

INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION

ITU-T

Q.465

TELECOMMUNICATION STANDARDIZATION SECTOR OF ITU

SPECIFICATIONS OF SIGNALLING SYSTEM R2

SIGNALLING PROCEDURES

PARTICULAR CASES

ITU-T Recommendation Q.465

(Extract from the Blue Book)

NOTES

1 ITU-T Recommendation Q.465 was published in Fascicle VI.4 of the *Blue Book*. This file is an extract from the *Blue Book*. While the presentation and layout of the text might be slightly different from the *Blue Book* version, the contents of the file are identical to the *Blue Book* version and copyright conditions remain unchanged (see below).

2 In this Recommendation, the expression "Administration" is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

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5.1.5 PARTICULAR CASES

5.1.5.1 Unallocated number

When, after the reception of any digit, the incoming R2 register determines that the address information corresponds to an unallocated number, the address-complete signal A-3 is sent immediately without requesting all the address digits. In response the outgoing international R2 register sends the appropriate Group II signal. This is then acknowledged by signal B-5 *unallocated number*.

5.1.5.2 Congestion in the national network

If congestion is encountered in the national network the incoming R2 register sends congestion signal A-4, possibly in pulse form. However, if address-complete signal A-3 has already been sent, congestion signal B-4 is sent in acknowledgement of the Group II signal which commences the last compelled signalling sequence.

5.1.5.3 Operator calls

The procedures described in Recommendations Q.462-Q.464 are also valid for a semi-automatic call. However, in this case the address information is always terminated by the end-of-pulsing signal I-15.

For code 11 or code 12 calls only a limited number of backward signals can be employed as the last interregister signal (e.g. signal A-4, A-6 or B-6).

5.1.5.4 Request of calling party's category

At any time calling party's category information may be requested by the incoming R2 register interrupting the normal transmission of address information. The incoming R2 register sends signal A-5 in acknowledgement of a Group I signal and the outgoing international R2 register sends the appropriate Group II signal (a signal II-7 to II-10) in reply. If this Group II signal is acknowledged by a signal different from address-complete signal A-3 or signal A-5 the next forward signal sent will be one of the Group I.