x000000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Determine if the input parameter values violate the constraints previously specified. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- If ptb.old.pUow is non-NULL:
 - Look up a Transaction ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance in the server's LocalQueueManager.TransactionCollection where ptb.old.pUow matches Transaction.Identifier.
 - If no such Transaction ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Locate a <u>RemoteQueueProxyHandle</u> (section 3.1.1.5) ADM element instance in the server's iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable (section 3.1.1.4) where the **Context** attribute of the **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance equals hOMContext.
- If such a **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance exists:
 - Declare iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle and set it to a reference to the located
 RemoteQueueProxyHandle ADM element instance.
 - If ptb.old.pUow is non-NULL, take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**.

- If ptb.old.Receive.Cursor is not zero (0x00000000):
 - Locate a CursorProxy ADM element instance in iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.CursorProxyCollection where the value of the Handle attribute of the CursorProxy ADM element instance equals ptb.old.Receive.Cursor.
 - If no such **CursorProxy** ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**.
- Declare iLocatedCursorProxy and set it to a reference to the located CursorProxy ADM element instance.
- Using iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteBindingHandle, invoke the RemoteQMStartReceive method of the qm2qm RPC interface specified in [MS-MQQP] section 3.1.4.1. Specify the following input values in the REMOTEREADDESC structure ([MS-MQQP] section 2.2.2.1):
 - hRemoteQueue := iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteContext
 - hCursor := If ptb.old.Receive.Cursor is not zero (0x0000000),
 iLocatedCursorProxy.RemoteCursorHandle; otherwise, zero (0x00000000).
 - ulAction := ptb.old.Receive.Action
 - ulTimeout := ptb.old.Receive.RequestTimeout
 - dwpQueue := iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteContext
 - dwRequestID := Create a DWORD value to uniquely identify this invocation of the RemoteQMStartReceive method among any other simultaneous invocations occurring between this RPC client (the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol server) and the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol server. This DWORD value is used to correlate the call to RemoteQMStartReceive with an associated call to RemoteQMEndReceive following.
 - Reserved := 0x00000000
 - eAckNack := RR UNKNOWN (0x0000)
- If **RemoteQMStartReceive** did not return MQ_OK (0x0000000), take no further action and return the value returned by **RemoteQMStartReceive**.
- Generate the Get Message Data Element From Buffer event ([MS-MQQB] section 3.1.7.10) with the following argument:
 - *iBuffer*: MUST be set to **REMOTEREADDESC.lpBuffer**
- Copy the contents of the returned *rMessage* into the *ptb* structure using the defined translation rules.
- Using iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteBindingHandle, invoke the RemoteQMEndReceive method of the qm2qm RPC interface specified in [MS-MQQP] section 3.1.4.2. Specify the following parameter values:
 - pphContext := Set to the value returned from the pphContext out-parameter of RemoteQMStartReceive previously invoked.

- dwAck := If the process of converting the content of REMOTEREADDESC.lpBuffer to a
 Message ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance and then to ptb was
 successful, specify RR ACK (0x00000002); otherwise, specify RR NACK (0x00000001).
- Take no further action and return the result of **RemoteQMEndReceive**.
- Else (hQMContext did not match a **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance):
 - Locate a <u>LocalQueueContextHandle</u> (<u>section 3.1.1.3</u>) ADM element instance in the server's iLocalQueueContextHandleTable where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance equals hQueue.
 - If no such **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**.
 - Declare iLocalQueueContextHandle and set it to a reference to the located LocalQueueContextHandle ADM element instance.
 - If the *iLocalQueueContextHandle*.**OpenQueueDescriptorReference**.**AccessMode** value is SendAccess, take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**.
 - If the iLocalQueueContextHandle.OpenQueueDescriptorReference.AccessMode value is PeekAccess, confirm that ptb.old.Receive.Action is not MQ_ACTION_RECEIVE (0x00000000); otherwise, return a failure HRESULT.
 - If ptb.old.Receive.Cursor is not zero (0x00000000):
 - Locate a Cursor ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.2) ADM element instance in iLocalQueueContextHandle.OpenQueueDescriptorReference.CursorCollection where the value of the Handle attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance equals ptb.old.Receive.Cursor.
 - If no such Cursor ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
 - If ptb.old.Receive.Action is MQ_ACTION_RECEIVE (0x00000000):
 - Generate a <u>Dequeue Message</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.10) event with the following argument values:
 - *iQueueDesc* := *iLocalQueueContextHandle*.**OpenQueueDescriptorReference**
 - *iTimeout* := ptb.old.Receive.RequestTimeout
 - *iCursor* := If ptb.old.Receive.Cursor is not zero, the **Cursor** ADM element instance resolved preceding; otherwise, this optional argument is not specified.
 - *iTransaction* := If ptb.old.pUow is non-NULL, the **Transaction** ADM element instance resolved preceding; otherwise, this optional argument is not specified.
 - *iTag* := Optional argument not specified.
 - iTwoPhaseRead := False
 - If the rStatus return value from the Dequeue Message event is not MQ_OK (0x00000000), take no further action and return rStatus.

- Copy the contents of the *rMessage* return value from the Dequeue Message event to the *ptb* structure using the defined translation rules.
- Take no further action and return MQ_OK (0x00000000).
- Else, if ptb.old.Receive.Action is MQ_ACTION_PEEK_CURRENT (0x80000000):
 - Generate a <u>Peek Message</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.15) event with the following argument values:
 - iQueueDesc := iLocalQueueContextHandle.OpenQueueDescriptorReference
 - *iTimeout* := ptb.old.Receive.RequestTimeout
 - *iCursor* := If ptb.old.Receive.Cursor is not zero, the **Cursor** ADM element instance resolved preceding; otherwise, this optional argument is not specified.
 - If the rStatus return value from the Peek Message event is not MQ_OK (0x00000000), take no further action and return rStatus.
 - Copy the contents of the *rMessage* return value from the Peek Message event to the *ptb* structure using the defined translation rules.
 - Take no further action and return MQ_OK (0x0000000).
- Else, if ptb.old.Receive.Action is MQ_ACTION_PEEK_NEXT (0x80000001):
 - Generate a <u>Peek Next Message</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.14) event with the following argument values:
 - iQueueDesc := iLocalQueueContextHandle.OpenQueueDescriptorReference
 - iTimeout := ptb.old.Receive.RequestTimeout
 - *iCursor* := If ptb.old.Receive.Cursor is not zero, the **Cursor** ADM element instance resolved preceding; otherwise, this optional argument is not specified.
 - If the rStatus return value from the Peek Next Message event is not MQ_OK (0x0000000), take no further action and return rStatus.
 - Copy the contents of the *rMessage* return value from the Peek Next Message event to the *ptb* structure using the defined translation rules.

3.1.5.4 rpc_ACCreateCursorEx (Opnum 3)

A client calls **rpc_ACCreateCursorEx** to create a cursor for use when peeking and receiving from a message queue.

```
HRESULT rpc_ACCreateCursorEx(
   [in] RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE hQueue,
   [in, out] struct CACCreateRemoteCursor* pcc
):
```

hQueue: MUST be an RPC QUEUE HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.2) acquired from the phQueue parameter of rpc QMOpenQueueInternal (section 3.1.4.17). Prior to this method being invoked, the queue MUST NOT have been deleted, and the queue handle MUST NOT have been closed.

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pcc: A pointer to a CACCreateRemoteCursor (section 2.2.3.4) structure. MUST NOT be NULL.

Return Values: On success, this method MUST return MQ_OK (0x00000000); otherwise, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT, <75> and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULT identically. Additionally, if a failure HRESULT is returned, the client MUST disregard all outparameter values.

Exceptions Thrown: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

This method is invoked at the dynamically assigned endpoint returned by the **R_OMGETRY_OMSERVEY_PORT** (section 3.1.4.24) method when IP_HANDSHAKE (0x00000000) or IPX_HANDSHAKE (0x00000002) is the interface specified by the *fIP* parameter.

When processing this call, the server SHOULD:<a><<a>76>

- Determine whether the input parameter values violate the constraints previously specified. If an invalid parameter is detected, the server MUST take no further action and return a failure HRESULT.
- Locate a <u>LocalQueueContextHandle (section 3.1.1.3)</u> ADM element instance in the server's iLocalQueueContextHandleTable (section <u>3.1.1.2</u>) where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance equals hQueue.
- If such a **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance exists:
 - Declare iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle and set it to a reference to the located LocalQueueContextHandle ADM element instance.
 - Generate an Open Cursor ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.1) event with the following argument value:
 - *iQueueDesc* := *iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle*.**OpenQueueDescriptorReference**.
 - The Open Cursor event returns *rCursor*, a reference to a **Cursor** ADM element instance.
 - Set pcc.hCursor to rCursor.Handle.
 - Take no further action and return MQ_OK (0x00000000).
- Else:
 - Locate a <u>RemoteQueueProxyHandle (section 3.1.1.5)</u> ADM element instance in the server's *iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable* (section <u>3.1.1.4</u>) where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance equals *hQueue*.
 - If no such **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance exists, take no further action and return a failure **HRESULT**.
 - Declare iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle and set it to a reference to the located RemoteQueueProxyHandle ADM element instance.
 - Bind to the remote server indicated by iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.PathName and invoke the <u>R_QMCreateRemoteCursor (Opnum 4) (section 3.1.4.4)</u> method. Specify the following parameter values:
 - *hQueue* := *iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle*.**RemoteContext**.

- The *phCursor* out-parameter.
- If the R_QMCreateRemoteCursor (Opnum 4) method fails for any reason, return a failure HRESULT.
- Declare iNewCursorProxy as a CursorProxy ADM element instance and set its attributes using the following values:
 - Identifier := A new <u>DWORD</u> value unique to iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.CursorProxyCollection.
 - **RemoteCursorHandle** := phCursor.
 - IsRemoteCursorHandleInitialized := True.
- Add iNewCursorProxy to iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.CursorProxyCollection.
- Set pcc.hCursor := iNewCursorProxy.Handle.
- Return MQ_OK (0x0000000).

3.1.6 Timer Events

None.

3.1.7 Other Local Events

3.1.7.1 RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE Context Handle Rundown Routine

This event occurs on rundown of a context handle of type **RPC QUEUE HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.2)**, as specified in [C706] section 5.1.6.

When processing this event, the server MUST:

- Locate a <u>LocalQueueContextHandle (section 3.1.1.3)</u> ADM element instance in the server's iLocalQueueContextHandleTable (section <u>3.1.1.2</u>) where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance equals hQueue.
- If such a **LocalQueueContextHandle** ADM element instance exists:
 - Declare iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle and set it to a reference to the located LocalQueueContextHandle ADM element instance.
 - Generate a <u>Close Queue</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.6) event with the following argument value:
 - iQueueDesc := iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle.OpenQueueDescriptorReference
 - Delete iLocatedLocalQueueContextHandle from iLocalQueueContextHandleTable.
 - Take no further action and return MQ OK (0x00000000).
- Else:
 - Locate a RemoteQueueProxyHandle (section 3.1.1.5) ADM element instance in the server's iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable (section 3.1.1.4) where the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance equals hQueue.

- If no such **RemoteQueueProxyHandle** ADM element instance exists, take no further action.
- Declare iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle and set it to a reference to the located RemoteQueueProxyHandle ADM element instance.
- Invoke the <u>RemoteQMCloseQueue</u> method of the qm2qm RPC interface as specified in <u>[MS-MQQP]</u> section 3.1.4.4 using the binding handle in iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteBindingHandle and the following parameter value:
 - pphContext := iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteHandle
- Upon completion of RemoteQMCloseQueue, successful or not, dispose of the iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteBindingHandle as appropriate.
- Delete *iLocatedRemoteQueueProxyHandle* from *iRemoteQueueProxyHandleTable*.

