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SERIES X: DATA NETWORKS AND OPEN SYSTEM COMMUNICATION

Data transmission - Services and facilities

International user classes of service in, and categories of access to, public data networks and Integrated Services Digital Networks (ISDNs)

ITU-T Recommendation X.1

(Previously "CCITT Recommendation")

ITU-T X-SERIES RECOMMENDATIONS

DATA NETWORKS AND OPEN SYSTEM COMMUNICATION

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For further details, please refer to ITU-T List of Recommendations.

FOREWORD

The ITU-T (Telecommunication Standardization Sector) is a permanent organ of the International Telecommunication Union (ITU). The ITU-T is responsible for studying technical, operating and tariff questions and issuing Recommendations on them with a view to standardizing telecommunications on a worldwide basis.

The World Telecommunication Standardization Conference (WTSC), which meets every four years, establishes the topics for study by the ITU-T Study Groups which, in their turn, produce Recommendations on these topics.

The approval of Recommendations by the Members of the ITU-T is covered by the procedure laid down in WTSC Resolution No. 1 (Helsinki, March 1-12, 1993).

ITU-T Recommendation X.1 was revised by ITU-T Study Group 7 (1993-1996) and was approved under the WTSC Resolution No. 1 procedure on the 5th of October 1996.

NOTE

In this Recommendation, the expression "Administration" is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

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SUMMARY

The new version of this Recommendation has a significantly extended list of user classes of service. Frame relay service is included. Access from FRPDN and B-ISDN are reflected. Concept of port and direct access is involved. The text of this Recommendation is aligned with other X-Series Recommendations, new and revised.

INTERNATIONAL USER CLASSES OF SERVICE IN, AND CATEGORIES OF ACCESS TO, PUBLIC DATA NETWORKS AND INTEGRATED SERVICES DIGITAL NETWORKS (ISDNs)

(Geneva, 1972; amended at Geneva, 1976 and 1980; Malaga-Torremolinos, 1984; Melbourne, 1988; Helsinki, 1993; revised in 1996)

1 Introduction

The establishment in various countries of public networks for data transmission and ISDNs for integrated services creates a need to standardize user classes of service and categories of access. This Recommendation is required to meet the following goals:

- a) providing sufficient data signalling rates to meet users' needs;
- b) allowing optimization of Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and transmission and switching costs to provide an overall economic service to the user;
- c) recognizing particular operating modes of users' DTE;
- d) allowing users to transfer information consisting of any bit sequence and of any number of bits up to a certain amount;
- e) recognizing the interaction between users' requirements, technical limitations and tariff structure that may influence how DTE gains access to public data transmission services.

User class of service is a category of data transmission service in which the DTE operation mode, data signalling rate, call control signalling rates and code structure (in start-stop mode) are standardized.

Category of access identifies the method by which DTE gains access to a specific data transmission service.

There are four public data transmission services, namely:

- 1) leased circuit data transmission service;
- 2) circuit-switched data transmission service;
- 3) packet-switched data transmission service; and
- 4) frame relay data transmission service.

Access for Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) to data transmission services may be any of the following:

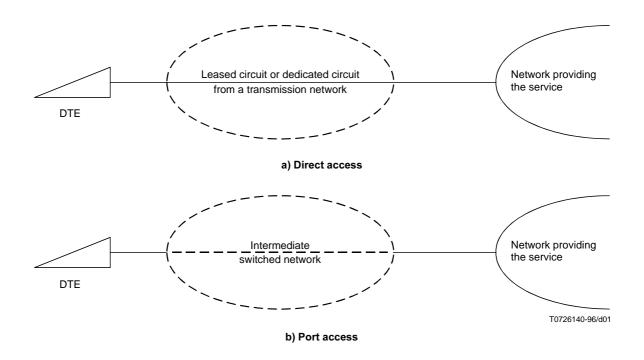
- a) *direct access* when DTE is connected to the network providing the service without intermediate switched network; or
- b) *port access* when DTE is connected to the network providing the service via intermediate switched network (see Figure 1).

Port access may be achieved by any of the following:

- 1) by *switched connection* when signalling/control procedures are required to establish/release connection of the DTE to the network providing the service; or
- 2) by *permanent connection* when no signalling/control procedures are required to establish/release the connection of the DTE to the network providing the service (see Figure 2).

