

## Memento 2004

---

Memento

## Table of Contents

<b>Preface</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Purpose and Membership</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Ecma's role in International Standardization</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Organization of Ecma International*</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Management, Officers, Co-Ordinating Committee</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>General Assembly</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>Ordinary members</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>Associate members</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>SME members</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>Not-for-Profit members</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>Technical Committees</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Index of Ecma Standards</b>	<b>43</b>
<b>Ecma Standards and corresponding International and European Standards</b>	<b>46</b>
<b>Technical Reports</b>	<b>63</b>
<b>List of Representatives</b>	<b>65</b>
<b>Ecma By-laws</b>	<b>93</b>
<b>Ecma Rules</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Code of Conduct in Patent Matters</b>	<b>105</b>
<b>Withdrawn Ecma Standards and Technical Reports</b>	<b>107</b>
<b>History of Ecma International</b>	<b>119</b>
<b>Past Presidents / Secretary General</b>	<b>120</b>

\* Often called Ecma, or ECMA (in the past), short of Ecma International.



## Preface

Information Technology, Telecommunications and Consumer Electronics are key factors in today's economic and social environment. Effective interchange both of commercial, technical, and administrative data, text and images and of audiovisual information is essential for the growth of economy in the world markets. Through the increasing digitalization of information technology, telecommunications and consumer electronics are getting more and more integrated.

Open Systems and Distributed Networks based on worldwide recognized standards will not only provide effective interchange of information but also help to remove technical barriers to trade. In particular harmonized standards are recognized as a prerequisite for the establishment of the European economic area.

Since 1961, Ecma has actively contributed to worldwide standardization in information technology, telecommunications and consumer electronics. 352 Ecma Standards and 86 Technical Reports of high quality have been published.

In the coming years Ecma International sees important challenges for information technology, telecommunication and consumer electronics standardization, especially in the following areas:

- Multimedia
- High Capacity Storage Media
- High Speed Telecommunications
- Platform Independent Programming and Scripting Languages
- High Speed Interconnects
- Computer Telephony Integration
- Environmental Conscious Design
- Product Safety
- IP-based Services for Corporate Networks and Web Services
- Wireless Proximity Communication

Standardization provides the means for economical solutions for complex technologies. Moreover, it is most effective if it is performed in a pre-competitive mode and parallel with product development with all interested parties involved.

Ecma standardization work has always been recognized as far-sighted and reflecting technological trends at an early stage. As a consequence many Ecma Standards have been accepted as a base for international and European Standards. To ensure close co-operation Ecma, an international association since 1994, has established formal liaisons with European and international standardization bodies.

Ecma Standards are developed by highly qualified experts from information technology, consumer electronics and telecommunication industry with the commitment to provide in a consensus mode technical solutions ready for implementation in product development and conformity testing.

The benefit of Ecma membership is twofold:

- Early knowledge of technological trends and better understanding of high technology standards requirements.
- A platform where technical contributions of member companies are evaluated by experts who through a most effective mode of operation develop Ecma Standards and Technical Reports of high quality in a very short time.

The participation of the majority of leading companies in Ecma ensures not only the acceptance of Ecma Standards in European and International standardization but also their worldwide implementation.

**The President, Geneva, January 2004.**



## Purpose and Membership

The Purpose of Ecma International is:

- To develop, in co-operation with the appropriate national, European and international organizations as a scientific endeavour and in the general interest standards and technical reports in the fields of information and communications technologies.
- To encourage the correct use of standards by influencing the environment in which they are applied.
- To publish the Ecma Standards and Technical Reports - after their approval by at least two-thirds of all Ordinary Members - free of charge and freely copyable to all interested parties.

The Association shall consist of Company members, (i.e., ordinary, associate, SME and SPC members), and not-for-profit (NFP) members.

Ordinary membership may be applied for by a company which has interest and experience in matters related to one or more Technical Committees of the Association, and which wishes to exert the right to vote at the General Assembly and to exert other exclusive rights defined in the By-laws and Rules.

Associate membership may be applied for by a company which has interest and experience in matters related to one or more of the Technical Committees of the Association but without the right to vote in the General Assembly.

A company which has similar interests as an associate member and an annual, global turnover of less than one hundred million Swiss Francs, may be admitted as SME member (Small and Medium-sized Enterprise).

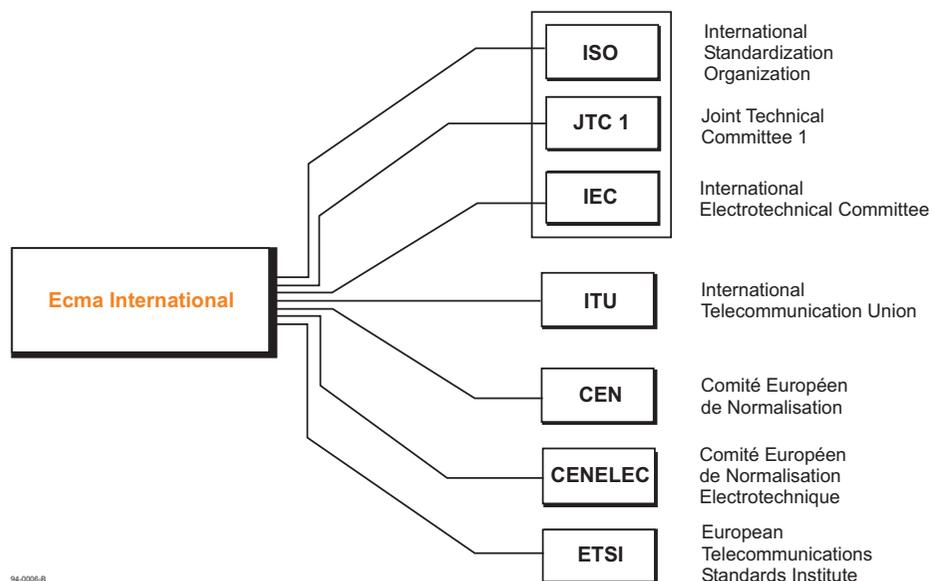
An organization - a company or other legal for-profit organization - which has similar interests as an associate member, an annual global turnover of less than five million Swiss Francs and no more than five employees, may be admitted as SPC member (Small Private Company).

NFP membership may be applied for by a non-profit-making organization. If an NFP is an organization with several organizations as members, then normally it can only become an NFP member in Ecma if its members do not qualify for Company membership in Ecma.

The Association shall be a non-profit-making organization and shall devote itself to no commercial activity whatsoever.