3.1.7.2 PCTX_OPENREMOTE_HANDLE_TYPE Context Handle Rundown Routine

This event occurs on rundown of a context handle of type **PCTX OPENREMOTE HANDLE TYPE**, as specified in [C706] section 5.1.6.

When processing this event, the server MUST:

• Execute the steps defined for the method R OMCloseRemoteQueueContext.

3.1.7.3 RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE Context Handle Rundown Routine

This event occurs on rundown of a context handle of type **RPC INT XACT HANDLE**, as specified in [C706] section 5.1.6.

When processing this event, the server MUST:

Execute the steps defined for the method <u>R_QMAbortTransaction</u>.

3.2 gmcomm and gmcomm2 Client Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

The client MUST maintain instances of the following ADM elements:

- LicenceGuid (section 3.2.1.1)
- OpenQueueContext (section 3.2.1.2)
- CursorIdentifier (section 3.2.1.3)

3.2.1.1 LicenceGuid

A GUID that serves as an identifier for the client's computer for the purpose of enabling the server to uniquely identify the client's computer. This value MUST be generated on first access and MUST remain unchanged thereafter. The ADM element instance generated on first access is referred to as *iLicenceGuid*.

3.2.1.2 OpenQueueContext

The attributes of this ADM element represent a queue that has been opened for message operations by the client.

This ADM element contains the following attributes:

Handle: An **RPC QUEUE HANDLE** context handle. This value is obtained from the *phQueue* out-parameter of **rpc QMOpenQueueInternal**.

Context: A <u>DWORD</u>. This value is obtained form the *pdwQMContext* out-parameter of **rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal**.

When the client successfully invokes **rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal**, the two output parameters MUST be maintained by the client in association with one another; and the **OpenQueueContext** ADM element provides this association.

The client maintains an instance of the **OpenQueueContext** ADM element associating the queue opened for message operations, which is referred to as *iOpenQueueContext*.

3.2.1.3 CursorIdentifier

A <u>DWORD</u> value representing an opened cursor. This ADM element instance is obtained by successfully invoking the <u>rpc ACCreateCursorEx (section 3.1.5.4)</u> method with the *hQueue* parameter set to *iOpenQueueContext*.**Handle**.

3.2.2 Timers

No protocol timers are required beyond those used internally by RPC to implement resiliency to network outages. For more information, see [MS-RPCE].

3.2.3 Initialization

The client MUST create an RPC connection to the remote computer, using the details specified in section 2.1.

3.2.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The operation of the protocol is initiated and subsequently driven by the following higher-layer triggered events:

- An MSMQ application creates a local private queue.
- An MSMQ application deletes a local private queue.
- An MSMQ application updates the security configuration of a local private queue.
- An MSMQ application retrieves the security configuration of a local private queue.
- An MSMQ application updates the properties of a local private queue.
- An MSMQ application retrieves the properties of a local private queue.
- An MSMQ application opens a queue.
- An MSMQ application creates a cursor.

- An MSMQ application purges a gueue.
- An MSMQ application sends a message.
- An MSMQ application peeks a message.
- An MSMQ application receives a message.
- An MSMO application sends or receives a message in the context of an external transaction.
- An MSMQ application sends or receives messages in the context of an internal transaction.
- An MSMQ application peeks a message using a cursor.
- An MSMQ application requests a format name for a queue path name.
- An MSMQ application requests a format name for a queue context handle.
- An MSMQ application closes a queue handle.
- An MSMQ application closes a cursor.

Prior to performing any operations over this protocol, the client MUST first construct an RPC binding handle to the server, as specified in [C706] section 2.3. The client can call the R QMGetRTQMServerPort method using the RPC handle described above. This method returns an RPC port number with which subsequent method calls to this interface can be invoked. The client can construct a new RPC binding handle using the RPC port number acquired from R QMGetRTQMServerPort and use the new binding handle for subsequent method invocations.

The client MUST call the <u>R_QMQueryQMRegistryInternal</u> method to retrieve various string values from the supporting server as specified in section 3.1.4.23. The strings returned by this call are required as input to other methods.

3.2.4.1 Creating a Local Private Queue

The MSMQ application MUST supply a queue name and can supply a SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR and queue properties for the new queue. Creating a new local private queue consists of the following operations:

- The client MUST call R OMCreateObjectInternal, supplying the following parameter values:
 - dwObjectType MUST 0x0000001.
 - IpwcsPathName MUST contain the null-terminated queue name string.
 - An initial SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR can be specified for the new queue using the *pSecurityDescriptor* and *SDSize* parameters as specified in section 3.1.4.5.
 - Initial property values can be supplied for the new queue using the *cp*, *aProp*, and *apVar* parameters as specified in section 3.1.4.5. The property identifiers in *aProp* MUST be in the table in section 3.1.1.12 and MUST be marked as applicable for a Create operation. To not specify any initial property values for the new queue, yet meet the requirement of specifying at least one property value, the client can supply the queue property PROPID_Q_PATHNAME using the same value specified for *IpwcsPathName*. MSMQ queue property values are defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.
- To receive or send messages to the new queue, the client application MUST first open the queue, as specified in section 3.2.4.7. Opening a queue requires a format name, which is either

constructed by the MSMQ application or acquired from the server, as specified in section 3.2.4.13.

3.2.4.2 Deleting a Local Private Queue

The MSMQ application MUST supply a format name for the local private queue to be deleted.

- The given format name MUST be of the "private" or "direct" variety, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.
- The client MUST call **R_QMDeleteObject**, supplying the following parameter value:
 - A pointer to an <u>OBJECT_FORMAT</u> structure containing the format name of the queue to be deleted, as specified in section <u>3.1.4.8</u>.

3.2.4.3 Updating Local Private Queue Security

The MSMQ application MUST supply a format name for a local private queue for which the security configuration is to be updated, a new SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR for the queue, and a SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR value indicating which portions of the SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR are to be applied to the queue. SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6 and SECURITY_INFORMATION is specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.3.

- The given format name MUST be of the "private" or "direct" variety, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.
- The given SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR MUST be in self-relative form.
- The client MUST call <u>R_QMSetObjectSecurityInternal</u>, supplying the following parameter values:
 - A pointer to an **OBJECT_FORMAT** structure containing the format name of the queue, as specified in section 3.1.4.6.
 - The SecurityInformation, SDSize, and pSecurityDescriptor parameters MUST be supplied as specified in section 3.1.4.6.

3.2.4.4 Retrieving Local Private Queue Security

The MSMQ application MUST supply a format name for a local private queue and a SECURITY_INFORMATION value indicating which portions of the security configuration to retrieve. The client can provide a buffer into which the server returns a SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR. SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6 and SECURITY_INFORMATION as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.

- The given format name MUST be of the "private" or "direct" variety, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.2.
- The client MUST call <u>R_QMGetObjectSecurityInternal</u>, specifying the following parameter values:
 - A pointer to an <u>OBJECT_FORMAT</u> structure containing the format name of the queue, as specified in section <u>3.1.4.7</u>.
 - pSecurityDescriptor can be NULL, in which case nLength MUST be NULL. If pSecurityDescriptor
 is not NULL, it points to an array of bytes and nLength MUST specify the byte length of the
 array.

- IpnLengthNeeded MUST point to a DWORD that receives the actual byte length of the requested SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR.
- If the server returns MQ_OK (0x00000000), the buffer pointed to by pSecurityDescriptor contains the requested SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR. The length of the SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR is pointed to by lpnLengthNeeded.
- If the server returns MQ_ERROR_SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR_TOO_SMALL (0xc00e0023), lpnLengthNeeded points to a DWORD containing the byte length required to contain the requested SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR. A subsequent call to R_QMGetObjectSecurityInternal using a buffer of the byte length indicated by lpnLengthNeeded can succeed.

3.2.4.5 Updating Local Private Queue Properties

The MSMQ application MUST supply a format name for a local private queue for which property values are to be updated and one or more new queue property values for the indicated queue. MSMQ queue property values are defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.3.1.

- The given format name MUST be of the "private" or "direct" variety, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.
- The client MUST call **R** OMSetObjectProperties, supplying the following parameter values:
 - A pointer to an **OBJECT_FORMAT** structure containing the format name of the queue, as specified in section 3.1.4.10.
 - Updated property values for the queue are provided using the *cp*, *aProp*, and *apVar* parameters as described in section <u>3.1.4.10</u>. The property identifiers in *aProp* MUST be in the table in section <u>3.1.1.12</u> and MUST be marked as applicable for a Set operation.

3.2.4.6 Retrieving Local Private Queue Properties

The MSMQ application MUST supply a format name for a local private queue from which to retrieve property values and a set of property identifiers for which values are to be retrieved. Additionally, the client MUST provide a set of **PROPVARIANT**s into which the server will place the requested property values. MSMQ queue property values and the **PROPVARIANT** structure are defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.13.2.

- The given format name MUST be of the "private" or "direct" variety, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.
- The client MUST call <u>R_QMGetObjectProperties</u>, supplying the following parameter values:
 - A pointer to an <u>OBJECT_FORMAT</u> structure containing the format name of the queue, as specified in section <u>3.1.4.9</u>.
 - *cp* MUST contain the number of properties to be retrieved.
 - aProp MUST contain an array of queue property identifiers requested by the MSMQ application. The array MUST contain cp elements. The property identifiers in aProp MUST be in the table in section 3.1.1.12 and MUST be marked as applicable for a Get operation.
 - apVar MUST contain an array of PROPVARIANT structures to be populated by the server.
 The array MUST contain cp elements.

3.2.4.7 Opening a Queue

To open a queue, the client application is expected to provide the following inputs:

- FormatName: A string containing a format name.
- AccessMode: A <u>DWORD</u> value corresponding to the values defined for the <u>dwDesiredAccess</u> parameter of the <u>rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal</u> method.
- ShareMode: A DWORD value corresponding to the values defined for the dwShareMode parameter of the rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal method.