The categories of access described in this Recommendation take into account direct access (see Note) to public data networks and ISDNs and the port access cases where interworking with other public networks is involved. Access to the packet-switched data transmission service via the PAD, FPAD or MAP function, as defined in Recommendations X.3, X.5 or X.8, respectively, is also covered in this Recommendation.

NOTE - Direct access may be provided by means of leased circuits or by dedicated access circuits.



 $\label{eq:FIGURE 1/X.1}$ Examples of direct access and port access

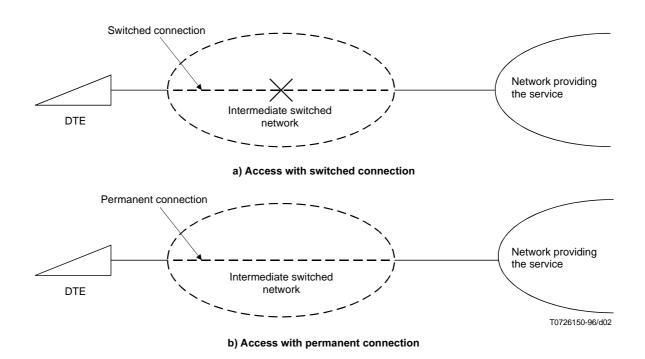


FIGURE 2/X.1 **Two types of port access**

For example, packet mode terminals may have access to the public packet-switched data transmission service, in user classes of service 8 to 11, either via a direct access (see above Note) or via a port access. The port access can be established using a Circuit-Switched Public Data Network (CSPDN), a Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN), an ISDN or a PDN providing frame relay data transmission service. In all of these cases, an interworking function will be required to access the packet-switched data trnsmission service and both permanent and switched connections may be used for the access.

It is not mandatory for Administrations to provide all of the data transmission services, user classes of service, or categories of access contained in this Recommendation. In addition, categories of access have not been recognized for every user class of service; absence is indicated by an "-" in the tables below.

2 Access to a leased circuit data transmission service

See Tables 2-1 and 2-2.

TABLE 2-1/X.1

Access by data terminal equipment operating in synchronous mode using X.21 or X.21 bis interfaces

User class of service	Data signalling rate in the data transfer phase	Categories of access		
	(Note)	Direct access		
3	600 bit/s	F1		
4	2400 bit/s	F2		
5	4800 bit/s	F3		
6	9600 bit/s	F4		
7	48 kbit/s	F5		
19	64 kbit/s	F6		
31	128 kbit/s	F7		
32	192 kbit/s	F8		
33	256 kbit/s	F9		
35	384 kbit/s	F10		
37	512 kbit/s	F11		
45	1024 kbit/s	F12		
53	1536 kbit/s	F13		
59	1920 kbit/s	F14		

NOTE – The support of these user classes of service in the ISDN may be provided by means of a terminal adaptor (in accordance with Recommendation X.30). The concept of terminal adaptor functional grouping is defined in Recommendation I.411.

TABLE 2-2/X.1

Access by data terminal equipment operating in start-stop mode using X.20 or X.20 bis interfaces

User class of service	Data signalling rate and code structure in data	Categories of access		
	transfer phase	Direct access		
1	300 bit/s, 11a) units/character start-stop	E2		
2	50 to 200 bit/s, 7.5 to 11 ^{a)} units/character start-stop	E1		
14	600 bit/s, 10 units/character start-stop	E3		
15	1200 bit/s, 10 units/character start-stop	E4		
16	2400 bit/s, 10 units/character start-stop	E5		
17	4800 bit/s, 10 units/character start-stop	E6		
18	9600 bit/s, 10 units/character start-stop	E7		

a) Usage in accordance with Recommendation X.4.

NOTE – Some Administrations are offering leased circuits asynchronous services for terminals operating at the data signalling rate of 600 bit/s, 1200 bit/s, 2400 bit/s, 4800 bit/s and 9600 bit/s supporting them by the synchronous network bearer channels with asynchronous to synchronous coding. The asynchronous to synchronous coding is described in Recommendation V.14 for the data signalling rates of 600 bit/s, 4800 bit/s, 9600 bit/s and Recommendation X.52 for 1200 bit/s.

3 Access to a circuit-switched data transmission service

See Tables 3-1 and 3-2.

