



INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION

**ITU-T**

TELECOMMUNICATION  
STANDARDIZATION SECTOR  
OF ITU

**E.427**

**TELEPHONE NETWORK AND ISDN**

**QUALITY OF SERVICE, NETWORK MANAGEMENT  
AND TRAFFIC ENGINEERING**

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**COLLECTION AND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS  
OF SPECIAL QUALITY OF SERVICE  
OBSERVATION DATA FOR MEASUREMENTS  
OF CUSTOMER DIFFICULTIES IN THE  
INTERNATIONAL AUTOMATIC SERVICE**

**ITU-T Recommendation E.427**

(Extract from the *Blue Book*)

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## NOTES

1 ITU-T Recommendation E.427 was published in Fascicle II.3 of the *Blue Book*. This file is an extract from the *Blue Book*. While the presentation and layout of the text might be slightly different from the *Blue Book* version, the contents of the file are identical to the *Blue Book* version and copyright conditions remain unchanged (see below).

2 In this Recommendation, the expression “Administration” is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

## Recommendation E.427

### COLLECTION AND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF SPECIAL QUALITY OF SERVICE OBSERVATION DATA FOR MEASUREMENTS OF CUSTOMER DIFFICULTIES IN THE INTERNATIONAL AUTOMATIC SERVICE

This Recommendation is provided to permit the orderly collection of data required for special studies to identify sources of difficulty in customer use of the international automatic telephone service.

When calls are made to points outside a customer's home country, many different sets of ringing and busy tones are encountered. In order to measure the effect of unusual sounding ringing tones and busy tones on customer behaviour, it has been decided to collect data on how long customers listen to such foreign tones as well as to their national tones in order to compare them.

The data are to be collected in the same manner as those required for the completion of Table 1/E.422. These data are an extension of those collected for Table 1/E.422, and, as an aid to subsequent analysis, a copy of the current version of that table should be used with the table of this Recommendation.

Table 1/E.427 contains questions numbered 1-9. Their relationship to the questions of Table 1/E.422 is shown in parentheses.

A preferred set of analyses for identifying the statistical significance of differences between data collected from subscribers when setting up national calls and the corresponding data collected from subscribers when setting up international calls is given below.

- 1 Determine the percentage change in any measure by use of the formula:

$$\text{Change}(C_i) = \left[ \frac{f_{ij}}{N_j} - \frac{f_{iH}}{N_H} \right] \times 100$$

$j = A, B, C$   
 $i = 0-2, 2-5 \dots, > 30$

where

$f_{ij}$  is the observed frequency of calls of category  $i$  in the country  $j$ ,

$N_j$  is the total number of observations in the country  $j$  sample,

$f_{iH}$  is the observed frequency of calls of category  $i$  in the home country  $H$ , and

$N_H$  is the total number of observations in the home country sample.

- 2 Compare the central location of the distributions by use of the Kruskal-Wallis One-Way Analysis of Variance [1].
- 3 Compare the "forms" or "shapes" of the distribution by means of the chi-square test [2].
- 4 Compare changes in single valued variables, e.g. percentage incomplete-trunk-code, by use the chi-square test.

TABLE 1/E.427

(Supplement to Table 1/E.422)

**Observations of international outgoing telephone calls for quality of service  
Additional details regarding subscriber dialled calls**

Outgoing international exchange: .....

Group of circuits:.....

Period from: ..... to .....