The client MUST execute the following steps:

- The client MUST call the rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal method, supplying the following parameter values:
 - pQueueFormat := FormatName.
 - dwDesiredAccess := AccessMode.
 - dwShareMode := ShareMode.
 - *hRemoteQueue* := 0x00000000.
 - IpIpRemoteQueueName := in/out parameter:
 - In: NULL.
 - Out: Retrieve this value from the server.
 - dwpQueue := NULL.
 - pLicGuid :=iLicenceGuid.
 - IpClientName := This client's computer name.
 - pdwQMContext := Output parameter. Retrieve this value from the server.
 - phQueue := Output parameter. Retrieve this value from the server.
 - dwRemoteProtocol := 0x00000000.
 - dwpRemoteContext := 0x00000000.
- If MQ_OK (0x00000000) is returned, and the out-parameter value for *lplpRemoteQueueName* is NULL:
 - Assign values to the iOpenQueueContext attributes as follows:
 - *iOpenQueueContext*.**Handle** := *phQueue*
 - *iOpenQueueContext*.**Context** := *pdwQMContext*
 - Take no further action. The queue has been successfully opened. Use *iOpenQueueContext* for subsequent message operations against the queue.
- Else, if MQ_OK (0x00000000) is returned, and the out-parameter value for lplpRemoteQueueName is non-NULL:

- Using the RPC binding procedure as specified in section <u>3.2.4</u>, bind to the remote server indicated by the path name contained in *lplpRemoteQueueName*.
- At the remote server, invoke the <u>R_QMOpenRemoteQueue</u> method, supplying the following parameter values:
 - pphContext := Output parameter. Retrieve this value from the server.
 - *pdwContext* := Output parameter. Retrieve this value from the server.
 - pQueueFormat := FormatName.
 - dwCallingProcessID := 0x00000000. (Details of this parameter are described in section 3.1.4.2.)
 - dwDesiredAccess := AccessMode.
 - dwShareMode := ShareMode.
 - pLicGuid := iLicenceGuid.
 - dwMQS := A value indicating the client operating system, as defined in section 3.1.4.2.
 - *dwpQueue* := Output parameter. Retrieve this value from the server.
 - phQueue := Output parameter. Retrieve this value from the server.
- At the original server, invoke the rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal method once more, specifying the following parameter values:
 - *pQueueFormat* := FormatName.
 - dwDesiredAccess := AccessMode.
 - dwShareMode := ShareMode.
 - hRemoteQueue := phQueue (out-parameter value obtained from the R_QMOpenRemoteQueue method).
 - IpIpRemoteQueueName := in/out parameter:
 - In: NULL.
 - Out: MUST be ignored.
 - dwpQueue := dwpQueue (out-parameter value obtained from the R_QMOpenRemoteQueue method).
 - pLicGuid := iLicenceGuid.
 - *lpClientName* := This client's computer name.
 - pdwQMContext := Output parameter. Retrieve this value from the server.
 - phQueue := Output parameter. Retrieve this value from the server.
 - *dwRemoteProtocol* := 0x00000000.

- dwpRemoteContext := pdwContext (out-parameter value obtained from the R_QMOpenRemoteQueue method).
- At the remote server where the R_QMOpenRemoteQueue method was invoked, invoke the R_OMCloseRemoteQueueContext method with the following parameter value:
 - pphContext := pphContext (out-parameter value obtained from the R_QMOpenRemoteQueue method).
- Assign values to the *iOpenQueueContext* attributes as follows:
 - *iOpenQueueContext*.**Handle** := *phQueue* (out-parameter value obtained from the last call to the **rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal** method).
 - *iOpenQueueContext*.**Context** := *pdwQMContext* (out-parameter value obtained from the last call to the **rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal** method).
- Take no further action. The queue has been successfully opened. Use *iOpenQueueContext* for subsequent message operations against the queue.
- Else, or if any of the preceding method invocations failed:
 - The queue could not be opened.

3.2.4.8 Creating a Cursor

The client MUST execute the following steps:

- Invoke the rpc ACCreateCursorEx method with the following parameter values:
 - hQueue := iOpenQueueContext.**Handle**
 - pcc := In/Out structure. The member input values are ignored by the server. Retrieve the output values from the server.
- If the rpc_ACCreateCursorEx method returns a failure HRESULT, the cursor cannot be created. Take no further action.
- Else, if the rpc_ACCreateCursorEx method returns MQ_OK (0x00000000):
 - Store the <u>CursorIdentifier (section 3.2.1.3)</u> ADM element instance returned by pcc.hCursor for subsequent operations on the cursor.
 - Take no further action. The cursor was created successfully.
- Else, if the rpc_ACCreateCursorEx method returns MQ_INFORMATION_REMOTE_OPERATION (0x400E03E8):
 - Invoke the R OMGetRemoteQueueName method with the following parameter values:
 - pQueue := pcc.cli_pQMQueue (out-parameter value from the rpc_ACCreateCursorEx method)
 - IpIpRemoteQueueName := in/out parameter:
 - In: NULL.
 - Out: Retrieve this value from the server.

- Using the RPC binding procedure as specified in section <u>3.2.4</u>, bind to the remote server indicated by the path name contained in *lplpRemoteQueueName*.
- At the remote server, invoke the <u>R_QMCreateRemoteCursor</u> method, supplying the following parameter values:
 - hQueue := pcc.srv_hACQueue (out-parameter value from the rpc_ACCreateCursorEx method)
 - *phCursor* := Retrieve this out-parameter value from the server.
- At the original server (where the rpc_ACCreateCursorEx method was invoked), invoke the rpc_ACSetCursorProperties method with the following parameter values:
 - hProxy := iOpenQueueContext.Handle
 - hCursor := pcc.hCursor (out-parameter value from the rpc_ACCreateCursorEx method)
 - hRemoteCursor := phCursor (out-parameter value from the R_QMCreateRemoteCursor method)
 - If any of the R_QMGetRemoteQueueName, R_QMCreateRemoteCursor, or rpc_ACSetCursorProperties method invocations fails for any reason:
 - Invoke the <u>rpc ACCloseCursor</u> method with the following parameter values:
 - hQueue := iOpenQueueContext.**Handle**
 - hCursor := pcc.hCursor (out-parameter value from the rpc_ACCreateCursorEx method)
 - Take no further action. The cursor cannot be created.
 - Else:
 - Store the CursorIdentifier ADM element instance returned by pcc.hCursor for subsequent operations on the cursor.
 - The cursor was created successfully.

3.2.4.9 Purging a Queue

The client MUST execute the following steps:

- Invoke the rpc ACPurgeOueue method with the following parameter value:
 - hQueue := iOpenQueueContext.Handle

3.2.4.10 Sending a Message

To perform the send operation in the context of a transaction, the client first MUST call **R QMGetTmWhereabouts** to obtain transaction manager whereabouts and then enlist the transaction by calling **R QMEnlistTransaction** or **R QMEnlistInternalTransaction**, as described in sections 3.1.4.13 and 3.1.4.14.

The client MUST execute the following steps:

• Invoke the <u>rpc ACSendMessageEx</u> method with the following parameter values:

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- hQueue := iOpenQueueContext.**Handle**
- ptb := CACTransferBufferV2 structure:
 - ptb.old.uTransferType := CACTB_SEND (0x00000000)
 - ptb.old.pUow := A transaction identifier, or NULL.
 - The remainder of the fields MUST be populated according to the limitations and definitions in section 3.1.5.2.
- pMessageID := A 20-byte buffer to receive the message identifier, or NULL.

3.2.4.11 Peeking a Message

The client MUST execute the following steps:

- Invoke the <u>rpc ACReceiveMessageEx</u> method with the following parameter values:
 - hQMContext := iOpenQueueContext.Context
 - ptb := <u>CACTransferBufferV2</u> structure:
 - ptb.old.uTransferType := CACTB RECEIVE (0x00000001)
 - ptb.old.Receive.Action := MQ_ACTION_PEEK_CURRENT (0x80000000); or, if a <u>CursorIdentifier (section 3.2.1.3)</u> ADM element instance is provided for ptb.old.Receive.Cursor, MQ_ACTION_PEEK_NEXT (0x80000001) is also acceptable. The behavior for these values is described in section 3.1.5.3.
 - The remainder of the fields MUST be populated according to the limitations and definitions in section 3.1.5.3.

3.2.4.12 Receiving a Message

To perform the receive operation in the context of a transaction, the client first MUST call the **R QMGetTmWhereabouts** method to obtain transaction manager whereabouts and then enlist the transaction by calling the **R QMEnlistTransaction** method or the **R QMEnlistInternalTransaction** method, as described in sections 3.1.4.13 and 3.1.4.14.

The client MUST execute the following steps:

- Invoke the rpc ACReceiveMessageEx method with the following parameter values:
 - hQMContext := iOpenQueueContext.Context
 - ptb := <u>CACTransferBufferV2</u> structure:
 - ptb.old.uTransferType := CACTB_RECEIVE (0x00000001)
 - ptb.old.pUow := A transaction identifier, or NULL.
 - ptb.old.Receive.Action := MQ_ACTION_RECEIVE (0x00000000)
 - The remainder of the fields MUST be populated according to the limitations and definitions in section 3.1.5.3.

3.2.4.13 Retrieving a Format Name for a Queue Path Name

The MSMQ application MUST supply a queue path for which a format name is to be retrieved by the server.

- The client MUST call <u>R QMObjectPathToObjectFormat (section 3.1.4.11)</u>, supplying the following parameter values:
 - *IpwcsPathName* MUST contain a path name.
 - *pObjectFormat* MUST point to an **QUEUE_FORMAT** structure to be populated by the server. The **QUEUE_FORMAT** structure is specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.7.

3.2.4.14 Retrieving a Format Name for a Queue Context Handle

The client application is required to provide a buffer into which the format name string is to be placed.

The client MUST execute the following steps:

- Invoke the <u>rpc ACHandleToFormatName</u> method with the following parameter values:
 - hQueue := iOpenQueueContext.Handle
 - IpwcsFormatName := A Unicode character array into which the server copies a format name, or NULL.
 - dwFormatNameRPCBufferLen := The length of the lpwcsFormatName buffer; or, if lpwcsFormatName is NULL, 0x00000000.
 - pdwLength := The length of the lpwcsFormatName buffer; or, if lpwcsFormatName is NULL, 0x0000000. In the event that the buffer provided for the lpwcsFormatName parameter is not large enough to contain the resulting format name, the server sets the value of this parameter to the length of the entire format name.
- If the **rpc_ACHandleToFormatName** method returns MQ_OK (0x0000000), *lpwcsFormatName* contains a null-terminated format name.
- Else, if

MQ_ERROR_FORMATNAME_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL (0xc00e001f) is returned, the server could not copy the entire format name into the buffer provided by the <code>lpwcsFormatName</code> parameter. The <code>pdwLength</code> out-parameter contains the length of the full format name including the terminating null character, in Unicode characters. Repeat the call to the <code>rpc_ACHandleToFormatName</code> method with a sufficiently large <code>lpwcsFormatName</code> buffer to retrieve the entire format name result.

3.2.4.15 Closing a Queue

Close a queue by invoking the rpc ACCloseHandle method with the phQueue parameter set to iOpenQueueContext. Handle.

3.2.4.16 Closing a Cursor

Close a cursor by invoking the rpc ACCloseCursor method specifying the following parameter values:

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- *hQueue* := *iOpenQueueContext*.**Handle**
- hCursor := The **CursorIdentifier** ADM element instance previously obtained in section 3.2.4.8.

3.2.5 Timer Events

None.

3.2.6 Other Local Events

None.

4 Protocol Examples

The following sections describe several operations as used in common scenarios to illustrate the function of the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol.

4.1 Application Opening and Closing a Local Queue Example

The following sequence diagram illustrates an application interacting with a supporting server to open a queue handle for a queue located at the supporting server.

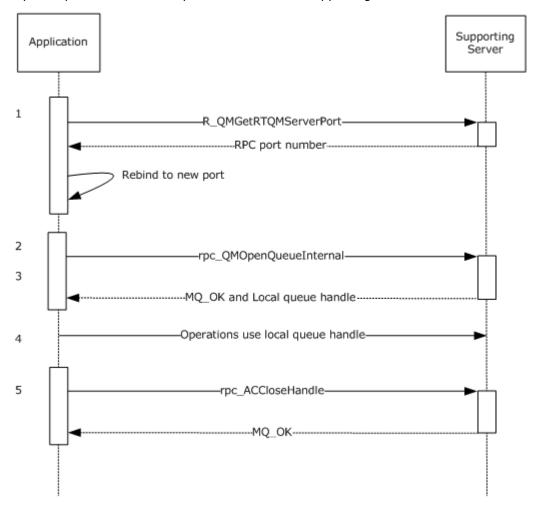


Figure 2: Queue opening

- 1. The application begins the RPC **session** by invoking **R QMGetRTQMServerPort** to query the RPC port number for subsequent method invocations.
- 2. The application invokes rpc QMOpenQueueInternal, specifying a format name identifying the queue to open.
- 3. The Supporting server determines that the queue identified by the format name is located locally. A local queue handle is returned. lplpRemoteQueueName is NULL, to indicate that a remote queue open sequence (demonstrated in section 4.2) is not necessary.