TABLE 3-1/X.1

Access by data terminal equipment operating in start-stop mode using X.20 or X.20 bis interfaces

(Note 1)

	Data signalling rate		Categories of access
User class of service	and code structure in data transfer phase (Note 2)	Call control signals in the call control phase	Direct access
1	300 bit/s, 11 ^{a)} units/character start-stop	300 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5 (11 units/character) start-stop	A2
2	50 to 200 bit/s, 7.5 to 11 a) units/character start-stop (Notes 3 and 4)	200 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5 (11 units/character) start-stop (Note 5)	A1
14	600 bit/s, 10 units/character start-stop	600 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5 (10 units/character) start-stop	A3
15	1200 bit/s, 10 units/character start-stop	1200 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5 (10 units/character) start-stop	A4
16	2400 bit/s, 10 units/character start-stop	2400 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5 (10 units/character) start-stop	A5
17	4800 bit/s, 10 units/character start-stop	4800 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5 (10 units/character) start-stop	A6
18	9600 bit/s, 10 units/character start-stop	9600 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5 (10 units/character) start-stop	A7

a) Usage in accordance with Recommendation X.4.

NOTES

- 1 There is no user class of service for data signalling rate of 50 bit/s, the transmission mode of 7.5 units/character start-stop and address selection and call progress signals at 50 bit/s, International Telegraph Alphabet No. 2. However, several Administrations have indicated that their telex service (50-baud, International Telegraph Alphabet No. 2) will be provided as one of the many services carried by their public data network.
- 2 User classes of service 1, 2 and 15 are supported by the synchronous network bearer channels with asynchronous to synchronous coding according to Recommendation X.52. For user classes of service 14, 16, 17 and 18, the asynchronous to synchronous coding of Recommendation V.14 is used.
- 3 User class of service 2 will provide, in the data transfer phase, for operation at the following data signalling rates and code structures:

50 bit/s (7.5 units/character)

100 bit/s (7.5 units/character)

110 bit/s (11 units/character)

134.5 bit/s (9 units/character)

200 bit/s (11 units/character)

Call control signals would be at 200 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5 (11 units/character).

- 4 For international user class of service 2, it should be noted that some public data networks may not be able to prevent two terminals working at different data signalling rates and code structures from being connected together by means of a circuit-switched connection.
- 5 Some Administrations have indicated that, for certain data signalling rates listed in Note 3 above, they will permit users in class of service 2 to operate the same signalling rate and code structure for both data transfer and address selection and to receive call progress signals at these signalling rates and code structures. Where International Alphabet No. 5 is used for the call control signals, the appropriate parts of Recommendation X.20 shall apply.

TABLE 3-2/X.1

Access by data terminal equipment operating in synchronous mode using X.21 or X.21 bis interfaces

			Categories of access			
User class of service	Data signalling rate in the data transfer phase (Note 1)	Call control signals in the call control phase (Notes 2 and 3)	Direct access	Port access via ISDN (Notes 4 and 5) with:		
				Permanent connection	Switched connection	
3	600 bit/s	600 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5	B1	S1	R1	
4	2400 bit/s	2400 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5	B2	S2	R2	
5	4800 bit/s	4800 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5	В3	S 3	R3	
6	9600 bit/s	9600 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5	B4	S4	R4	
7	48 kbit/s	48 kbit/s, International Alphabet No. 5	В5	S5	R5	
30	64 kbit/s	64 kbit/s, International Alphabet No. 5	В6	S6	R6	
35	384 kbit/s	384 kbit/s, International Alphabet No. 5	В7	S7	R7	
53	1536 kbit/s	1536 kbit/s, International Alphabet No. 5	В8	S8	R8	
59	1920 kbit/s	1920 kbit/s, International Alphabet No. 5	В9	S9	R9	