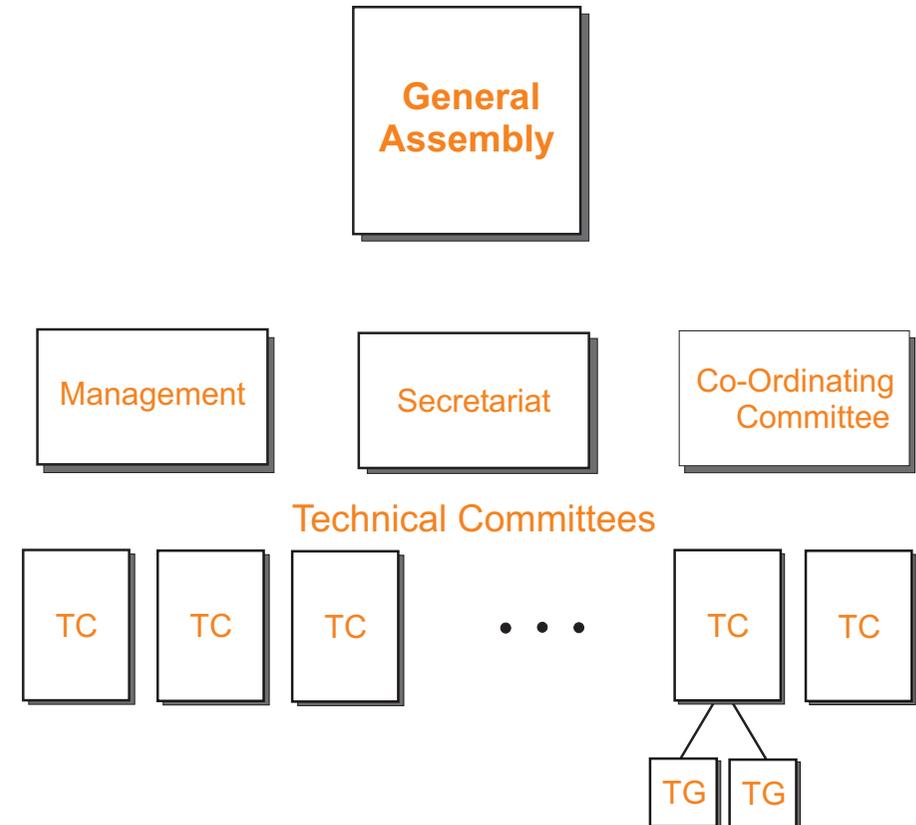
## Ecma's role in International Standardization



94-0006-B

Ecma International has close working relations - such as liaisons, co-operation agreements, and memberships - with European and international standardization bodies.

## Organization of Ecma International\*



94-0007-A

\* Often called Ecma, or ECMA (in the past), short of Ecma International.

## Management

---

**President**  
Mr. S. Statt  
(Intel)

<b>Vice-President</b> Mr. H. Theis (Tenovis)	<b>Treasurer</b> Dr. P. Weijenbergh (Philips)
--	---

## Secretariat

---

**Secretary General**  
Mr. J. van den Beld

**Chief Technical Officer**  
Mr. O. Elzinga

## Co-Ordinating Committee

---

**Chair**  
Ms J. Auber (HP)

**Members**

Mr. M. Breidhardt (IBM)  
Mr. K. Fisher (Intel)  
Mr. H. Narita (Fujitsu)  
Mr. J. Neumann (Toshiba)  
Mrs. I. Valet-Harper (Microsoft)



## General Assembly

Alcatel Mr. R. Gass  
Apple Mr. E. Vangala  
alternate: Mr. D. Michael  
Avaya Ms. J. McMillen  
Axa Rosenberg Mr. T.D. Mead  
BEA Systems Mr. E.E. Cobb  
Canon Mr. J.C. van der Linden  
EMC Mr. G. Robinson  
Ericsson Mr. T. Thyni  
Exabyte Mr. D.L. Detro  
Fujitsu Mr. H. Narita  
Hitachi Mr. K. Yamashita  
alternate: Mr. T. Noguchi  
HP Ms J. Auber  
alternate: Mrs K. Higginbottom  
IBM Mr. P. Hofmann  
alternate: Mr. M. Breidhardt  
Intel Mr. K. Fisher  
alternate: Mr. S. Statt  
JVC Mr. H. Umehara  
alternate: Mr. J. Shikunami  
Macromedia Mr. W.A. Schulze  
Mainsoft Mr. J. Miller  
Microsoft Mrs. I. Valet-Harper  
alternate: Mr. H. Sutter  
Mitsubishi Electric Dr. M. Ogawa  
NEC Mr. R. Hayatsu  
Panasonic/Matsushita Dr. I. Satoh  
alternate: Mr. T. Ishida  
Philips Dr. P. Weijenbergh  
Pioneer Dr. O. Yamada  
Plasmon Mr. R.J. Longman  
Plum Hall Mr. T. Plum  
Quantum Mr. P. Ritti  
Ricoh Mr. M. Takahashi  
Samsung Mr. J. Ko  
Seagate Mr. J. Wold  
Siemens Dr. B. Hammer  
Sony Mr. Y. Takayama  
alternate: Mr. A. Dorofeev  
Tadiran: Mr. G. Zaidman  
Tenovis: Mr. H. Theis  
alternate: Mr. K. Wehrhahn  
Texas Instruments: Mr. A. Berthon  
Toshiba Mr. T. Sugaya  
alternate: Mr. J. Neumann

## Ordinary members

ALCATEL NV  
33, rue Emeriau  
F-75015 PARIS  
France

Apple Computer, Inc.  
1 Infinite Loop  
CUPERTINO, CA 95014  
USA

Avaya  
211 Mount Airy Road  
BASKING RIDGE, NJ 07920  
USA

BEA Systems, Inc.  
2315 North 1<sup>st</sup> Street  
SAN JOSE, CA 95131  
USA

Canon Europa N.V.  
Bovenkerkerweg 59-61  
NL-1185 XB AMSTELVEEN  
The Netherlands

Ericsson  
Telefonplan  
S-126 25 STOCKHOLM  
Sweden

Fujitsu Ltd  
Nikko Fudousan Bldg.  
2-15-16, Shinyokohama  
Kohoku-ku  
YOKOHAMA 222-0033  
Japan

Hewlett-Packard S.A.  
150 Route du Nant-d'Avril  
CH-1217 MEYRIN 2  
Switzerland

Hitachi Ltd  
Hitachi Ohmori 2<sup>nd</sup> Bldg.  
6-27 18 Minami-Oi, Shinagawa-ku  
TOKYO 140  
Japan

IBM Europe  
Tour Pascal, Cedex 40  
F-92075 PARIS LA DEFENSE  
France

Intel, Europe, Middle East & Africa  
Pipers Way  
SWINDON SN3 1RJ  
United Kingdom

Macromedia, Inc.  
600 Townsend Street  
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94103  
USA

Microsoft Corporation  
One Microsoft Way  
REDMOND, WA 98052  
USA

NEC Technologies (UK) Ltd  
5 Bath Road  
SLOUGH SL1 3UA  
United Kingdom

Nederlandse Philips Bedrijven B.V.  
P.O. Box 218  
NL-5600 MD EINDHOVEN  
The Netherlands