- 4. The application performs operations utilizing the local queue handle, such as send, receive, peek, or purge.
- 5. The application closes the local queue handle when it is no longer required.

4.2 Application Opening and Closing a Remote Queue Example

The following sequence diagram illustrates an application interacting with a supporting server to create a queue handle for a queue located at a remote queue manager.

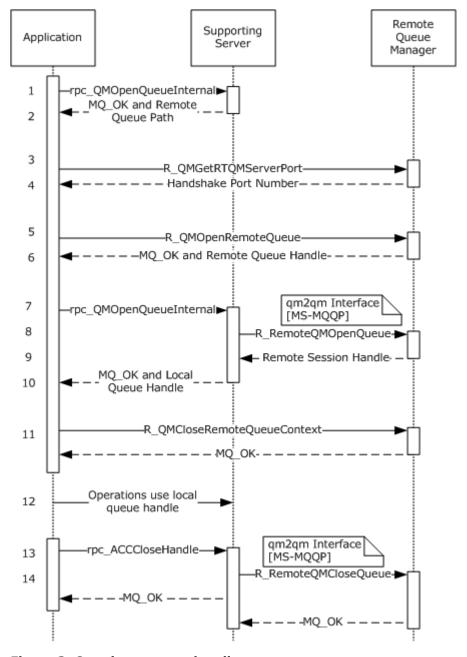


Figure 3: Creating a queue handle

- 1. The application invokes the rpc QMOpenQueueInternal method, providing a format name for a queue to open. NULL is specified for hRemoteQueue.
- 2. The supporting server determines that the queue identified by the format name is a remote queue. A path name for the remote queue is returned via *lplpRemoteQueueName*. All returned handles are NULL.
- 3. The application uses the path name returned by the **rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal** method to determine the computer name of the remote queue manager, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1. The application then establishes an RPC connection with the remote queue manager and begins the session by invoking the R_OMGetRTOMServerPort method.
- 4. The remote queue manager returns the RPC port number requested by the application.
- The application invokes the <u>R_QMOpenRemoteQueue</u> method at the remote queue manager, using the RPC port returned by the <u>R_QMGetRTQMServerPort</u> method and specifying the format name of the queue to be opened.
- 6. The remote queue manager opens the requested queue and returns a context handle and an **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance with its **Handle** attribute set to the application.
- 7. The application invokes the **rpc_QMOpenQueueInternal** method on the supporting server once again. For this invocation, the client provides the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance returned from the **R_QMOpenRemoteQueue** method.
- 8. The supporting server binds to the remote queue manager and utilizes the qm2qm RPC protocol, as defined by [MS-MQQP], to create a remote read session. The client passes the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance returned at step 6, which the server uses to correlate the requests.
- 9. The qm2qm protocol exchange between the supporting server and the remote queue manager produces a remote read session handle, as specified in [MS-MQQP].
- 10. The supporting server internally associates the qm2qm session handle with a new local queue handle and returns the local queue handle to the application.
- 11. The application, having successfully acquired a local queue handle, closes the intermediate context handle using the **R_QMCloseRemoteQueueContext** method.
- 12. The application utilizes the local queue handle to execute remote read message operations via the qmcomm2 interface. The supporting server uses the remote read session handle to contact the remote queue manager as necessary to carry out the message operations. This process is defined by [MS-MQQP].
- 13. The application is finished utilizing the local queue handle and closes it with a call to the rpc_ACCloseHandle method.
- 14.The supporting server closes the remote read session handle (via the qm2qm protocol, as specified in [MS-MQQP]) that was associated with the local queue handle passed by the application at step 13. Note that the supporting server invokes the qm2qm protocol in parallel and does not block the **rpc_ACCloseHandle** method invocation while the session handle is being closed.

4.3 Application Creating and Closing a Local Cursor Example

The following sequence diagram illustrates an application interacting with a supporting server to create and close a cursor for a queue located at the supporting server.

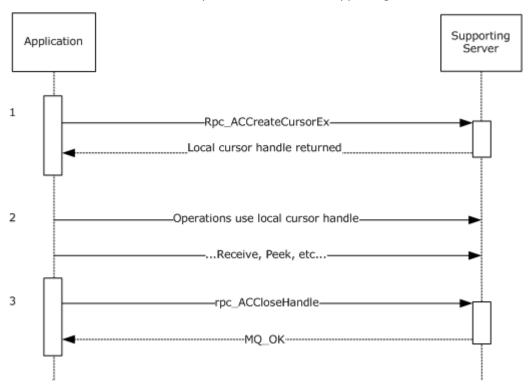


Figure 4: Creating and closing a local cursor

- 1. The application creates a local cursor using the qmcomm2 interface.
- 2. The application utilizes the local cursor to perform messaging operations.
- 3. The application closes the cursor via the rpc ACCloseCursor method.

4.4 Application Creating and Closing a Remote Cursor Example

The following sequence diagram illustrates an application interacting with a supporting server to create a cursor for a queue located at a remote queue manager. <77>

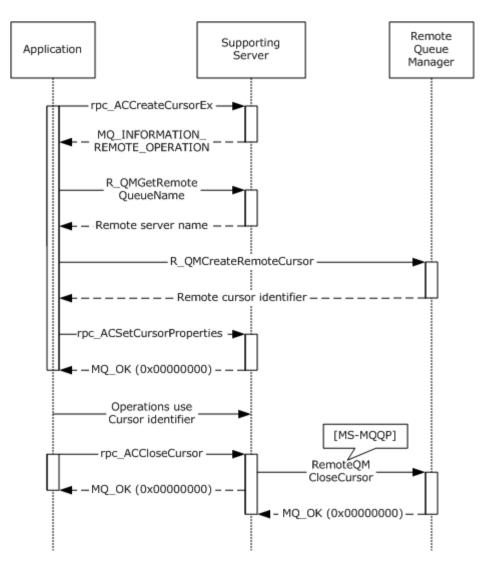


Figure 5: Creating and closing a remote cursor

- The application begins the process of creating a cursor by calling the <u>rpc ACCreateCursorEx</u> (Opnum 3) (section 3.1.5.4) method of the **qmcomm2** interface. A queue handle is specified, which identifies the queue with which to associate the cursor.
- 2. The supporting server, having determined that the queue is located remotely, returns the following information to the client:
 - 1. A new local <u>CursorProxy</u> (section 3.1.1.6) ADM element instance with its **Handle** attribute set.
 - 2. Queue context identifiers with meaning to the supporting server and remote queue manager.
 - 3. A special return code: MQ_INFORMATION_REMOTE_OPERATION (0x400e03e8).
- 3. The application detects the special return code MQ_INFORMATION_REMOTE_OPERATION (0x400e03e8), which indicates that the cursor must be created at a remote queue manager. In order to bind to the remote queue manager, the application must determine the computer name

of the remote queue manager. The application invokes the <u>R_QMGetRemoteQueueName</u> (section 3.1.4.1) method using the context identifier described at step 2.2.

- 4. The supporting server returns the path name for the remote queue.
- 5. The application determines the remote queue manager computer name using the path name returned at step 4. An RPC binding is established, and port number is queried via the ROMGetRTOMServerPort (section 3.1.4.24) method. The application then invokes the ROMCreateRemoteCursor (section 3.1.4.4) method at the remote queue manager, specifying the context identifier returned at step 2.2.
- 6. The remote queue manager creates and returns a remote cursor identifier to the application.
- 7. The application invokes the rpc ACSetCursorProperties (section 3.1.4.20) method, specifying the original context handle from step 1, the value of the Handle attribute of the CursorProxy ADM element instance for the local cursor from step 3.1, and the value of the Handle attribute of the Cursor (MS-MQDMPR] section 3.2) ADM element instance for the remote cursor from step 6. The supporting server associates these values for future reference.
- 8. The application can now utilize the value of the **Handle** attribute of the **CursorProxy** ADM element instance returned at step 2.1 to perform messaging operations via the **qmcomm2** interface. The supporting server delegates the operations to the remote queue manager via the **qm2qm** interface, as specified in [MS-MQQP].
- 9. The application closes the **CursorProxy** ADM element instance.
- 10. The supporting server closes the remote cursor created at step 7 via the **qm2qm** interface, as specified in [MS-MQQP]. Note that this is performed in parallel and need not block the return from the <u>rpc ACCloseCursor (section 3.1.4.19)</u> method invocation.

4.5 Application Internal Transaction Example

The following sequence diagram illustrates an application interacting with a supporting server to enlist the supporting server's resource manager (RM) in an internal transaction, perform operations in the scope of the internal transaction, and finally commit the transaction.

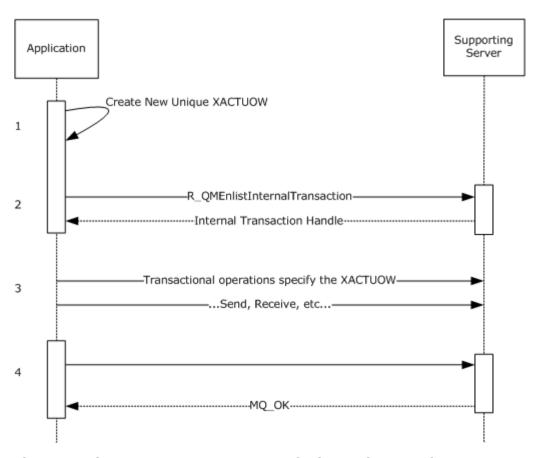


Figure 6: Using server resource manager for internal transaction

- Prior to invoking R QMEnlistInternalTransaction (section 3.1.4.14), the application MUST create a new unique transactional unit of work identifier XACTUOW ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18.1.8).
- 2. The application invokes **R_QMEnlistInternalTransaction** to create an internal transaction handle for the **XACTUOW**.
- 3. The application utilizes the **XACTUOW** identifier created at step 1 to perform operations in the scope of the transaction via the **qmcomm2** interface.
- 4. The application finally commits the transaction by calling **R OMCommitTransaction (section 3.1.4.15)**, specifying the internal transaction handle obtained at step 2.

5 Security

The following sections describe security considerations for implementers of the Message Queuing (MSMO): Oueue Manager Client Protocol.

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

Clients MAY invoke methods of this interface at the "none" authentication level as defined by [MS-RPCE]. Server implementations SHOULD be designed with careful consideration given to the security implications of accepting method calls from unauthenticated clients. Server implementations SHOULD reject methods invoked by unauthenticated clients by returning RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).