- Some Administrations are offering circuit-switched asynchronous services for terminals operating at the data signalling rate of 600 bit/s, 1200 bit/s, 2400 bit/s, 4800 bit/s, 9600 bit/s with 10 units/character, start-stop in the data transfer phase and, respectively, 600 bit/s, 1200 bit/s, 2400 bit/s, 4800 bit/s, 9600 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5, 10 units/character, start-stop in the call control phase. These services are supported by the synchronous network bearer channels with asynchronous to synchronous coding according to Recommendation X.52 for user classes of service 1 and 2 and for 1200 bit/s. For the data signalling rates of 600 bit/s, 2400 bit/s, 4800 bit/s, and 9600 bit/s, the asynchronous to synchronous coding of Recommendation V.14 is used.
- 2 Only applicable when using the X.21 interface.
- 3 The characteristics at the reference point R for user classes of service 30 and higher are for further study.
- 4 The support of these user classes of service in the ISDN may be provided by means of a terminal adaptor (in accordance with Recommendation X.30). The concept of terminal adaptor functional grouping is defined in Recommendation I.411.
- 5 The call control signals used for categories of access S6 through S9 and R6 through R9 will be in accordance with those defined for ISDN at reference point S/T. For interface at reference point R, see the corresponding user class of service for the same data signalling rate in this table. Reference points R, S, and T are defined in Recommendation I.411.

4 Access to a packet-switched data transmission service

See Tables 4-1 to 4-5.

TABLE 4-1/X.1

Access by data terminal equipment operating in synchronous mode using $X.25,\,X.32,\,X.34$ or X.36 interfaces to service provided by PSPDN

Direct access and port access with permanent connection $(Note\ 1)$

					Categorie	s of access						
				Serv	vice provided	by a PSPDN v	vith:					
			Port access with:									
User class of	Data signalling		Permanent connection									
service	rate	Direct access (Note 3)	via CSPDN	via PSTN	via ISDN (B-/H- channel) (Notes 2, 3, 4 and 5)	via FRPDN (Note 6)	via ISDN (FRDTS) B-/H- channel	via ISDN (FRDTS) D-channel	via B-ISDN (Note 7)			
8	2400 bit/s	D1	M1	N2	V1	_	IFA1	IFB1	_			
9	4800 bit/s	D2	M2	N3	V2	_	IFA2	IFB2	_			
10	9600 bit/s	D3	M3	N4	V3	_	IFA3	IFB3	_			
26	14 400 bit/s	D14	_	N5	_	_	_	_	_			
11	48 kbit/s	D4	M4	_	V4	_	IFA4	IFB4	_			
12	1200 bit/s	_	_	N1	_	_	_	_	_			
30	64 kbit/s	D5	M5	_	V5	W1	IFA5	IFB5	BIA1			
31	128 kbit/s	D6	_	_	_	W2	IFA6	_	BIA2			
32	192 kbit/s	D7	_	_	_	W3	IFA7	_	BIA3			
33	256 kbit/s	D8	_	_	_	W4	IFA8	_	BIA4			
34	320 kbit/s	D15	_	_	_	W5	IFA9	_	BIA5			
35	384 kbit/s	D9	_	_	V6	W6	IFA10	_	BIA6			
36	448 kbit/s	D16	_	_	_	W7	IFA11	_	BIA7			
37	512 kbit/s	D10	_	_	_	W8	IFA12	_	BIA8			
38	576 kbit/s	D17	_	_	_	W9	IFA13	_	BIA9			
39	640 kbit/s	D18	_	_	_	W10	IFA14	_	BIA10			
40	704 kbit/s	D19	_	_	_	W11	IFA15	_	BIA11			
41	768 kbit/s	D20	_	_	_	W12	IFA16	_	BIA12			
42	832 kbit/s	D21	_	_	_	W13	IFA17	_	BIA13			
43	896 kbit/s	D22	_	_	_	W14	IFA18	_	BIA14			
44	960 kbit/s	D23	_	_	_	W15	IFA19	_	BIA15			
45	1024 kbit/s	D11	_	_	_	W16	IFA20	_	BIA16			
46	1088 kbit/s	D24	_	_	_	W17	IFA21	_	BIA17			
47	1152 kbit/s	D25	_	_	_	W18	IFA22	_	BIA18			
48	1216 kbit/s	D26	_	_	_	W19	IFA23	_	BIA19			
49	1280 kbit/s	D27	_	_	_	W20	IFA24	_	BIA20			
50	1344 kbit/s	D28	_	_	_	W21	IFA25	_	BIA21			
51	1408 kbit/s	D29	_	_	_	W22	IFA26	_	BIA22			
52	1472 kbit/s	D30	_	_	_	W23	IFA27	_	BIA23			
53	1536 kbit/s	D12	_	_	V7	W24	IFA28	_	BIA24			
54	1600 kbit/s	D31	_	_	_	W25	IFA29	_	BIA25			
55	1664 kbit/s	D32	_	_	_	W26	IFA30	_	BIA26			
56	1728 kbit/s	D33	_	_	_	W27	IFA31	_	BIA27			
57	1792 kbit/s	D34	_	_	_	W28	IFA32	_	BIA28			
58	1856 kbit/s	D35	_	_	_	W29	IFA33	_	BIA29			
59	1920 kbit/s	D13	_	_	V8	W30	IFA34	_	BIA30			
60	1984 kbit/s	D36	_	_	_	W31	IFA35	_	BIA31			
61	2048 kbit/s	D37	_	-	-	W32	IFA36	_	BIA32			