Panasonic Europe (HQ) Ltd  
(E-TEC), Monzastr. 4c  
D-63225 LANGEN  
Germany

Pioneer Electronic Corp.  
1-4-1, Meguro, Meguro-ku  
TOKYO 153-8654  
Japan

Ricoh Company Ltd  
3-2-3, Shin-yokohama  
Kohoku-ku  
YOKOHAMA 222-8530  
Japan

Sony Europa GmbH  
Hugo-Eckener-Str. 20  
D-50829 COLOGNE  
Germany

Tenovis GmbH & Co. KG  
Kleyerstr. 94  
D-60277 FRANKFURT am Main  
Germany

---

Toshiba Europe (I.E.) GmbH  
Hammfelddamm 8  
D-4040 NEUSS 1  
Germany

---

## Associate members

EMC  
30 Rue Grange Dame Rose  
F-92366 MEUDON LA FORET  
France

---

Exabyte Corporation, Ltd  
Queensbridge House  
60 Upper Thames St.  
LONDON EC4V 3BD  
United Kingdom

---

JVC Techn. Centre Europe GmbH  
Grüner Weg 12  
D-61169 FRIEDBERG  
Germany

---

Mitsubishi Electric Corp.  
2-2-3, Marunouchi  
Chiyoda-Ku  
TOKYO 100-8310  
Japan

---

Quantum Corporation  
500 McCarthy Blvd.  
MILPITAS, CA 95035  
USA

---

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd  
416 Maetan-3Dong, Paldal Gu  
Suwon City  
Kyungki-Do  
Korea

---

Seagate, Inc.  
European Customer Service  
Archive Way  
WOKINGHAM RG11 2PL  
United Kingdom

---

Siemens AG  
Otto-Hahn-Ring 6  
D-81730 MUNICH  
Germany

---

Tadiran Telecom Business Systems Ltd.  
18 Hasivim Street  
PETACH-TIKVA 49105  
Israel

---

Texas Instruments Inc.  
6550 Chase Oaks Boulevard  
M/S 8470  
PLANO, TX 75023  
USA

---

## SME members

Axa Rosenberg  
Barr Rosenberg Research Center LLC  
4 Orinda Way, Building E  
ORINDA, CA 94563  
United States

---

Mainssoft Corporation  
3850 North First Street  
SAN JOSE, CA 95134  
USA

---

Plasmon Plc  
Melbourn  
Whiting Way  
Nr. ROYSTON SG8 6EN  
United Kingdom

---

Plum Hall Inc.  
3 Waihona  
Box 44610  
KAMUELA, HI 96743  
USA

---

## Not-for-Profit members

COSC  
University of Canterbury  
Private Bag 4800  
CHRISTCHURCH  
New Zealand

---

ETH Zürich  
ETH Zentrum  
Clausiusstr. 59  
CH-8092 ZÜRICH  
Switzerland

---

Indiana University  
Computer Science Department  
Lindley Hall 215  
150S Woodlawn Avenue  
BLOOMINGTON, IN 47405  
USA

---

Indian Institute of Technology  
Hauz Khas  
NEW DELHI 110016  
India

---

IT University of Copenhagen  
Glentevej 67  
DK-2400 COPENHAGEN NV  
Denmark

---

Monash University  
School of Computer Science  
900 Dandenong Rd  
CAULFIELD EAST, VIC 3145  
Australia

---

NIST, Computer Systems Laboratory  
820 West Diamond Avenue  
GAITHERSBURG, MD 20899  
USA

---

Object Management Group (OMG)  
Framingham Corporate Center  
492 Old Connecticut Park  
FRAMINGHAM, MA 01701  
USA

---

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt  
(PTB)  
Fürstenwalder Damm 388  
D-12587 BERLIN  
Germany

---

SHARE, Inc  
401 North Michigan Avenue  
CHICAGO, IL 60611  
USA

---

Technische Universität Dresden  
Dürerstr. 24  
D-01062 DRESDEN  
Germany

---

VCCI  
Azabudai, Minato-ku  
TOKYO 106-0041  
Japan

---

## Technical Committees

### Active Committees

Product Safety	TC12
Volume and File Structure	TC15
Magnetic Tapes and Tape Cartridges	TC17
Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)	TC20
Acoustics	TC26
Optical Disks and Disk Cartridges	TC31
Communication, Networks and Systems Interconnection	TC32
Product-related Environmental Attributes	TC38
Programming and Scripting Languages	TC39
Interconnects	TC42

### **Committees having accomplished their task**

Codes (Coded Character Sets)	TC1
General Programming Languages	TC2
Problem Analysis and Flow Charting	TC3
Optical Character Recognition	TC4
ALGOL	TC5
COBOL	TC6
Magnetic Ink Character Recognition	TC7
FORTRAN	TC8
Data Transmission	TC9
PL/1	TC10
Numerical Control	TC11
Keyboards	TC13
Paper Sizes	TC14
Rigid Magnetic Disks	TC16
I/O Interface	TC18
Flexible Disk Cartridges	TC19
BASIC	TC21
Database	TC22
Open Systems Interconnection	TC23
Communications Protocols	TC24
Data Networks	TC25
Ada	TC27
Ergonomics of Work Stations	TC28
Document Architecture and Interchange	TC29
SCSI Small Computer Systems Interface	TC30
Portable Common Tool Environment (PCTE)	TC33
Office Devices	TC34
User System Interface	TC35
IT Security	TC36
Application Programming Interface for Windows (APIW)	TC37
Object Data Interfaces	TC40
Platform Independent Computing Environment	TC41

## TC12 - Product Safety

### Scope:

To consider national and international safety regulations with a view to establishing appropriate safety standards for information technology equipment so that they are intrinsically safe and safe for operating and maintenance personnel.

### Programme of work:

1. To survey existing national and international standards and recommendations concerned with safety requirements.
2. To study the safety requirements associated with power control and distribution and establish recommendations where appropriate.
3. To consider short circuit and overcurrent protection, earthing, voltage exposure limits, mechanical design, etc., and establish recommendations where appropriate.
4. To assume responsibility for the maintenance of Ecma Standards prepared by TC12.
5. To establish and maintain liaison with other standards organizations in order to present Ecma proposals to them and to make comments on their proposals.

### Officers:

#### Chairman

Mr. V. Gasse (IBM)

---

#### Vice-Chairman

Mr. H.B.B. van Dam (Philips)

---

#### Members

Mr. B. Bryans (IBM)  
Mr. R. Gehrmann (HP)  
Mr. H. Hintz (Alcatel)  
Mr. A. Ishii (Ricoh)  
Mr. L.Y. Johansson (Ericsson)  
Mr. M. Kaku (Fujitsu)  
Mr. J.C. Miranda (EMC)  
Mr. R. Nute (HP)  
Mr. R. Pausch (HP)  
Mr. R. Pescatore (HP)  
Mr. K. Sato (IBM)  
Mr. A. Satoh (HP)  
Mr. S. Seng (HP)  
Mr. J.W. Smith (HP)  
Mr. S. Statt (Intel)  
Mr. T. Toyama (Hitachi)

## TC15 - Volume and File Structure

### Scope:

To facilitate the interchange of information on media by specifying the format on the recorded structures that contain descriptive information about volumes and the files/directories recorded on the media.