The **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** method is an exception to the above consideration since clients can invoke **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** prior to configuring security for the RPC binding. For this reason, server implementations MUST NOT restrict access to the **R_QMGetRTQMServerPort** method.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

6 Appendix A: Full IDL

For ease of implementation, the full IDL is provided below, where "ms-dtyp.idl" is the IDL found in [MS-DTYP] Appendix A (section 5), "ms-mqrr.idl" is the IDL found in <a href="MS-MQMQ] Appendix A (section 3).

```
// Please refer to [MS-MQMQ] for definitions of the
// following types:
// PROPVARIANT
// MULTICAST_ID
// OBJECTID
// XACTUOW
import "ms-mqmq.idl";
// Please refer to [MS-MQRR] for definitions of the
// following types:
// QUEUE FORMAT
// DL ID
import "ms-mqrr.idl";
// Please refer to [MS-DTYP] for definitions of the
// following types:
// DWORD
// GUID
 uuid(fdb3a030-065f-11d1-bb9b-00a024ea5525),
 version(1.0),
 pointer default (unique)
1
interface qmcomm
struct CACCreateRemoteCursor {
     DWORD hCursor;
      DWORD srv hACQueue;
      DWORD cli pQMQueue;
};
enum TRANSFER TYPE {
   CACTB SEND = 0,
    CACTB RECEIVE,
    CACTB CREATECURSOR,
};
struct CACTransferBufferV1 {
    [range(0,2)] DWORD uTransferType;
    [switch is(uTransferType)]
    union {
        [case(CACTB_SEND)]
        struct {
            struct QUEUE_FORMAT* pAdminQueueFormat;
            struct QUEUE FORMAT* pResponseQueueFormat;
        } Send;
        [case(CACTB RECEIVE)]
        struct {
            DWORD RequestTimeout;
            DWORD Action;
```

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```
DWORD Asynchronous;
        DWORD Cursor;
        [range(0,1024)] DWORD ulResponseFormatNameLen;
        [size is(,ulResponseFormatNameLen)]
          WCHAR** ppResponseFormatName;
        DWORD* pulResponseFormatNameLenProp;
        [range(0,1024)] DWORD ulAdminFormatNameLen;
        [size is(,ulAdminFormatNameLen)]
         WCHAR** ppAdminFormatName;
        DWORD* pulAdminFormatNameLenProp;
        [range(0,1024)] DWORD ulDestFormatNameLen;
        [size is(,ulDestFormatNameLen)]
          WCHAR** ppDestFormatName;
        DWORD* pulDestFormatNameLenProp;
        [range(0,1024)] DWORD ulOrderingFormatNameLen;
        [size is(,ulOrderingFormatNameLen)]
          WCHAR** ppOrderingFormatName;
        DWORD* pulOrderingFormatNameLenProp;
    } Receive;
    [case(CACTB CREATECURSOR)]
    struct CACCreateRemoteCursor CreateCursor;
};
unsigned short* pClass;
OBJECTID** ppMessageID;
[size_is(,20), length_is(,20)]
unsigned char** ppCorrelationID;
DWORD* pSentTime;
DWORD* pArrivedTime;
unsigned char* pPriority;
unsigned char* pDelivery;
unsigned char* pAcknowledge;
unsigned char* pAuditing;
DWORD* pApplicationTag;
[size is(,ulAllocBodyBufferInBytes),
length is(,ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes)]
unsigned char** ppBody;
DWORD ulBodyBufferSizeInBytes;
DWORD ulAllocBodyBufferInBytes;
DWORD* pBodySize;
[size is(,ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs),
length_is(,ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs)]
WCHAR** ppTitle;
DWORD ulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs;
DWORD* pulTitleBufferSizeInWCHARs;
DWORD ulAbsoluteTimeToQueue;
DWORD* pulRelativeTimeToQueue;
DWORD ulRelativeTimeToLive;
DWORD* pulRelativeTimeToLive;
unsigned char* pTrace;
DWORD* pulSenderIDType;
[size is(,uSenderIDLen)]
unsigned char** ppSenderID;
DWORD* pulSenderIDLenProp;
DWORD* pulPrivLevel;
DWORD ulAuthLevel;
unsigned char* pAuthenticated;
DWORD* pulHashAlg;
DWORD* pulEncryptAlg;
[size is(,ulSenderCertLen)]
```

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```
unsigned char** ppSenderCert;
    DWORD ulSenderCertLen;
    DWORD* pulSenderCertLenProp;
    [size is(,ulProvNameLen)] WCHAR** ppwcsProvName;
    DWORD ulProvNameLen;
DWORD* pulAuthProvNameLenProp;
DWORD* pulProvType;
long fDefaultProvider;
            fDefaultProvider;
    long
    [size is(,ulSymmKeysSize)] unsigned char** ppSymmKeys;
    DWORD ulSymmKeysSize;
    DWORD* pulSymmKeysSizeProp;
    unsigned char bEncrypted;
    unsigned char bAuthenticated;
    unsigned short uSenderIDLen;
    [size is(,ulSignatureSize)] unsigned char** ppSignature;
    DWORD ulSignatureSize;
DWORD* pulSignatureSizeProp;
    GUID** ppSrcQMID;
    XACTUOW* pUow;
    [size_is(,ulMsgExtensionBufferInBytes),
    length is(,ulMsqExtensionBufferInBytes)]
    unsigned char** ppMsgExtension;
    DWORD ulMsgExtensionBufferInBytes;
    DWORD* pMsgExtensionSize;
    GUID** ppConnectorType;
    DWORD* pulBodyType;
    DWORD* pulVersion;
}; // CACTransferBufferV1
struct CACTransferBufferV2 {
    struct CACTransferBufferV1 old;
    unsigned char * pbFirstInXact;
    unsigned char * pbLastInXact;
    OBJECTID** ppXactID;
}; // CACTransferBufferV2
struct OBJECT FORMAT {
    [range(1,2)] DWORD ObjType;
        [switch is(ObjType)] union
            [case(1)]
                struct QUEUE FORMAT* pQueueFormat;
        };
};
typedef [context handle] void* PCTX OPENREMOTE HANDLE TYPE;
typedef [context_handle] void* RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE;
typedef [context_handle] void* RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE;
// opnum 0
void
OpnumONotUsedOnWire (void);
// opnum 1
HRESULT
R QMGetRemoteQueueName(
    [in] handle_t
                                   hBind,
                                  pQueue,
    [in] DWORD
    [in, out, ptr, string]
                                   WCHAR** lplpRemoteQueueName
```

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```
);
// opnum 2
HRESULT
R QMOpenRemoteQueue(
    [in] handle t
                                         hBind,
    [out] PCTX_OPENREMOTE_HANDLE_TYPE *pphContext,
    [out] DWORD
                                         *pdwContext,
    [in, unique] struct QUEUE FORMAT
                                         *pQueueFormat,
    [in] DWORD
                                         dwCallingProcessID,
    [in] DWORD
                                         dwDesiredAccess,
    [in] DWORD
                                         dwShareMode,
    [in] GUID*
                                         pLicGuid,
    [in] DWORD
                                         dwMQS,
    [out] DWORD
                                         *dwpQueue,
    [out] DWORD
                                         *phQueue
    );
// opnum 3
void
R QMCloseRemoteQueueContext(
    [in, out] PCTX OPENREMOTE HANDLE TYPE *pphContext
// opnum 4
HRESULT
R QMCreateRemoteCursor(
    [in] handle t
                                         hBind,
    [in] struct CACTransferBufferV1 * ptb1,
    [in] DWORD
                                         hQueue,
    [out] DWORD *
                                         phCursor
    );
// opnum 5
void
Opnum5NotUsedOnWire (void);
// opnum 6
HRESULT
R QMCreateObjectInternal(
    [in] handle_t
                                     hBind,
    [in] DWORD
                                     dwObjectType,
    [in, string] const WCHAR* lpwcsPathName, [in, range(0, 524288)] DWORD SDSize,
    [in, unique, size_is (SDSize)]
       unsigned char
                                     *pSecurityDescriptor,
    [in, range(1, 128)] DWORD
                                    cp,
    [in, size_is (cp)] DWORD aProp[],
[in, size_is (cp)] PROPVARIANT apVar[]
                                      aProp[],
    );
// opnum 7
HRESULT
R QMSetObjectSecurityInternal(
                                     hBind,
    [in] handle_t
    [in] struct OBJECT FORMAT*
                                     pObjectFormat,
    [in] DWORD
                                     SecurityInformation,
    [in, range(0, 524288)] DWORD
                                     SDSize,
    [in, unique, size is (SDSize)]
```

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```
// opnum 8
HRESULT
R QMGetObjectSecurityInternal(
    [in] handle_t
                                          hBind,
    [in] struct OBJECT_FORMAT*
                                          pObjectFormat,
    [in] DWORD
                                          RequestedInformation,
    [out, size is (nLength)] unsigned char *pSecurityDescriptor,
    [in, range(0, 524288)] DWORD nLength,
    [out] DWORD*
                                         lpnLengthNeeded
   );
// opnum 9
HRESULT
R_QMDeleteObject(
     [in] handle t hBind,
     [in] struct OBJECT_FORMAT* pObjectFormat
    );
// opnum 10
HRESULT
R_QMGetObjectProperties(
                                      hBind,
    [in] handle t
                                      pObjectFormat,
    [in] struct OBJECT FORMAT*
                                     cp,
    [in, range(1, 128)] DWORD
    [in, size_is (cp )] DWORD
                                       aProp[],
   [in, out, size_is(cp)] PROPVARIANT apVar[]
   );
// opnum 11
HRESULT
R QMSetObjectProperties(
    [in] handle t
                                           hBind,
    [in] struct OBJECT FORMAT*
                                          pObjectFormat,
    [in, range(1, 128)] DWORD
                                           cp,
    [in, unique, size_is (cp )] DWORD aProp[],
    [in, unique, size is(cp)] PROPVARIANT apVar[]
   );
// opnum 12
HRESULT
R QMObjectPathToObjectFormat(
   [in] handle t hBind,
    [in, string] const WCHAR* lpwcsPathName,
    [in, out] struct OBJECT FORMAT *pObjectFormat
   );
// opnum 13
void
Opnum13NotUsedOnWire (void);
// opnum 14
HRESULT
R QMGetTmWhereabouts(
                                      hBind,
   [in] handle_t
    [in, range(0, 131072)] DWORD
                                      cbBufSize,
```

*pSecurityDescriptor);

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unsigned char

```
[out, size_is (cbBufSize)] unsigned char* pbWhereabouts,
    [out] DWORD
                                          *pcbWhereabouts
    );
// opnum 15
HRESULT
R QMEnlistTransaction(
    [in] handle t
                                         hBind,
    [in] XACTUOW*
                                         pUow,
    [in] XACTUOW* pUow,
[in, range(0, 131072)] DWORD cbCookie,
    [in, size is (cbCookie)] unsigned char* pbCookie
// opnum 16
HRESULT
R QMEnlistInternalTransaction(
    [in] handle_t hBind,
[in] XACTUOW* pUow,
    [out] RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE* phIntXact
   );
// opnum 17
HRESULT
R QMCommitTransaction(
    [in, out] RPC_INT_XACT_HANDLE* phIntXact
// opnum 18
HRESULT
R QMAbortTransaction(
    [in, out] RPC INT XACT HANDLE* phIntXact
    );
// opnum 19
HRESULT
rpc QMOpenQueueInternal(
   [in, out, ptr, string] WCHAR** lplpRemoteQueueName,
   [in] DWORD* dwpQueue,
[in] GUID* pLicGuid,
   [in] GUID* pLicGuid,
[in, string] WCHAR* lpClientName,
[out] DWORD* pdwQMContext,
    [out] RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE* phQueue,
    [in]DWORDdwRemoteProtocol,[in]DWORDdwpRemoteContext
    );
// opnum 20
HRESULT
rpc ACCloseHandle(
    [in, out] RPC QUEUE HANDLE* phQueue
    );
// opnum 21
void
```