TABLE 4-2/X.1

Access by data terminal equipment operating in synchronous mode using X.25, X.32, X.34 or X.36 interfaces to service provided by PSPDN

Port access with switched connection

(Note 1)

				Cat	egories of acc	ess				
		Service provided by a PSPDN with:								
		Port access with:								
User class of	Data signalling	Switched connection								
service	rate	via CSPDN	via PSTN (Note 4)	via ISDN (B-/H- channel) (Notes 2, 3, 4 and 5)	via FRPDN (Note 6)	via ISDN (FRDTS) B-/H- channel	via ISDN (FRDTS) D-channel	via B-ISDN (Note 7)		
8 9 10	2400 bit/s 4800 bit/s 9600 bit/s	O1 O2 O3	P2 P3 P4	Q1 Q2 Q3	_ _ _	IFC1 IFC2 IFC3	IFD1 IFD2 IFD3	_ _ _		
26 11	14 400 bit/s 48 kbit/s	_ O4	P5	_ Q4	_	- IFC4	– IFD4	_		
12	1200 bit/s	_	P1	_	-	_	_	_		
30 31	64 kbit/s 128 kbit/s	O5 _	_	Q5 -	X1 X2	IFC5 IFC6	IFD5	BIB1 BIB2		
32	192 kbit/s	_	_	_	X3	IFC7	_	BIB3		
33	256 kbit/s	_	_	_	X4 X5	IFC8 IFC9	_	BIB4 BIB5		
34 35	320 kbit/s 384 kbit/s	_	_	_ Q6	X6	IFC9 IFC10	_	BIB6		
36	448 kbit/s	_	_	-	X7	IFC11	_	BIB7		
37	512 kbit/s	_	-	_	X8	IFC12	_	BIB8		
38	576 kbit/s	_	_	_	X9 X10	IFC13 IFC14	_	BIB9 BIB10		
39 40	640 kbit/s 704 kbit/s	_	_	_	X10 X11	IFC14 IFC15	_	BIB10		
41	764 kbit/s	_	_	_	X11 X12	IFC16	_	BIB12		
42	832 kbit/s	_	_	_	X13	IFC17	_	BIB13		
43	896 kbit/s	_	_	_	X14	IFC18	_	BIB14		
44	960 kbit/s	_	_	_	X15	IFC19	_	BIB15		
45	1024 kbit/s	_	_	_	X16	IFC20	_	BIB16		
46	1088 kbit/s	_	_	_	X17	IFC21 IFC22	_	BIB17 BIB18		
47 48	1152 kbit/s 1216 kbit/s	_	_	_	X18 X19	IFC22 IFC23	_	BIB19		
49	1210 kbit/s 1280 kbit/s	_	_	_	X19 X20	IFC23	_	BIB20		
50	1344 kbit/s	_	_	_	X21	IFC25	_	BIB21		
51	1408 kbit/s	_	_	_	X22	IFC26	_	BIB22		
52	1472 kbit/s	_	_	_	X23	IFC27	_	BIB23		
53	1536 kbit/s	_	-	Q7	X24	IFC28	_	BIB24		
54	1600 kbit/s	_	-	_	X25	IFC29	_	BIB25		
55	1664 kbit/s	_	_	_	X26	IFC30	_	BIB26		
56 57	1728 kbit/s	_	_	_	X27 X28	IFC31 IFC32	_	BIB27 BIB28		
57 58	1792 kbit/s 1856 kbit/s	_ _	_	_	X28 X29	IFC32 IFC33	_	BIB29		
59	1920 kbit/s		_	Q8	X29 X30	IFC34	_	BIB30		
60	1984 kbit/s	_	_	_	X31	IFC35	_	BIB31		
61	2048 kbit/s	-	-	_	X32	IFC36	_	BIB32		