Category	Number		Percentage	
	Subtotal	Total	Subtotal	Total
Details of dialled calls <sup>a)b)c)</sup>				
1. Calls with errors in the dialled number <sup>d)</sup>				
1.1(6.1) Wrong number dialled.....		...		100
1.1.1 Wrong country code .....	...		...	
1.1.2 National trunk prefix (e.g. "0") wrongly included .....	...		...	
1.1.3 Wrong trunk code .....	...		...	
1.1.4 Wrong subscriber number .....	...		...	
1.2(6.2) Incomplete number dialled .....		...		100
1.2.1 National (significant) number not dialled or incomplete .....	...		...	
1.2.2 Trunk code not dialled or incomplete.....	...		...	
1.2.3 Subscriber number not dialled or incomplete.....	...		...	
2. (5.3) Calls abandoned prematurely before receipt of a tone or				
(6.3) announcement .....		...		100
Interval from end of dialling to disconnect <sup>e)</sup> :				
0- 5 s .....	...		...	
5- 10 s .....	...		...	
10-20 s .....	...		...	
20-30 s .....	...		...	
30-50 s .....	...		...	
> 50 s .....	...		...	
3. Post dialling delay on all calls that are maintained beyond the start of a tone or				
announcement .....		...		100
Interval from end of dialling to tone or announcement:				
0- 5 s .....	...		...	
5- 10 s .....	...		...	
10- 20 s .....	...		...	
20- 30 s .....	...		...	
30- 60 s .....	...		...	
60- 90 s .....	...		...	
> 90 s .....	...		...	
Average excluded portion <sup>f)</sup> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 5px;">...</span>				

4.	Calls that encounter ringing tones <sup>g)</sup>				
4.1(1)	Completed calls .....	...			100
	Interval from beginning of tone to answer:				
	0- 10 s .....	...		...	
	10- 20 s .....	...		...	
	20- 30 s .....	...		...	
	30- 50 s .....	...		...	
	> 50 s .....	...		...	
4.2(2.6.4)	Incomplete calls.....	...			100
	Interval from beginning of tone to disconnect:				
	0- 10 s .....	...		...	
	10- 20 s .....	...		...	
	20- 30 s .....	...		...	
	30- 50 s .....	...		...	
	> 50 s .....	...		...	
5.(3.2)	Calls that encounter busy/congestion tones <sup>g)</sup>		...		100
	Interval from beginning of tone to disconnect:				
	0- 2 s .....	...		...	
	2- 5 s .....	...		...	
	5-20 s .....	...		...	
	20-30 s.....	...		...	
	> 30 s.....	...		...	
6.(4.2)	Calls that encounter tones that the observer cannot identify .....		...		100
	Interval from beginning of tone to disconnect:				
	0- 2 s.....	...		...	
	2- 5 s .....	...		...	
	5-10 s .....	...		...	
	10-30 s .....	...		...	
	> 30 s.....	...		...	
7.(3.3,4.3)	Calls encountering recorded announcements .....		...		100
	Interval from beginning of announcement to disconnect:				
	0- 10 s .....	...		...	
	10- 20 s .....	...		...	
	20- 30 s .....	...		...	
	> 30 s .....	...		...	
8.	List types of errors in dialling and tone interpretation which could not be categorized				
	.....				
	.....				
9.	List restrictions on subscriber sample <sup>h)</sup>				
	.....				
	.....				
	.....				

- a) The term "calls" throughout this table refers to circuit seizures by outgoing traffic.
- b) The data for each called country should be collected separately and not combined with other countries.
- c) The interpretation of these results cannot be made adequately except by comparing them with similar results on national calls.
- d) The practicability of putting the observation in category 1 will depend upon the observation access point and knowledge of the national numbering plan of the outgoing country and of the destination country.
- e) 0- 5 s implies  $0 \leq t \leq 5$ .
- 5-10 s implies  $5 < t \leq 10$ .
- f) The "post-dialling delay" measurements may not represent the actual delay from the time the subscriber finishes dialling to the receipt of tone. To the extent that this measurement as observed on the trunk excludes the time from completion of dialling to seizure of trunk, the average duration of this excluded time should be reported.

- g) Identification of tone categories should be made by service observers who are trained to identify the tone categories reliably.
- h) If access to the trunks being observed is restricted to some specified population of subscribers, e.g., heavy users, non-coin users, or residents of large urban centres, such restrictions should be noted and reported with the service observations.

### **References**

- [1] MARASCUILO (L. A.), McSWEENEY (M.): Non-Parametric and Distribution-Free Methods for the Social Sciences, *Wadsworth Publishing Co.*, California, 1977.
- [2] SIEGEL (S.): Non-Parametric Statistics for the Behavioural Sciences, *McGraw Hill*, New York, 1956.