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```
Opnum21NotUsedOnWire (void);
// opnum 22
HRESULT
rpc ACCloseCursor(
    [in] RPC QUEUE HANDLE hQueue,
    [in] DWORD hCursor
    );
// opnum 23
HRESULT
rpc_ACSetCursorProperties(
    [in] RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE hProxy,
    [in] DWORD hCursor,
    [in] DWORD hRemoteCursor
    );
// opnum 24
void
Opnum24NotUsedOnWire (void);
// opnum 25
void
Opnum25NotUsedOnWire(void);
// opnum 26
HRESULT
rpc_ACHandleToFormatName(
    [in] RPC QUEUE HANDLE hQueue,
    [in, range(0, 524288)] DWORD dwFormatNameRPCBufferLen,
    [in, out, unique,
    size is(dwFormatNameRPCBufferLen),
    length_is(dwFormatNameRPCBufferLen)] WCHAR* lpwcsFormatName,
    [in, out] DWORD* pdwLength
    );
// opnum 27
HRESULT
rpc ACPurgeQueue(
    [in] RPC QUEUE HANDLE hQueue
   );
// opnum 28
HRESULT
R QMQueryQMRegistryInternal(
    [in] handle_t hBind,
[in] DWORD dwQueryType,
    [out, string] WCHAR** lplpMQISServer
    );
// opnum 29
void
Opnum29NotUsedOnWire (void);
// opnum 30
void
```

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```
Opnum30NotUsedOnWire (void);
// opnum 31
DWORD
R QMGetRTQMServerPort(
     [in] handle t hBind,
     [in] DWORD fIP
);
// opnum 32
void
Opnum32NotUsedOnWire (void);
// opnum 33
void
Opnum33NotUsedOnWire (void);
// opnum 34
void
Opnum34NotUsedOnWire(void);
} // interface qmcomm
 uuid (76d12b80-3467-11d3-91ff-0090272f9ea3),
 version(1.0),
 pointer default (unique)
interface qmcomm2
// opnum 0
HRESULT
QMSendMessageInternalEx(
   [in] handle_t
                                     hBind,
    [in] struct QUEUE_FORMAT* pQueueFormat,
    [in] struct CACTransferBufferV2 * ptb,
    [in, out, unique] OBJECTID * pMessageID
   );
// opnum 1
HRESULT
rpc ACSendMessageEx(
    [in] RPC QUEUE HANDLE
                                   hQueue,
    [in] struct CACTransferBufferV2 * ptb,
    [in, out, unique] OBJECTID * pMessageID
// opnum 2
HRESULT
rpc ACReceiveMessageEx(
   [in] handle_t
                                          hBind,
    [in] DWORD
                                          hQMContext,
    [in, out] struct CACTransferBufferV2 * ptb
   );
// opnum 3
HRESULT
```