TABLE 4-3/X.1

Access by data terminal equipment operating in synchronous mode using X.25, X.34 or X.36 interfaces to service provided by ISDN

(Note 1)

						Categories	s of access				
					Servic	e provided	by an ISDN	N with:			
User		Diı	ect	Port access with:							
class of	Data signalling		ess		Permanent	connection			Switched of	connection	
service	rate	via a B-/H- channel (Notes 2 and 4)	via a D- channel	via FRPDN (Note 6)	via ISDN (FRDTS) B-/H- channel	via ISDN (FRDTS) D- channel	via B-ISDN (Note 7)	via FRPDN (Note 6)	via ISDN (FRDTS) B-/H- channel	via ISDN (FRDTS) D- channel	via B-ISDN (Note 7)
8	2400 bit/s	T1	U1	_	IFE1	IFF1	_	_	IFG1	IFH1	-
9	4800 bit/s	T2	U2	_	IFE2	IFF2	_	_	IFG2	IFH2	_
10	9600 bit/s	T3	U3	_	IFE3	IFF3	_	_	IFG3	IFH3	_
26	14 400 bit/s	Т9	U7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
27	16 000 bit/s	— TD:4	U6	_	TEE4	IDD4	_	_	IEC4	IFH4	_
11	48 kbit/s	T4 T5	U4 U5	- Y1	IFE4 IFE5	IFF4 IFF5	BIC1	 Z1	IFG4 IFG5	IFH5	BID1
30	64 kbit/s			Y2	IFE5 IFE6		BIC2	Z1 Z2	IFG5 IFG6	1FH3 -	BID1 BID2
31 32	128 kbit/s 192 kbit/s	_	_	Y3	IFE0 IFE7	_	BIC3	Z2 Z3	IFG0 IFG7	_	BID2 BID3
33	256 kbit/s	_	_	Y4	IFE7	_	BIC3	Z3 Z4	IFG8	_	BID3
33	320 kbit/s	_	_	Y5	IFE9	_	BIC5	Z5	IFG9	_	BID5
35	384 kbit/s	_ Т6	_	Y6	IFE10	_	BIC6	Z6	IFG10	_	BID6
36	448 kbit/s	-	_	Y7	IFE11	_	BIC7	Z7	IFG11	_	BID7
37	512 kbit/s	_	_	Y8	IFE12	_	BIC8	Z8	IFG12	_	BID8
38	576 kbit/s	_	_	Y9	IFE13	_	BIC9	Z9	IFG13	_	BID9
39	640 kbit/s	_	_	Y10	IFE14	_	BIC10	Z10	IFG14	_	BID10
40	704 kbit/s	_	_	Y11	IFE15	_	BIC11	Z11	IFG15	_	BID11
41	768 kbit/s	_	_	Y12	IFE16	_	BIC12	Z12	IFG16	_	BID12
42	832 kbit/s	_	_	Y13	IFE17	_	BIC13	Z13	IFG17	_	BID13
43	896 kbit/s	_	_	Y14	IFE18	_	BIC14	Z14	IFG18	_	BID14
44	960 kbit/s	_	_	Y15	IFE19	_	BIC15	Z15	IFG19	_	BID15
45	1024 kbit/s	_	_	Y16	IFE20	_	BIC16	Z16	IFG20	_	BID16
46	1088 kbit/s	_	_	Y17	IFE21	_	BIC17	Z17	IFG21	_	BID17
47	1152 kbit/s	_	_	Y18	IFE22	_	BIC18	Z18	IFG22	_	BID18
48	1216 kbit/s	_	_	Y19	IFE23	_	BIC19	Z19	IFG23	_	BID19
49	1280 kbit/s	_	_	Y20	IFE24	_	BIC20	Z20	IFG24	_	BID20
50	1344 kbit/s	_	_	Y21	IFE25	_	BIC21	Z21	IFG25	_	BID21
51	1408 kbit/s	_	_	Y22	IFE26	_	BIC22	Z22	IFG26	_	BID22
52	1472 kbit/s	_	_	Y23	IFE27	_	BIC23	Z23	IFG27	_	BID23
53	1536 kbit/s	T7	_	Y24	IFE28	_	BIC24	Z24	IFG28	_	BID24
54	1600 kbit/s	_	_	Y25	IFE29	_	BIC25	Z25	IFG29	_	BID25
55	1664 kbit/s	_	_	Y26	IFE30	_	BIC26	Z26	IFG30	_	BID26
56	1728 kbit/s	_	_	Y27	IFE31	_	BIC27	Z27	IFG31	_	BID27
57	1792 kbit/s	_	_	Y28	IFE32	_	BIC28	Z28	IFG32	_	BID28
58	1856 kbit/s	_ 	_	Y29	IFE33	_	BIC29	Z29	IFG33	_	BID29
59	1920 kbit/s	Т8	_	Y30	IFE34	_	BIC30	Z30	IFG34	_	BID30
60	1984 kbit/s	_	_	Y31	IFE35	_	BIC31	Z31 Z32	IFG35	_	BID31 BID32
61	2048 kbit/s	_	_	Y32	IFE36	_	BIC32	L 32	IFG36	_	שנש