### Programme of work:

1. To specify volume and file structure standards for media used in interchange.
2. To specify such standards so that they are independent, where possible, of the standards for the underlying medium.
3. To constitute a coherent family of standards where possible.
4. To assume responsibility for the maintenance of Ecma Standards prepared by TC15.

5. To maintain liaison with other standards organizations in order to present Ecma proposals to them and to make comments on their proposals.

### Officers:

**Chairman**  
Vacancy

---

**Vice-Chairman**  
Mr. J.R. Sims, III (HP)

---

### Members

Mr. P. Bramhall (HP)  
Mr. M. Hamada (Fujitsu)  
Dr. K. Meissner (Uni Dresden)  
Mr. T.J. Nelson (Panasonic)  
Mr. M. Takahashi (Ricoh)

## TC17 - Magnetic Tapes and Tape Cartridges

### Scope:

To identify and standardize the minimum number of parameters necessary to ensure interchangeability of magnetic tapes and tape cartridges using appropriate methods of recording and taking account of existing standards.

### Programme of work:

1. To develop standards for 3,81 mm, 6,30 mm, 8 mm and 12,65/12,7 mm wide magnetic tape cartridges.
2. To monitor the revision of International Standards for magnetic tapes and tape cartridges.
3. To develop standards for algorithms for the lossless compression of data.
4. To assume responsibility for the maintenance of Ecma Standards prepared by TC17.
5. To maintain liaison with other standards organizations in order to

present Ecma proposals to them and to make comments on their proposals.

### Officers:

#### Chairman

Mr. P.J. Seger (IBM)

---

#### Vice-Chairman

Vacancy

---

### Members

Mr. P. Bramhall (HP)  
Mr. D.L. Detro (Exabyte)  
Mr. I. Nakashima (Sony)  
Mr. O. Ohmori (Fujitsu)  
Mr. T. Ozue (Sony)  
Mr. Y. Takayama (Sony)  
Mr. J. Takeuchi (Matsushita)  
Mr. G.A. Unruh (Seagate)  
Mr. H. Yohda (Matsushita)

## TC20 - Electromagnetic Compatibility

### Scope:

To study the conditions necessary to guarantee reciprocal electromagnetic compatibility between information technology equipment and the external environment, to prepare corresponding standards and to contribute to international standardization.

### Programme of work:

1. To survey existing international and national standards concerned with electromagnetic compatibility.
2. To establish measuring methods and limits for electromagnetic interference generated by information technology equipment.
3. To establish standards for methods of assessment and suitable levels for the immunity of information technology equipment to electromagnetic interference.
4. To assume responsibility for the maintenance of Ecma Standards and Technical Reports prepared by TC20.
5. To maintain liaison with other standards organizations in order to

present Ecma proposals to them and to make comments on their proposals.

### Officers:

#### Chairman

Mr. J.P. Wagner (Avaya)

---

#### Vice-Chairman

Mr. J.-L. Detrez (Intel)

---

### Members

Mr. A.F.J. Almering (Philips)

Mr. R. Byrne (Apple)

Mr. J. Chubb (Apple)

Mr. I. Farhoudi (Ericsson)

Mr. R. Gehrman (HP)

Mr. J. Hirvela (HP)

Mr. T. Jahn (IBM)

Mr. T. Kojima (VCCI)

Mr. G.S. Pettit (Intel)

Mr. D.P. Ray (EMC)

Mr. J.W. Smith (HP)

Mr. S. Statt (Intel)

Dr. G. Zeidenbergs (IBM)

## TC26 - Acoustics

### Scope:

To recommend standards for determining the noise outputs of different categories of individual items of information technology equipment intended for use in defined working environments; standards for determining total noise levels in the said working environments, these standards to include corresponding methods of measurement; preferred methods of predicting total levels if units of known noise output are installed together.

### Programme of work:

1. To categorize the acoustical environments in which information technology equipment is required to work.
2. To survey the various recommendations and requirements for the acoustical environments of these areas.
3. To make recommendations for standard methods of measuring and specifying the noise output of equipment, taking into account the work of ISO/TC43.
4. To consider any special requirements that may arise during non-standard operation, e.g. servicing.
5. To consider what information should be supplied by the manufacturer to facilitate

optimum installation and to make recommendations.

6. To follow developments affecting acoustical environment in places of work.

7. To assume responsibility for the maintenance of Ecma Standards prepared by TC26.

8. To maintain liaison with other standards organizations in order to present Ecma proposals to them and to make comments on their proposals.

### Officers:

#### Chairman

Mr. E. Dunens (HP)

---

#### Vice-Chairman

Vacancy

---

### Members

Mr. T. Baird (HP)

Mr. E. Baugh (Hitachi)

Mr. L.E. Fisher (Intel)

Mr. R. Hellweg (HP)

Mr. I. Kimizuka (IBM)

Mrs. K. Man (Intel)

Mr. T. Matsumura (Fujitsu)

Mr. A. Takanashi (Canon)

Dr. R. Underwood (IBM)

## TC31 - Optical Disks and Disk Cartridges

### Scope:

To identify and develop the minimum number of standards necessary for data interchange by means of optical data disks and disk cartridges.

### Programme of work:

1. To develop standards for optical disks and disk cartridges of 80 mm, 90 mm, 120 mm, 130 mm, 300 mm and 356 mm.
2. To assume responsibility for the maintenance of Ecma Standards (both CD and DVD) prepared by TC31.
3. To monitor technological developments in the field of optical disks and disk cartridges.
4. To maintain liaison with other standards organizations in order to present Ecma proposals to them and to make comments to their proposals.

### Officers:

#### Chairman

Mr. J. Neumann (Hitachi)

#### Vice-Chairman

Dr. P.G.P. Weijenberg (Philips)

### Members

Mr. M. Abe (Ricoh)  
Mr. N. Akahira (Matsushita)  
Mr. N.A. Davies (Plasmon)  
Mr. S. Furukawa (Sony)  
Mr. Y-ZU Gotoh (Matsushita)  
Mr. M. Hamada (Fujitsu)  
Mr. I.E. Henderson (IBM)  
Mr. H. Irie (Toshiba)  
Mr. T. Ishida (Matsushita)  
Mr. A. Ishihara (Toshiba)

Mr. M. Ishii (NEC)

Mr. Y. Kadokawa (Ricoh)

Mr. K. Katata (Pioneer)

Dr. K. Kime (Mitsubishi)

Mr. J. Ko (Samsung)

Mr. H. Kodani (Toshiba)

Mr. K. Kuroda (Pioneer)

Mr. F. Le Carvenec (Le Carvenec Consultants/Plasmon)

Mr. R.J. Longman (Plasmon)

Mr. H. Maeda (Sony)

Mr. S. Misawa (Sony)

Mr. K. Miwa (IBM)

Dr. H. Miyamoto (Hitachi)

Mr. K. Nakane (Mitsubishi)

Mr. T.J. Nelson (Panasonic)

Mr. J.G. Nijboer (Philips)

Mr. H. Ohsawa (Toshiba)

Mr. T. Okanishi (Sony)

Mrs. D. Reed (Toshiba)

Mr. H. Satoh (Toshiba)

Dr. I. Satoh (Matsushita)

Mr. J.R. Sims, III (HP)

Mr. C. Smith (Sony)

Mr. T. Sugaya (Toshiba)

Mr. H. Sukeda (Hitachi)

Mr. H. Suzuki (JVC)

Mr. M. Takahashi (Ricoh)

Mr. Y. Takayama (Sony)

Mr. S. Taniguchi (Pioneer)

Mr. C. Weirauch (HP)

Mr. K. Yamada (Mitsubishi)

Mr. K. Yamashita (Hitachi)

Mr. F. Yokogawa (Pioneer)

## TC32 - Communication, Networks and Systems Interconnection

### Scope:

To maintain an overall view and strategy for standardization in the field of private/corporate telecommunications, and to prepare Ecma Standards and Technical Reports required in this field.