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```
rpc_ACCreateCursorEx(
    [in] RPC_QUEUE_HANDLE hQueue,
    [in, out] struct CACCreateRemoteCursor * pcc
    );
} // interface qmcomm2
```

7 Appendix B: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Microsoft Windows NT® operating system
- Microsoft Windows® 2000 operating system
- Windows® XP operating system
- Windows Server® 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista® operating system
- Windows Server® 2008 operating system
- Windows® 7 operating system
- Windows Server® 2008 R2 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 1.6: Only Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP 32-bit, and Windows Server 2003 32-bit on domain-joined machines can be configured as clients of a supporting server. Servers running Windows NT and Windows 2000 act as supporting servers. By default, Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2008 R2 do not act as supporting servers, although an administrator can enable support when the MSMQ service is integrated with a directory service.

<2> Section 2.1: The ncacn_spx protocol sequence is supported only by Windows NT and Windows 2000 and is supported only if TCP/IP is unavailable. Support for IPX and the ncacn_spx protocol sequence is deprecated on Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2. The ncacn_ip_tcp protocol sequence is supported when TCP/IP is available.

<3> Section 2.2.3.1: All Windows clients produce new **XACTUOW** values by calling the Windows RPC function UuidCreate.

<4> Section 2.2.3.2: All Windows implementations of qmcomm and qmcomm2 Server ignore this value. If this field is not set to FALSE, clients on Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003 create a new thread that is used to perform the steps described in Receiving a Message (section 3.2.4.12).

<5> Section 2.2.3.2: With MSMQ version 2 and higher, the **ppSignature** member contains an MSMQ 1.0 digital signature followed by an MSMQ 2.0 digital signature.

<6> Section 2.2.3.2: The only value supported by Windows is FALCON_PACKET_VERSION (0x00000010).

<7> Section 2.3: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, this protocol uses the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [MS-MQDS].

<8> Section 2.3: For the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [MS-MQDS], the Directory Service schema elements are described in [MS-MQDS] sections 2.2.10 and 3.1.4.21.1 through 3.1.4.21.4.

<9> Section 3.1.4: Windows 2000 and Windows Server 2003 use target level 5.0. Windows NT disables strict NDR data consistency checks.

<10> Section 3.1.4: Opnums reserved for local use apply to Windows as follows:

| Opnum | Description |
|-------|---|
| 0 | Used only locally by Windows, never remotely. |
| 5 | Not used by Windows. |
| 13 | Used only locally by Windows, never remotely. |
| 21 | Not used by Windows. |
| 24 | Not used by Windows. |
| 25 | Not used by Windows. |
| 29 | Used only locally by Windows, never remotely. |
| 30 | Used only locally by Windows, never remotely. |
| 32 | Used only locally by Windows, never remotely. |
| 33 | Used only locally by Windows, never remotely. |
| 34 | Used only locally by Windows, never remotely. |

<11> Section 3.1.4.1: Only Windows NT and Windows 2000 servers implement this method. The remote cursor creation process was revised for Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, and Windows Server 2008 R2.

For Windows NT and Windows 2000 servers, the method rpc ACCreateCursorEx returns MQ_INFORMATION_REMOTE_OPERATION (0x400e03e8) to the client to indicate that a different queue manager is required to create the cursor. Upon receiving this return code, a client can proceed with cursor creation by calling Region of MGetRemoteQueueName to determine which queue manager to contact. For Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, and Windows Server 2008 R2, this process was revised such that rpc ACCreateCursorEx contacts the remote queue on behalf of the client, eliminating the need for Region of MGetRemoteQueueName on Windows Server 2003 immediately raises the exception MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_OPERATION (0xc00e0064); Region of MGetRemoteQueueName on Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2008 R2 returns RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).

<12> Section 3.1.4.1: For Windows NT and Windows 2000 servers, the method rpc ACCreateCursorEx returns MQ_INFORMATION_REMOTE_OPERATION (0x400e03e8) to the client to indicate that a different queue manager is required to create the cursor. Upon receiving this return code, a client can proceed with cursor creation by calling R_QMGetRemoteQueueName to

determine which queue manager to contact. For Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, and Windows Server 2008 R2, this process was revised such that rpc_ACCreateCursorEx contacts the remote queue on behalf of the client, which eliminates the need for R_QMGetRemoteQueueName on Windows Server 2003 immediately raises the exception MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_OPERATION (0xc00e0064); R_QMGetRemoteQueueName on Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2008 R2 returns RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).

<13> Section 3.1.4.1: For Windows NT and Windows 2000 servers, the method rpc ACCreateCursorEx returns MQ_INFORMATION_REMOTE_OPERATION (0x400e03e8) to the client to indicate that a different queue manager is required to create the cursor. Upon receiving this return code, a client can proceed with cursor creation by calling R_OMGetRemoteQueueName to determine which queue manager to contact. For Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, and Windows Server 2008 R2, this process was revised such that rpc_ACCreateCursorEx contacts the remote queue on behalf of the client, eliminating the need for R_OMGetRemoteQueueName to exist. If invoked, R_OMGetRemoteQueueName on Windows Server 2003 immediately raises the exception MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_OPERATION (0xc00e0064); R_OMGetRemoteQueueName on Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2008 R2 returns RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).

<14> Section 3.1.4.1: For Windows NT and Windows 2000 servers, the method rpc ACCreateCursorEx returns MQ_INFORMATION_REMOTE_OPERATION (0x400e03e8) to the client to indicate that a different queue manager is required to create the cursor. Upon receiving this return code, a client can proceed with cursor creation by calling R_OMGetRemoteQueueName to determine which queue manager to contact. For Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, and Windows Server 2008 R2, this process was revised such that rpc ACCreateCursorEx contacts the remote queue on behalf of the client, eliminating the need for R_OMGetRemoteQueueName to exist. If invoked, R_OMGetRemoteQueueName on Windows Server 2003 immediately raises the exception MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_OPERATION (0xc00e0064); R_OMGetRemoteQueueName on Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2008 R2 returns RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).

<15> Section 3.1.4.2: A Windows client passes its Windows process ID, as returned by the Windows SDK function GetCurrentProcessId. Servers ignore the value of this parameter. Therefore, clients can pass 0x00000000.

<16> Section 3.1.4.2: Clients identify themselves to the server using a GUID generated at install time, and never subsequently modified.

<17> Section 3.1.4.2: These parameters are used to implement client access licensing restrictions. Such restrictions are enforced only by servers running Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows Server 2003. The parameters are ignored by Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2.

<18> Section 3.1.4.2: Servers running Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows Server 2003 can limit the number of unique callers. If the limit is exceeded, the server can take no action and return MQ_ERROR_DEPEND_WKS_LICENSE_OVERFLOW (0xc00e0067).

<19> Section 3.1.4.2: These parameters are used to implement client access licensing restrictions. Such restrictions are enforced only by servers running Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows Server 2003. The parameters are ignored by Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2.

<20> Section 3.1.4.2: These parameters are used to implement client access licensing restrictions.
Such restrictions are enforced only by servers running Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows

Server 2003. The parameters are ignored by Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2.

- <21> Section 3.1.4.2: A non-Microsoft OS.
- <22> Section 3.1.4.2: Any edition of Windows 95, Windows 98, or Windows Millennium Edition.
- <23> Section 3.1.4.2: Windows NT Workstation, Windows 2000 Professional, Windows XP, Windows Vistaor Windows 7.
- <24> Section 3.1.4.2: Windows NT Server, Windows 2000 Server, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008Windows 7, or Windows Server 2008 R2.
- <25> Section 3.1.4.2: Any premium, advanced, or data center edition of an NT-class Windows Server OS.
- <a href="<26"><26> Section 3.1.4.2: Windows applications typically invoke R OMOpenRemoteQueue">QMOpenRemoteQueue indirectly via the Windows API function MQOpenQueue. The Windows API documentation for MQOpenQueue includes the following error codes. For their descriptions, refer to [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4 or to [MSDN-MQEIC] for those not described in [MS-MQMQ].

| Name | Value |
|---|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED | 0xc00E0025 |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_FORMATNAME | 0xC00E001E |
| MQ_ERROR_NO_DS | 0xC00E0013 |
| MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_FOUND | 0xC00E0003 |
| MQ_ERROR_REMOTE_MACHINE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xC00E0069 |
| MQ_ERROR_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00E000B |
| MQ_ERROR_SHARING_VIOLATION | 0xC00E0009 |
| MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_ACCESS_MODE | 0xC00E0045 |
| MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION | 0xC00E0020 |
| LDAP_BUSY | 0x8007200E |
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER | 0xC00E0006 |

- <27> Section 3.1.4.2: Windows NT and Windows 2000 support these R QMOpenRemoteQueue out-parameter assignments.
- <28> Section 3.1.4.2: Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 support these R QMOpenRemoteQueue out-parameter assignments.
- <29> Section 3.1.4.4: Windows clients pass a non-NULL pointer to a zeroed-out
 CACTransferBufferV1 structure when calling R QMCreateRemoteCursor. The server ignores the CACTransferBufferV1 pointer.
- <30> Section 3.1.4.5: Windows applications typically invoke R OMCreateObjectInternal indirectly via the Windows API function MQCreateQueue. The Windows API documentation for

MQCreateQueue includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4. For error codes not described in [MS-MQMQ], refer to [MSDN-MQEIC].

| Name | Value |
|--|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED | 0xc00e0025 |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_PROPERTY_VALUE | 0xc00e0018 |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_QUEUE_PATHNAME | 0xc00e0014 |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR | 0xc00e0021 |
| MQ_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_PROPERTIES | 0xc00e003f |
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_OWNER | 0xc00e0044 |
| MQ_ERROR_NO_DS | 0xc00e0013 |
| MQ_ERROR_PROPERTY | 0xc00e0002 |
| MQ_ERROR_PROPERTY_NOTALLOWED | 0xc00e003e |
| MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_EXISTS | 0xc00e0005 |
| MQ_ERROR_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e000b |
| MQ_ERROR_WRITE_NOT_ALLOWED | 0xc00e0065 |
| MQ_INFORMATION_FORMATNAME_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL | 0x400e0009 |
| MQ_INFORMATION_PROPERTY | 0x400e0001 |
| LDAP_BUSY | 0x8007200e |
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER | 0xC00E0006 |

<31> Section 3.1.4.5: Windows components that invoke R QMCreateObjectInternal indirectly via the Windows API function MQCreateQueue test for the following return value. For a description of the following error code, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4.

| Name | Value |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_FORMATNAME_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL | 0xc00e001f |

<32> Section 3.1.4.6: Windows applications typically invoke R QMSetObjectSecurityInternal indirectly via the Windows API function MQSetQueueSecurity. The Windows API documentation for MQSetQueueSecurity includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4. For error codes not described in [MS-MQMQ], refer to [MSDN-MQEIC].

| Name | Value |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED | 0xc00e0025 |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_FORMATNAME | 0xc00e001e |

| Name | Value |
|---|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_NO_DS | 0xc00e0013 |
| MQ_ERROR_PRIVILEGE_NOT_HELD | 0xc00e0026 |
| MQ_ERROR_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e000b |
| MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION | 0xc00e0020 |
| MQ_INFORMATION_OWNER_IGNORED | 0x400e000b |
| LDAP_BUSY | 0x8007200e |

<33> Section 3.1.4.7: Windows applications typically invoke R_QMGetObjectSecurityInternal indirectly via the Windows API function MQGetQueueSecurity. The Windows API documentation for MQGetQueueSecurity includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4. For error codes not described in [MS-MQMQ], refer to [MSDN-MQEIC].

| Name | Value |
|---|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED | 0xc00e0025 |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_FORMATNAME | 0xc00e001e |
| MQ_ERROR_NO_DS | 0xc00e0013 |
| MQ_ERROR_PRIVILEGE_NOT_HELD | 0xc00e0026 |
| MQ_ERROR_SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR_TOO_SMALL | 0xc00e0023 |
| MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION | 0xc00e0020 |
| LDAP_BUSY | 0x8007200e |

<34> Section 3.1.4.8: Windows applications typically invoke R QMDeleteObject indirectly via the Windows API function MQDeleteQueue. The Windows API documentation for MQDeleteQueue includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4. For error codes not described in [MS-MOMO], refer to [MSDN-MQEIC].

| Name | Value |
|---|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED | 0xc00e0025 |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_FORMATNAME | 0xc00e001e |
| MQ_ERROR_NO_DS | 0xc00e0013 |
| MQ_ERROR_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e000b |
| MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION | 0xc00e0020 |
| MQ_ERROR_WRITE_NOT_ALLOWED | 0xc00e0065 |
| LDAP_BUSY | 0x8007200e |

<35> Section 3.1.4.8: Windows components that invoke R QMDeleteObject indirectly via the Windows API function MQDeleteQueue test for the following return value. For a description of the following error code, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4.

| Name | Value |
|------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_DELETED | 0xc00e005a |

<36> Section 3.1.4.9: Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2008 return MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_PROPERTY_VT (0xc00e0019).

<37> Section 3.1.4.9: Windows applications typically invoke R QMGetObjectProperties indirectly via the Windows API function MQGetQueueProperties. The Windows API documentation for MQGetQueueProperties includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4. For error codes not described in [MS-MQMQ], refer to [MSDN-MQEIC].

| Name | Value |
|---|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED | 0xc00e0025 |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_FORMATNAME | 0xc00e001e |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_PROPERTY_VT | 0xc00e0019 |
| MQ_ERROR_NO_DS | 0xc00e0013 |
| MQ_ERROR_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e000b |
| MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION | 0xc00e0020 |
| MQ_INFORMATION_DUPLICATE_PROPERTY | 0x400e0005 |
| MQ_INFORMATION_PROPERTY | 0x400e0001 |
| MQ_INFORMATION_UNSUPPORTED_PROPERTY | 0x400e0004 |
| LDAP_BUSY | 0x8007200e |

<38> Section 3.1.4.9: Windows components that invoke R QMGetObjectProperties indirectly via the Windows API function MQGetQueueProperties test for the following return value. For a description of the following error code, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4.

| Name | Value |
|----------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR | 0xc00e0001 |

<39> Section 3.1.4.10: Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2008 return MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_PROPERTY_VT (0xc00e0019).

<40> Section 3.1.4.10: Windows applications typically invoke R QMSetObjectProperties indirectly via the Windows API function MQSetQueueProperties. The Windows API documentation for MQSetQueueProperties includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4. For error codes not described in [MS-MQMQ], refer to [MSDN-MQEIC].

| Name | Value |
|---|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED | 0xc00e0025 |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_FORMATNAME | 0xc00e001e |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_PROPERTY_VALUE | 0xc00e0018 |
| MQ_ERROR_NO_DS | 0xc00e0013 |
| MQ_ERROR_PROPERTY | 0xc00e0002 |
| MQ_ERROR_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e000b |
| MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION | 0xc00e0020 |
| MQ_ERROR_WRITE_NOT_ALLOWED | 0xc00e0065 |
| MQ_INFORMATION_PROPERTY | 0x400e0001 |
| LDAP_BUSY | 0x8007200e |

<41> Section 3.1.4.11: Windows applications typically invoke R QMObjectPathToObjectFormat indirectly via the Windows API function MQPathNameToFormatName. The Windows API documentation for MQPathNameToFormatName includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4. For error codes not described in [MS-MQMQ], refer to [MSDN-MQEIC].

| Name | Value |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_FORMATNAME_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL | 0xc00e001f |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_QUEUE_PATHNAME | 0xc00e0014 |
| MQ_ERROR_NO_DS | 0xc00e0013 |
| MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_FOUND | 0xc00e0003 |
| MQ_ERROR_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e000b |
| LDAP_BUSY | 0x8007200e |

| Name | Value |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION | 0xc00e006a |

<a href="<><43> Section 3.1.4.13: Windows components that invoke R OMEnlistTransaction">QMEnlistTransaction indirectly via the Windows API function MQBeginTransaction test for the following return value. For a description of the following error code, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4.