NOTES to Tables 4-1, 4-2 and 4-3

- 1 The packet switched data transmission service allows for communication between data terminal equipments operating at different data signalling rates.
- 2 The support of these user classes of service in the ISDN may be provided by means of a terminal adaptor (in accordance with Recommendation X.31). The concept of terminal adaptor functional grouping is defined in Recommendation I.411.
- 3 Recommendation X.31 (case A) is appropriate:
 - at the S/T reference point when categories of access D5 and Q5 are provided via an ISDN B-channel;
 - at the S/T reference point when categories of access D9, D12, D13, Q6, Q7 and Q8 are provided via an ISDN H-channel; or
 - at the R reference point when categories of access D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4 and Q5 are provided via an ISDN B-channel with terminal adaptors.
- 4 Recommendations X.31 (case A) and X.32 are appropriate at the S/T reference point. Recommendation X.32 is appropriate at the R reference point.
- 5 The characteristics at the reference point R for user classes of service 30 and higher are for further study.
- 6 Recommendation X.36 is used.
- 7 Recommendation X.34 is used.

$TABLE\ 4-4/X.1$ Access by data terminal equipment operating in start-stop mode using X.28 interface

(Notes 1 and 2)

			C	Categories of acce	ess			
			Service provided by a PSPDN with:					
User class of	Data signalling rate and code structure	Direct		Port acc	ess with:			
service	(Note 3)	access (Note 4)	Switched	connection	Permanent	connection		
			via CSPDN	via PSTN	via CSPDN	via PSTN		
20 (Note 5)	50-300 bit/s, 10 or 11 units/character	C1, C2, C3	K1	L1, L2, L3	I1	J1, J2, J3		
21	75/1200 bit/s, 10 units/character (Note 6)	C5	_	L5	_	J5		
22	1200 bit/s, 10 units/character	C4	K4	L4	I4	J4		
23	2400 bit/s, 10 units/character	C6	K6	L6	I6	J6		
24	4800 bit/s, 10 units/character	C7	K7	L7	I7	J7		
25	9600 bit/s, 10 units/character	C8	K8	L8	18	Ј8		
26	14 400 bit/s, 10 units/character	C9	-	L9	-	Ј9		

- 1 The packet-switched data transmission service allows for communication between X.25 and/or X.28 data terminal equipments operating at different data signalling rates.
- 2 The support of X.28 DTE in the ISDN is for further study.
- 3 Some Administrations are offering circuit-switched asynchronous services for terminals operating at the data signalling rate of 600 bit/s, 10 units/character, start-stop in the data transfer phase and 600 bit/s, International Alphabet No. 5, 10 units/character, start-stop in the call control phase. For the data signalling rate 600 bit/s, the asynchronous to synchronous coding of Recommendation V.14 is used.
- 4 Some Administrations may offer the categories of access of 600 bit/s.
- 5 User class of service 20 allows for categories of access according to the following speeds:
 - by direct access: C1 at 110 bit/s, C2 at 200 bit/s and C3 at 300 bit/s;
 - by port access via a CSPDN: K1 and I1 at 300 bit/s;
 - by port access via PSTN: L1 and J1 at 110 bit/s, L2 and J2 at 200 bit/s and L3 and J3 at 300 bit/s.
- 6 75 bit/s from DTE to DCE, 1200 bit/s from DCE to DTE.