To monitor and pursue standardization at a global level with regard to ISO/IEC JTC 1 and the international standardization world in general.

To work together with ETSI within the framework for standardization under the terms of the Cooperation Agreement between ETSI and Ecma, for publication of European standards and technical reports.

To promote unified international standards.

The field of private/corporate telecommunications includes architecture, service, protocol, interoperability, management and application aspects of Corporate Telecommunication Networks (CNs). CNs include narrowband and broadband Private Integrated Services Networks (PISNs) and private networks based on the Internet Protocol (IP). In particular the field includes the following:

- Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications (CSTA) (see TC32-TG11);
- architecture, service and protocol aspects of narrowband and broadband Private Integrated Services Networks (PISNs) (see TC32-TG14);
- IP-based multimedia communications in a business environment, including interoperability of

narrowband and broadband PISNs with IP networks (see TC32-TG17);

- Near Field Communications (see TC32-TG19).

### Programme of work:

1. To address requirements and strategic plans for standardization in the field of private/corporate telecommunications, and to align, harmonize, and as far as possible remain compatible with standards for public telecommunications as well as standards in related fields.
2. To address and resolve high-level strategic issues affecting the future direction and scope of standardization in the field of private telecommunications.
3. To be responsible for and co-ordinate the planning and work of the task groups within TC32. In particular to review and approve work items of the task groups.
4. To recommend the creation of new task groups as necessary to pursue new and evolving fields of work, and closure of task groups that have accomplished their missions.
5. To review and approve draft Standards and Technical Reports prepared by the task groups for submission to the Ecma General Assembly and onwards submission to ISO/IEC JTC 1, ETSI and other standardization organizations as appropriate.
6. To maintain liaisons with other Ecma TCs working in related fields.
7. To maintain liaison with, monitor and contribute to the work of ISO/IEC JTC 1, ITU-T, ETSI, IETF, and other international, regional and national standards organizations and consortia, to

present Ecma proposals and to comment on their proposals.

8. To assist non-standards organizations in getting Ecma Standards developed and further processed, depending on TC members' agreement, and active participation from such organizations.

**Officers:**

**Chairman**

Dr. B. Hammer (Siemens)

---

**Vice-Chairman**

Mr. H. Theis (Tenovis)

---

**Members**

Ms J. Auber (HP)

Mr. T. Berggren (Ericsson)

Mr. A. Berthon (Texas Instruments)

Mr. F. Derks (Philips)

Mr. J.R. Elwell (Siemens)

Mr. R. Gass (Alcatel)

Mr. E. Horvath (Siemens)

Dr. J.L. Knight (Avaya)

Ms J. McMillen (Avaya)

Mr. R. Meindl (Philips)

Mr. T. Miller (Siemens)

Mr. K. Miwa (IBM)

Mr. P. Mourot (Alcatel)

Dr. N. Oliver (Intel)

Mr. J.-F. Rey (Alcatel)

Ms R. Santa (Siemens)

Mr. K. Tanaka (Hitachi)

Mr. R. Vautz (Tenovis)

Mr. K. Wehrhahn (Tenovis)

Mr. G. Zaidman (Tadiran)

## TC32-TG11 - Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications (CSTA)

### Scope:

Develop and refine the Computer Supported Telecommunications (CSTA) standard.

CSTA specifies an Applications Interface and Protocols for monitoring and controlling calls and devices in a communications network.

These calls and devices may support various media and can reside in various network environments such as IP, Switched Circuit Networks and mobile networks. CSTA however, abstracts various details of underlying signalling protocols (e.g. SIP/H.323) and networks for the applications.

### Programme of work:

1. To study aspects of CSTA, with special focus to:

- Improve CSTA and SIP interoperability
- Improve CSTA and Web interoperability (leverage CSTA XML usage with e.g. WSDL/UDDI)
- Provide conferencing enhancements for collaboration applications
- Provide finer grained media control
- Improve support for non-voice media.

2. To produce Technical Reports illustrating how CSTA fits into various environments such as in call/contact centres, voice-browser and Internet environments.

3. To produce Standards specifying the services, functional entities and protocols required enabling CSTA operation in a variety of environments.

4. To liaise with organisations studying similar topics including groups working within ITU-T and ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC6, IETF, W3C and ETSI, to promote unified international standards.

### Officers:

#### Convenor

Mr. K. Wehrhahn (Tenovis)

---

#### Vice-Convenor

Vacancy

---

### Members

Mr. S. Brown (IBM)  
Mr. J.-L. Detrez (Intel)  
Mr. F. Dupuy (Alcatel)  
Mr. D. Finnie (Intel)  
Mr. R. Guenther (IBM)  
Ms B. Hacoheh (Tadiran)  
Dr. B. Hammer (Siemens)  
Dr. J.L. Knight (Avaya)  
Ms M. Kraus (Tadiran)  
Mr. A. Mayer (Tenovis)  
Mr. T. Miller (Siemens)  
Mr. P. Mourot (Alcatel)  
Dr. N. Oliver (Intel)  
Mr. J.-F. Rey (Alcatel)  
Mr. J.D. Smith (Siemens)  
Dr. T. Stach (Siemens)  
Mr. K. Tanaka (Hitachi)  
Mr. S. Tanaka (Matsushita)  
Mr. R. Vautz (Tenovis)  
Mr. K. Wang (Microsoft)  
Mr. G. Zaidman (Tadiran)

## TC32-TG14 - Private Integrated Services / Corporate Networks - Services and Signalling

### Scope:

To develop Standards and Technical Reports for services and signalling in Private Integrated Services / Corporate Networks (PISNs/CNs).

### Programme of work:

1. To develop service Standards and interface protocol signalling Standards for the connection of terminal equipment to a PISN/CN, utilising, and remaining compatible with, existing Standards and recommendations, as far as possible.
2. To develop Standards for intra-PISN/CN services and signalling protocols (i.e. QSIG/PSS1), thereby supporting harmonized telecommunications services on multi-vendor PISNs/CNs, and to align these services as far as possible with the public ISDN telecommunications services.
3. To co-operate with other standardization bodies in the development of Standards for the services and signalling of PISNs/CNs in relation to:
  - interconnection of PISN exchanges;
  - connection of terminal equipment (TE).
4. To develop Standards for the service description, information flows and signalling protocols of PISN/CN services.
5. To co-ordinate liaison with ITU-T, ISO/IEC JTC 1 and ETSI in the field of ISDN services and protocol standards.
6. To monitor and to contribute to the work of other international and European bodies studying matters related to

PISN/CN services (e.g. ISDN developments).