| Name | Value |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_RESOURCES | 0xC00E0027 |

- <44> Section 3.1.4.14: All Windows clients produce new XACTUOW values by calling the Windows RPC function UuidCreate.
- <45> Section 3.1.4.17: Clients identify themselves to the server using a GUID generated at install time, and never subsequently modified.
- <a href="<46"><46> Section 3.1.4.17: These parameters are used to implement client access licensing restrictions. Such restrictions are enforced only by Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows Server 2003 servers. The parameters are ignored by Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2008 R2.
- <47> Section 3.1.4.17: Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows Server 2003 servers can limit the number of unique callers. If the limit is exceeded, the server can take no action and can return MQ ERROR DEPEND WKS LICENSE OVERFLOW (0xc00e0067).
- <48> Section 3.1.4.17: Windows clients obtain this string from the Windows SDK function GetComputerName.
- <49> Section 3.1.4.17: Client access licensing restrictions are only enforced by Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows Server 2003 supporting servers.
- <50> Section 3.1.4.17: Windows servers accept the value 0x00000000 to indicate that the TCP/IP protocol sequence is used when connecting to a remote queue manager for remote read. Windows NT and Windows 2000 servers accept the value 0x00000003 to indicate that the IPX/SPX protocol sequence is used when connecting to a remote queue manager for remote read. Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 servers ignore the parameter.
- <51> Section 3.1.4.17: Windows applications typically invoke rpc QMOpenQueueInternal indirectly via the Windows API function MQOpenQueue. The Windows API documentation for MQOpenQueue includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4. For error codes not described in [MS-MQMQ], refer to [MSDN-MQEIC].

| Name | Value |
|---|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED | 0xc00e0025 |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_FORMATNAME | 0xc00e001e |
| MQ_ERROR_NO_DS | 0xc00e0013 |
| MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_FOUND | 0xc00e0003 |
| MQ_ERROR_REMOTE_MACHINE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e0069 |
| MQ_ERROR_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e000b |
| MQ_ERROR_SHARING_VIOLATION | 0xc00e0009 |
| MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_ACCESS_MODE | 0xc00e0045 |
| MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION | 0xc00e0020 |

<52> Section 3.1.4.18: Windows applications typically invoke <u>rpc ACCloseHandle</u> indirectly via the Windows API function MQCloseQueue. The Windows API documentation for MQCloseQueue includes the following error code. For a description of the following error code, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4.

| Name | Value |
|-------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE | 0xc00e0007 |

<53> Section 3.1.4.18: All Windows Server implementations invoke the [MS-MQQP] method RemoteQMCloseQueue using a parallel process, permitting immediate return of control to the client. Note that this introduces the possibility that RemoteQMCloseQueue could fail and that the client would not be informed.

<54> Section 3.1.4.19: Windows applications typically invoke <u>rpc ACCloseCursor</u> indirectly via the Windows API function MQCloseCursor. The Windows API documentation for MQCloseCursor includes the following error code. For a description of the following error code, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4.

| Name | Value |
|-------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE | 0xc00e0007 |

<55> Section 3.1.4.20: This method is implemented only on Windows NT and Windows 2000. Due to revisions to the cursor creation process, the method rpc_ACSetCursorProperties is obsolete on Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2. If the server implementation does not support rpc_ACSetCursorProperties, it should take no action and return MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_OPERATION (0xc00e0064). Note that this differs from the behavior of other obsolete methods that raise MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_OPERATION as an RPC exception.

<56> Section 3.1.4.20: For Windows NT and Windows 2000 servers, the method rpc ACCreateCursorEx returns MQ_INFORMATION_REMOTE_OPERATION (0x400e03e8) to the client to indicate that a different queue manager is required to create the cursor. Upon receiving this return code, a client can proceed with cursor creation by calling R_QMGetRemoteQueueName (section 3.1.4.1) to determine which queue manager to contact. For Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, and Windows Server 2008 R2, this process was revised such that rpc ACCreateCursorEx contacts the remote queue on behalf of the client, eliminating the need for R_QMGetRemoteQueueName to exist. If invoked, R_QMGetRemoteQueueName on Windows Server 2003 takes no action and immediately raises the exception MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_OPERATION (0xc00e0064); R_QMGetRemoteQueueName on Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2008 R2 returns RPC S_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).

<57> Section 3.1.4.21: Windows applications typically invoke rpc ACHandleToFormatName indirectly via the Windows API function MQHandleToFormatName. The Windows API documentation for MQHandleToFormatName includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4. For error codes not described in [MS-MQMQ], refer to [MSDN-MQEIC].

| Name | Value |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_FORMATNAME_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL | 0xc00e001f |
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE | 0xc00e0007 |

| Name | Value |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e000b |
| MQ_ERROR_STALE_HANDLE | 0xc00e0056 |

<58> Section 3.1.4.22: Windows applications typically invoke rpc ACPurgeQueue indirectly via the Windows API function MQPurgeQueue. The Windows API documentation for MQPurgeQueue includes the following error code. For a description of the following error code, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4.

| Name | Value |
|-------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE | 0xc00e0007 |

<59> Section 3.1.4.23: For Windows NT and Windows 2000 Server, this value defaults to "7776000" (90 days). For Windows Server 2003 and Windows Server 2008, the default value is "345600" (4 days).

<60> Section 3.1.4.23: Windows servers store and retrieve these values from the registry.

<61> Section 3.1.4.23: Windows servers store and retrieve these values from the registry.

<62> Section 3.1.4.23: This value is supported by Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2. Windows NT servers return a failure HRESULT.

<a>d3> Section 3.1.4.23: This value is supported by Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2. Windows NT servers return a failure HRESULT.

<64> Section 3.1.4.23: Windows servers store and retrieve these values from the registry.

<65> Section 3.1.4.24: RPC over SPX is supported only by Windows NT and Windows 2000. This value is not supported by Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2. The server returns 0x00000000 to indicate failure.

<66> Section 3.1.4.24: RPC over SPX is supported only by Windows NT and Windows 2000. This value is not supported by Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2. The server returns 0x00000000 to indicate failure.

<67> Section 3.1.5.1: Windows applications typically invoke QMSendMessageInternalEx indirectly via the Windows API function MQSendMessage. The Windows API documentation for MQSendMessage includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MOMO] section 2.4. For error codes not described in <a href="MS-MOMO], refer to <a href="MS-MOMO], refer to <a href="MS-MOMO], refer to <a href="MS-MOMO].

| Name | Value |
|---|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED | 0xc00e0025 |
| MQ_ERROR_BAD_SECURITY_CONTEXT | 0xc00e0035 |
| MQ_ERROR_CERTIFICATE_NOT_PROVIDED | 0xc00e006d |
| MQ_ERROR_CORRUPTED_INTERNAL_CERTIFICATE | 0xc00e002d |

| Name | Value |
|---|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_CORRUPTED_PERSONAL_CERT_STORE | 0xc00e0031 |
| MQ_ERROR_CORRUPTED_SECURITY_DATA | 0xc00e0030 |
| MQ_ERROR_COULD_NOT_GET_USER_SID | 0xc00e0036 |
| MQ_ERROR_DTC_CONNECT | 0xc00e004c |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_FORMATNAME | 0xc00e001e |
| MQ_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_RESOURCES | 0xc00e0027 |
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_CERTIFICATE | 0xc00e002c |
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE | 0xc00e0007 |
| MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_STORAGE_FAILED | 0xc00e002a |
| MQ_ERROR_NO_INTERNAL_USER_CERT | 0xc00e002f |
| MQ_ERROR_PROPERTY | 0xc00e0002 |
| MQ_ERROR_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e000b |
| MQ_ERROR_STALE_HANDLE | 0xc00e0056 |
| MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_USAGE | 0xc00e0050 |
| MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_ENLIST | 0xc00e0058 |
| MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_SEQUENCE | 0xc00e0051 |
| MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION | 0xc00e0020 |
| MQ_INFORMATION_PROPERTY | 0x400e0001 |

<68> Section 3.1.5.2: Message bodies are stored encrypted when messages reach their destination queues. Servers running Windows NT and Windows 2000 only perform message body decryption in the QMSendMessageInternalEx (section 3.1.5.1) method. If a message with an encrypted body is sent directly to a target queue via the rpc ACSendMessageEx method, servers running Windows NT and Windows 2000 return STATUS_RETRY (0xc000022d) to indicate that the client calls QMSendMessageInternalEx instead.

<69> Section 3.1.5.2: Clients running Windows NT and Windows 2000 use MQMSG_CALG_MD5 (0x00008003) as the default hash algorithm. Clients running Windows XP 32-bit and Windows Server 2003 32-bit use MQMSG_CALG_SHA1 (0x00008004) as the default hash algorithm.

<70> Section 3.1.5.2: Clients on supported Windows platforms use MQMSG_CALG_RC2 (0x00006602) as the default encryption algorithm value.

<71> Section 3.1.5.2: The ptb.old.pulAuthProvNameLenProp field is ignored on input to send operations on Windows NT.

<72> Section 3.1.5.2: Windows applications typically invoke rpc ACSendMessageEx indirectly via the Windows API function MQSendMessage. The Windows API documentation for MQSendMessage

includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4. For error codes not described in [MS-MQMQ], refer to [MSDN-MQEIC].

| Name | Value |
|---|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED | 0xc00e0025 |
| MQ_ERROR_BAD_SECURITY_CONTEXT | 0xc00e0035 |
| MQ_ERROR_CERTIFICATE_NOT_PROVIDED | 0xc00e006d |
| MQ_ERROR_CORRUPTED_INTERNAL_CERTIFICATE | 0xc00e002d |
| MQ_ERROR_CORRUPTED_PERSONAL_CERT_STORE | 0xc00e0031 |
| MQ_ERROR_CORRUPTED_SECURITY_DATA | 0xc00e0030 |
| MQ_ERROR_COULD_NOT_GET_USER_SID | 0xc00e0036 |
| MQ_ERROR_DTC_CONNECT | 0xc00e004c |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_FORMATNAME | 0xc00e001e |
| MQ_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_RESOURCES | 0xc00e0027 |
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_CERTIFICATE | 0xc00e002c |
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE | 0xc00e0007 |
| MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_STORAGE_FAILED | 0xc00e002a |
| MQ_ERROR_NO_INTERNAL_USER_CERT | 0xc00e002f |
| MQ_ERROR_PROPERTY | 0xc00e0002 |
| MQ_ERROR_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e000b |
| MQ_ERROR_STALE_HANDLE | 0xc00e0056 |
| MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_USAGE | 0xc00e0050 |
| MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_ENLIST | 0xc00e0058 |
| MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_SEQUENCE | 0xc00e0051 |
| MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION | 0xc00e0020 |
| MQ_INFORMATION_PROPERTY | 0x400e0001 |

<73> Section 3.1.5.3: Windows applications typically invoke rpc ACReceiveMessageEx indirectly via the Windows API function MQReceiveMessage. The Windows API documentation for MQReceiveMessage includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4. For error codes not described in [MS-MQMQ], refer to [MSDN-MQEIC].

| Name | Value |
|------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED | 0xc00e0025 |

| Name | Value |
|---------------------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_BUFFER_OVERFLOW | 0xc00e001a |
| MQ_ERROR_DTC_CONNECT | 0xc00e004c |
| MQ_ERROR_FORMATNAME_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL | 0xc00e001f |
| MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_CURSOR_ACTION | 0xc00e001c |
| MQ_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_PROPERTIES | 0xc00e003f |
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE | 0xc00e0007 |
| MQ_ERROR_IO_TIMEOUT | 0xc00e001b |
| MQ_ERROR_LABEL_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL | 0xc00e005e |
| MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_ALREADY_RECEIVED | 0xc00e001d |
| MQ_ERROR_OPERATION_CANCELLED | 0xc00e0008 |
| MQ_ERROR_PROV_NAME_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL | 0xc00e0063 |
| MQ_ERROR_PROPERTY | 0xc00e0002 |
| MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_DELETED | 0xc00e005a |
| MQ_ERROR_SENDER_CERT_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL | 0xc00e002b |
| MQ_ERROR_SENDERID_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL | 0xc00e0022 |
| MQ_ERROR_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e000b |
| MQ_ERROR_SIGNATURE_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL | 0xc00e0062 |
| MQ_ERROR_STALE_HANDLE | 0xc00e0056 |
| MQ_ERROR_SYMM_KEY_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL | 0xc00e0061 |
| MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_USAGE | 0xc00e0050 |
| MQ_INFORMATION_OPERATION_PENDING | 0x400e0006 |
| MQ_INFORMATION_PROPERTY | 0x400e0001 |

<74> Section 3.1.5.3: Windows components that invoke <u>rpc ACReceiveMessageEx</u> indirectly via the Windows API function MQReceiveMessage test for the following return value. For a description of the following error code, see <u>[MS-ERREF]</u> section 2.1.

| Name | Value |
|---------------|------------|
| E_OUTOFMEMORY | 0x8007000E |

<75> Section 3.1.5.4: Windows applications typically invoke rpc ACCreateCursorEx indirectly via the Windows API function MQCreateCursor. The Windows API documentation for

MQCreateCursor includes the following error codes. For descriptions of the following error codes, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4. For error codes not described in [MS-MQMQ], refer to [MSDN-MQEIC].

| Name | Value |
|---------------------------------------|------------|
| MQ_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE | 0xc00e0007 |
| MQ_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_RESOURCES | 0xc00e0027 |
| MQ_ERROR_REMOTE_MACHINE_NOT_AVAILABLE | 0xc00e0069 |
| MQ_ERROR_STALE_HANDLE | 0xc00e0056 |

<76> Section 3.1.5.4: The described behavior is for Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2. Servers running Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP behave as follows: if the given queue handle represents a queue that is NOT local (remote) to the supporting server, the server creates a cursor object and returns a handle to it via the hCursor member of pcc. Additionally, the server also sets pcc.srv_hQueue to RemoteQueueProxyHandle.RemoteContext and sets pcc.cli_pQMQueue to RemoteQueueProxyHandle.Context. Note that the value returned for pcc.cli_pQMQueue is not required to equal the RemoteQueueProxyHandle.Context; instead, the server is permitted to use any value that can be correlated to the impending invocation of rpc ACSetCursorProperties. Abstractly, the value in RemoteQueueProxyHandle.Context is most suitable for this purpose; however, Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP correlate the subsequent call rpc ACSetCursorProperties using a different DWORD value.

The server then returns MQ_INFORMATION_REMOTE_OPERATION (0x400e03e8). This specific return code instructs the client to contact a remote queue manager to create a remote cursor via

R_OMCreateRemoteCursor and to associate the result with the local cursor handle via

rpc_ACSetCursorProperties. The caller completes these operations successfully prior to using the cursor handle returned by this method.

<77> Section 4.4: In this example, the supporting server is exhibiting the behavior of Windows NT and Windows 2000 with regard to creating a cursor for a remote queue.

<78> Section 4.5: All Windows clients produce new XACTUOW ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18.1.8) values by calling the Windows RPC function **UuidCreate**.

8 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to the [MS-MQMP] protocol document between the January 2011 and February 2011 releases. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- An extensive rewrite, addition, or deletion of major portions of content.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.
- Changes made for template compliance.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the language and formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical or language changes were introduced. The technical content of the document is identical to the last released version, but minor editorial and formatting changes, as well as updates to the header and footer information, and to the revision summary, may have been made.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.

- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- New content added for template compliance.
- Content updated for template compliance.
- Content removed for template compliance.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type Editorially updated.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- Protocol revision refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact protocol@microsoft.com.

| Section | Tracking number (if applicable) and description | Major change (Y or N) | Change type |
|--|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| 3.1.1.12 Queue PROPID to Abstract Queue Property Translation | 59924 Added the Set method as applicable to the BasePriority abstract queue property. | N | Content updated. |
| 3.1.5.2 rpc ACSendMessageEx (Opnum 1) | 56894 Updated the exit logic to handle success and error codes from the [MS-MQDMPR] Enqueue Message event. | Y | Content updated. |

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