TABLE 4-5/X.1

Access by Group 3 facsimile terminals using X.38 interface

(Note 1)

		Categories of access				
		Service provided by a PSPDN with:				
User class of	Data signalling rate		Port acc	ess with:		
service		Direct access	Switched connection	Permanent connection		
			via PSTN	via PSTN		
29	300/2400/2400-14 400 bit/s (Note 2)	FAXC	FAXA	FAXB		

- The packet-switched data transmission service allows for communication between X.25 and/or X.38 data terminal equipments operating at different data signalling rates. The support of X.38 terminals in the ISDN is for further study.
- Operation of the facsimile terminal equipment is in accordance with Recommendation T.4 for image data encoding at speeds of 2400-14 400 bit/s and in accordance with Recommendation T.30 for control signalling at speeds of 300 bit/s or, optionally, 2400 bit/s.

5 Access to a frame relay data transmission service

See Table 5-1.

TABLE 5-1/X.1

Access by terminal equipment operating in synchronous mode
(Notes 1, 2 and 3)

	Data signalling rate	Categories of access				
User class of service		Service provided by an FRPDN with:				
		Direct access	Port access with:			
			Permanent connection		Switched connection	
			via CSPDN	via ISDN (B-/H-channel)	via CSPDN	via ISDN (B-/H-channel)
30	64 kbit/s	G1	FRA1	FRB1	FRC1	FRD1
31	128 kbit/s	G2	FRA2	FRB2	FRC2	FRD2
32	192 kbit/s	G3	FRA3	FRB3	FRC3	FRD3
33	256 kbit/s	G4	FRA4	FRB4	FRC4	FRD4
34	320 kbit/s	G5	_	FRB5	_	FRD5
35	384 kbit/s	G6	FRA6	FRB6	FRC6	FRD6
36	448 kbit/s	G7	_	FRB7	_	FRD7
37	512 kbit/s	G8	FRA8	FRB8	FRC8	FRD8
38	576 kbit/s	G9	_	FRB9	_	FRD9
39	640 kbit/s	G10	_	FRB10	_	FRD10
40	704 kbit/s	G11	_	FRB11	_	FRD11
41	768 kbit/s	G12	_	FRB12	_	FRD12
42	832 kbit/s	G13	_	FRB13	_	FRD13
43	896 kbit/s	G14	_	FRB14	_	FRD14
44	960 kbit/s	G15	_	FRB15	_	FRD15
45	1024 kbit/s	G16	FRA16	FRB16	FRC16	FRD16
46	1088 kbit/s	G17	_	FRB17	_	FRD17
47	1152 kbit/s	G18	_	FRB18	_	FRD18
48	1216 kbit/s	G19	_	FRB19	_	FRD19
49	1280 kbit/s	G20	_	FRB20	_	FRD20
50	1344 kbit/s	G21	_	FRB21	_	FRD21
51	1408 kbit/s	G22	_	FRB22	_	FRD22
52	1472 kbit/s	G23	_	FRB23	_	FRD23
53	1536 kbit/s	G24	FRA24	FRB24	FRC24	FRD24
54	1600 kbit/s	G25	_	FRB25	_	FRD25
55	1664 kbit/s	G26	_	FRB26	_	FRD26
56	1728 kbit/s	G27	_	FRB27	_	FRD27
57	1792 kbit/s	G28	_	FRB28	_	FRD28
58	1856 kbit/s	G29	_	FRB29	_	FRD29
59	1920 kbit/s	G30	FRA30	FRB30	FRC30	FRD30
60	1984 kbit/s	G31	_	FRB31	_	FRD31
61	2048 kbit/s	G32	_	FRB32	_	FRD32

- 1 The interface for ISDN is defined in Recommendations I.430, I.431, Q.921, Q.922 and Q.933. The interface for FRPDN is defined in Recommendation X.36.
- 2 DTE using X.25 interface may operate by means of a terminal adaptor.
- 3 Services provided by an ISDN Frame Relaying Bearer Service (FRBS) are the responsibility of Study Group 13.

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