7. To maintain existing standards for broadband private networks (B-PISN).

8. To maintain existing standards for architectural, naming numbering and addressing aspects of narrowband and broadband PISNs/CNs.

### Officers:

#### Acting Convener

Mr. R. Vautz (Tenovis)

---

#### Vice-Convener

Vacancy

---

### Members

Mr. T. Berggren (Ericsson)  
Mr. J.R. Elwell (Siemens)  
Mrs. S. Gabri (Ericsson)  
Mr. Z. Hadar (Tadiran)  
Dr. B. Hammer (Siemens)  
Mr. E. Horvath (Siemens)  
Dr. S. Kar (Indian Inst. of Technology)  
Mr. U. Kayser (Tenovis)  
Ms J. McMillen (Avaya)  
Mr. M. Melzer (Tadiran)  
Mr. C.E. Pagani (Ericsson)  
Mr. A. Percival (Siemens)  
Ms R. Santa (Siemens)  
Dr. T. Stach (Siemens)  
Mr. K. Tanaka (Hitachi)  
Mr. R. Timmerman (Philips)  
Dr. J. Winter (Siemens)  
Mr. D. Wulf (Siemens)  
Mr. G. Zaidman (Tadiran)

## TC32-TG17 - IP-based Multimedia Communications

### Scope:

To develop Standards and Technical Reports for IP-based multimedia communications in a business environment.

### Programme of work:

1. To identify requirements for IP-based multimedia communication in a corporate network environment, including architectural, addressing, mobility, service, protocol, interworking, QoS, security and management aspects.
2. To co-operate with the responsible Task Groups, Technical Committees and other standardization bodies in order to achieve where necessary Standards or Technical Reports in these areas.
3. To adapt, where necessary, existing standards for narrowband and broadband PISNs to the requirements of IP-based multimedia communication in a business environment.
4. To develop, where necessary, standards for interoperation of IP-based networks and telecommunication networks.
5. To promote a worldwide unique set of standards for IP-related multimedia communication in a business environment.
6. To co-ordinate liaison on related matters with ITU-T, ETSI, TIA, IETF, IMTC and ISO/IEC JTC 1.
7. To monitor, and contribute to, related work in other bodies.

### Officers

#### Convenor:

Mr. R. Vautz (Tenovis)

### Vice-Convenor

Ms J. McMillen (Avaya)

---

### Members

Mr. T. Berggren (Ericsson)  
Mr. F. Derks (Philips)  
Mr. J.-L. Detrez (Intel)  
Mr. F. Dupuy (Alcatel)  
Mr. J.R. Elwell (Siemens)  
Mr. D. Finnie (Intel)  
Mrs. S. Gabri (Ericsson)  
Mr. R. Gass (Alcatel)  
Mr. Z. Hadar (Tadiran)  
Dr. B. Hammer (Siemens)  
Mr. E. Horvath (Siemens)  
Dr. S. Kar (Indian Inst. of Technology)  
Mr. A. Mayer (Tenovis)  
Mr. M. Melzer (Tadiran)  
Mr. T. Miller (Siemens)  
Mr. P. Mourot (Alcatel)  
Dr. N. Oliver (Intel)  
Mr. C.E. Pagani (Ericsson)  
Mr. A. Percival (Siemens)  
Mr. J.-F. Rey (Alcatel)  
Mr. O. Rousseau (Alcatel)  
Ms R. Santa (Siemens)  
Dr. T. Stach (Siemens)  
Mr. K. Tanaka (Hitachi)  
Mr. H. Theis (Tenovis)  
Mr. T. Tung (Siemens)  
Mr. K. Wehrhahn (Tenovis)  
Mr. D. Wulf (Siemens)  
Mr. G. Zaidman (Tadiran)

## TC32-TG19 - Near Field Communications

### Scope:

To develop Standards and Technical Reports for Near Field Communication Systems, for the realisation of simple wireless communication between close coupled devices for network products and consumer equipment.

### Programme of work:

1. To develop and maintain Standards and Technical Reports for Near Field Communication.
2. To co-operate and liaise with other organizations and standardization bodies, where appropriate, in particular with ISO/IEC JTC 1, to achieve and promote a unique worldwide set of standards in the area of Near Field Communication Systems.
3. To monitor NFC technology developments and to promote and support its use in suitable application areas.

### Officers

#### Convenor:

Mr. R. Meindl (Philips)

---

### Members

Mr. F. Amtmann (Philips)  
Ms J. Baronas (Sony)  
Mr. T. Berggren (Ericsson)  
Mr. A. Berthon (Texas Instruments)  
Mr. K. Breitfuss (Philips)  
Mr. K. Brookes (Sony)  
Mr. M. Bruhnke (Hitachi)  
Mr. H. Diekherbers (Tenovis)  
Mr. A. Dorofeev (Sony)  
Dr. B. Hammer (Siemens)  
Dr. M. Harnisch (Philips)  
Mr. H. Kunkat (Philips)  
Mr. P. Mourot (Alcatel)  
Mr. S. Maruyama (Sony)  
Mr. J. Neumann (Hitachi)  
Mr. M. Ogawa (Sony)  
Dr. T. Stach (Siemens)  
Mr. Y. Takayama (Sony)  
Mr. H. Theis (Tenovis)  
Mr. P. Thüringer (Philips)  
Mr. K. Tsurumi (Sony)  
Mr. C. Walden (Sony)  
Mr. N. Yamamoto (Hitachi)

## TC38 - Product-Related Environmental Attributes

### Scope:

To identify and describe the environmental attributes related to ICT (Information and Communication Technology) and CE (Consumer Electronics) products, during their entire life cycle, from conception to end-of-life treatment.

### Programme of work:

1. To develop recommendations, e.g. Standards, on environmental attributes and the presentation thereof for ICT and CE products.
2. To monitor the development of environmental standards, regulations, conformity schemes and other requirements related to ICT and CE products.
3. To promote and maintain Ecma Standards covering product-related environmental attributes. To comment on standards and regulations from outside organizations.
4. To establish and maintain close liaison with other organizations and other fora working in the same or similar fields of activity.

### Officers:

#### Chairman

Dr. R. Höhn (IBM)

---

#### Vice-Chairman

Mr. K. Fisher (Intel)

---

#### Members

Mr. P. Auer (Apple)  
Mr. T. Barillot (Apple)  
Mr. T. Bazlen (HP)  
Dr. B.O. Brooks (IBM)  
Mr. P. Dubots (Alcatel)  
Dr. E.K. Dunens (HP)  
Mr. T. Ellerton (Intel)  
Dr. T. Fischer (Sony)  
Dr. R.E. Granda (IBM)  
Mr. R.D. Hellweg (HP)  
Dr. F. Hermann (HP)  
Mr. I. Kimizuka (IBM)  
Mr. J.C. van der Linden (Canon)  
Mr. T. Midorikawa (Canon)  
Dr. G. Niedermeier (Siemens)  
Dr. H.J. Rijks (Philips)  
Mr. A.F.W. Schneider (Sony)  
Mr. S. Weeren (IBM)  
Mr.H. Wendschlag (HP)  
Mr. K. Yamashita (Hitachi)  
Dr. J. Zietlow (Sony)

## TC39 - Programming and Scripting Languages

### Scope:

- the syntax and semantics of the general purpose, cross platform, vendor-neutral scripting language ECMAScript
- ECMAScript for XML
- the programming language C# (C "sharp")
- the programming language Eiffel
- a Common Language Infrastructure (CLI)
- a CLI binding for C++

### Programme of work:

1. To develop a standard for the dynamic scripting language ECMAScript.
2. To develop a standard set of language extensions to provide native XML support in ECMAScript.
3. To develop a standard for the programming language C# (pronounced C "sharp").
4. To develop a standard for the Common Language Infrastructure (CLI).
5. To develop a standard for the programming language Eiffel.
6. To develop a standard set of language extensions to provide a CLI binding for C++.
7. To contribute the standards to ISO/IEC JTC 1.
8. To investigate the further direction of standards developed by TC39.
9. To evaluate and consider proposals for complementary or additional technology.

10. To maintain liaison with appropriate other Ecma TCs and TGs and with ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC22.

### Officers:

#### Chairman

Mr. J. Marcey (Intel)

---

#### Vice-Chairman

Mr. A. Clinick (Microsoft)

---

### Members

Mr. B. Abrams (Microsoft)  
Mr. A. Adl-tabatabai (Intel)  
Mr. E. Alaluf (Mainsoft)  
Mr. M. Cierniak (Microsoft)  
Mr. E.E. Cobb (BEA Systems)  
Mr. M.F. Cowlshaw (IBM)  
Mr. P. Drayton (Microsoft)  
Mr. E. Eidt (HP)  
Mr. G. Flurry (IBM)  
Mr. T. Goodhew (Microsoft)  
Mr. S. Goto (Hitachi)  
Mr. R.E. Hall (Intel)  
Mr. P. Hallam (Microsoft)  
Mr. A. Hejlsberg (Microsoft)  
Mr. K. Hoover (Microsoft)  
Mr. R. Jaeschke (Microsoft)  
Mr. B. Kadhim (Fujitsu)  
Mr. K. Korosue (Microsoft)  
Prof. B. Meyer (ETH Zürich)  
Mr. J. Miller (Mainsoft)  
Mr. J. Miller (Microsoft)  
Prof. C. Mingins (Monash University)  
Mr. O. Momoh (Microsoft)  
Mr. M. Nanja (Intel)  
Dr. N. Perry (COSC)

---

Mr. T. Plum (Plum Hall)

Mr. R. Ryan (Microsoft)

Mr. C. Schmidt (BEA Systems)

Mr. J. Schneider (BEA Systems)

Mr. S.D. Smith (Intel)

Mr. H. Sutter (Microsoft)

Ms C. Thompson (HP)

Mr. P. Torr (Microsoft)

Mr. H. Venter (Microsoft)

Mr. W.E. Vicknair (IBM)

Mr. H.S. Waxman (Avaya)

Mr. R. Yu (Microsoft)

## TC39-TG1 - Dynamic Scripting Language

### Scope:

To standardize the syntax and semantics of a general purpose, cross platform, vendor-neutral dynamic scripting language called ECMAScript.

### Programme of work:

1. Develop ECMAScript language standards.
2. Upon completion of item 1, to investigate the future direction of ECMAScript standards, and to evaluate and consider proposals for complementary or additional technology.
3. To establish and maintain liaison with other Ecma TCs and with other Standards Development Organisations (SDOs) as appropriate to facilitate and promulgate the work of the TG.

### Officers:

#### Convenor

Mr. R. Yu (Microsoft)

---

### Members

Mr. B. Abrams (Microsoft)  
Mr. E. Alaluf (Mainsoft)  
Mr. M. Cierniak (Microsoft)  
Mr. A. Clinick (Microsoft)  
Mr. E.E. Cobb (BEA Systems)  
Mr. M.F. Cowlishaw (IBM)  
Mr. J. Marcey (Intel)  
Mr. J. Miller (Mainsoft)  
Mr. J. Miller (Microsoft)  
Mr. R. Ryan (Microsoft)  
Mr. M. Scherer (IBM)  
Mr. C. Schmidt (BEA Systems)  
Mr. J. Schneider (BEA Systems)  
Mr. P. Torr (Microsoft)  
Mr. H. Venter (Microsoft)  
Mr. W.E. Vicknair (IBM)

## TC39-TG2 - C#

### Scope:

To standardize the syntax and semantics of a modern, component-based, general purpose, object oriented, and type-safe programming language called C# (pronounced C sharp).

### Programme of work:

1. Develop C# language standards.
2. Upon completion of item 1, to investigate the future direction of C# standards, and to evaluate and consider proposals for complementary or additional technology.
3. To establish and maintain liaison with other Ecma TCs and with other Standards Development Organisations (SDOs) as appropriate to facilitate and promulgate the work of the TG.

### Officers:

#### Convenor

Mr. J. Jagger (Microsoft)

#### Members

Mr. B. Abrams (Microsoft)  
Mr. A. Adl-tabatabai (Intel)  
Mr. E. Alaluf (Mainsoft)  
Mr. T.A. Anderson (Intel)  
Mr. K. Ashili (Intel)  
Mr. M. Cierniak (Microsoft)  
Mr. A. Clinick (Microsoft)  
Mr. M.F. Cowlishaw (IBM)  
Mr. P. Drayton (Microsoft)  
Mr. E. Eidt (HP)

Mr. G. Flurry (IBM)  
Dr. R.L. Ford (Intel)  
Mr. Z. Gao (Intel)  
Mr. N. Glew (Intel)  
Mr. S. Goto (Hitachi)  
Mr. R.E. Hall (Intel)  
Mr. P. Hallam (Microsoft)  
Mr. A. Hejlsberg (Microsoft)  
Mr. J. Hogg (Microsoft)  
Mr. A. Horton (Microsoft)  
Mr. R. Jaeschke (Microsoft)  
Dr. S. Katzenberger (Microsoft)  
Mr. K. Korosue (Microsoft)  
Prof. A. Lumsdaine (Indiana Uni.)  
Mr. J. Marcey (Intel)  
Mr. J. Miller (Mainsoft)  
Mr. J. Miller (Microsoft)  
Dr. N. Perry (COSC)  
Mr. T. Plum (Plum Hall)  
Mr. A. Robison (Intel)  
Mr. R. Ryan (Microsoft)  
Mr. J. Schneider (BEA Systems)  
Prof. P. Sestoft (IT Uni. of Copenhagen)  
Mr. S.D. Smith (Intel)  
Ms L. Supinski (Microsoft)  
Mr. H. Sutter (Microsoft)  
Ms C. Thompson (HP)  
Mr. W.E. Vicknair (IBM)  
Mr. J. Xu (Intel)  
Mr. R. Yu (Microsoft)  
Mr. H. Zhao (Intel)

## TC39-TG3 - Common Language Infrastructure

### Scope:

To standardize a common language infrastructure (CLI) to support C#, ECMAScript and other modern languages.

### Programme of work:

1. Develop CLI standards including:
  - A common type system used across all supported programming languages
  - Execution Engine Architecture
  - A system architecture and type system
  - Metadata syntax and semantic
  - File format including validation rules
  - Program verification rules that ensure type safety
  - A common intermediate language format for code download and execution, along with metadata that describes the requirements and capabilities of the code
  - A small set of base classes that provide language support and basic application portability.
2. Upon completion of item 1, to investigate the future direction of CLI standards, and to evaluate and consider proposals for complementary or additional technology.
3. To establish and maintain liaison with other Ecma TCs and with other Standards Development Organisations (SDOs) as appropriate to facilitate and promulgate the work of the TG.

### Officers:

#### Convenor

Mr. J. Marcey (Intel)

---

#### Vice-Convenor

Mr. B. Kadhim (Fujitsu)

---

### Members

Mr. B. Abrams (Microsoft)  
Mr. A. Adl-tabatabai (Intel)  
Mr. E. Alaluf (Mainsoft)  
Mr. T.A. Anderson (Intel)  
Mr. K. Ashili (Intel)  
Mr. M. Cierniak (Microsoft)  
Mr. A. Clinick (Microsoft)  
Mr. M.F. Cowlishaw (IBM)  
Mr. P. Drayton (Microsoft)  
Mr. K.W. Dunsavage (Intel)  
Mr. E. Eidt (HP)  
Mr. G. Flurry (IBM)  
Dr. R.L. Ford (Intel)  
Mr. Z. Gao (Intel)  
Mr. N. Glew (Hitachi)  
Mr. S. Goto (Hitachi)  
Mr. R.E. Hall (Intel)  
Mr. A. Hejlsberg (Microsoft)  
Mr. J. Hogg (Microsoft)  
Mr. K. Hoover (Microsoft)  
Mr. R. Hudson (Intel)  
Mr. R. Jaeschke (Microsoft)  
Mr. J. Jagger (Microsoft)  
Mr. A. Kennedy (Microsoft)  
Mr. K. Korosue (Microsoft)  
Mr. B. Lewis (Intel)  
Prof. A. Lumsdaine (Indiana Uni.)  
Prof. B. Meyer (ETH Zürich)

Mr. J. Miller (Mainsoft)  
Mr. J. Miller (Microsoft)  
Prof. C. Mingsins (Monash University)  
Mr. M. Nanja (Intel)  
Dr. N. Perry (COSC)  
Mr. T. Plum (Plum Hall)  
Mr. A. Robison (Intel)  
Mr. R. Ryan (Microsoft)  
Mr. J. Schneider (BEA Systems)

Prof. P. Sestoft (IT Uni. of Copenhagen)  
Mr. S.D. Smith (Intel)  
Ms L. Supinski (Microsoft)  
Mr. H. Sutter (Microsoft)  
Ms C. Thompson (HP)  
Mr. W.E. Vicknair (IBM)  
Mr. J. Xu (Intel)  
Mr. R. Yu (Microsoft)  
Mr. H. Zhao (Intel)

## TC39-TG4 - EIFFEL Language

### Scope:

To standardize the syntax and semantics of a modern, component-based, general purpose, object oriented, and type-safe programming language called Eiffel.

### Programme of work:

1. Develop Eiffel language standards.
2. Upon completion of item 1, to investigate the future direction of Eiffel language standards, and to evaluate and consider proposals for complementary or additional technology.
3. To establish and maintain liaison with other Ecma TCs and with other Standards Development Organisations (SDOs) as appropriate to facilitate and promulgate the work of the TG.

### Officers:

#### Convenor

Prof. C. Mingins (Monash University)

---

#### Members

Ms. K. Arnout (ETH Zürich)

Mr. V. Arslan (ETH Zürich)

Mr. M. Cierniak (Microsoft)

Mr. A. Clinick (Microsoft)

Mr. M. Howard (Axa Rosenberg)

Mr. J. Marcey (Intel)

Prof. B. Meyer (ETH Zürich)

Mr. R. Osmond (EMC)

Mr. R. Ryan (Microsoft)

Mr. B. Schoeller (ETH Zürich)

## TC39-TG5 - CLI Binding FOR C++

### Scope:

To standardize the syntax and semantics of a general purpose, cross platform, vendor-neutral set of language extensions to provide a CLI binding for C++.

### Programme of work:

1. To develop a standard set of language extensions to provide a CLI binding for C++.
2. To maintain liaison with appropriate Ecma International TCs and with external standards bodies.

### Officers:

#### Convenor

Mr. T. Plum (Plum Hall)

### Members

Mr. J.S. Adamczyk (EDG)  
Mr. B. Bray (Microsoft)  
Mr. J. Caves (Microsoft)  
Mr. S. Goto (Hitachi)  
Mr. M. Hall (Microsoft)  
Mr. R.E. Hall (Intel)  
Mr. R. Jaeschke (Microsoft)  
Mr. J. Jagger (Microsoft)  
Mr. J. Marcey (Intel)  
Mr. J. Peil (Microsoft)  
Mr. S.D. Perry (IBM)  
Mr. H. Sutter (Microsoft)  
Mr. W.E. Vicknair (IBM)

## TC42 - Interconnects

### Scope:

To develop standards and technical reports for interoperable, scalable, and reliable I/O communications protocols for use in computer system level communications.

### Programme of work:

1. To develop a packet-switched, system-level interconnect specification that addresses the needs of a broad range of networking, telecom, storage, signal processing, and high performance embedded applications, products, and technologies. Such interconnect is targeted toward but not limited to processor to processor, processor to I/O, I/O to I/O communications in distributed embedded computing systems. Originally this work is resulting from specifications developed by RapidIO™.
2. To develop supporting documentation and reports to enable easy adoption and interoperability.
3. To embark on studies, where appropriate, to further enhance and evolve the technology in the areas of protocol, electrical signalling, and mechanical packaging.
4. To contribute the standards and TRs to international standardization organizations, if appropriate.
5. To maintain liaisons with other Ecma TCs working in related fields.

### Officers:

#### Chairman

Mr. G. Robinson (EMC)

---

#### Vice-Chairman

Vacancy

---

### Members

Mr. J. Amann (Analog Devices)  
Mr. S. Bedrosian (Agere)  
Mr. D. Bees (PMC-Sierra)  
Mr. S. Fuller (RapidIO™)  
Mrs. D. Hecht (Rydal Research)  
Mr. T. Hemken (Xilinx)  
Mr. B. von Herzen (Rapid Prototypes)  
Mr. C. Hill (Motorola SPS)  
Mr. J. Kim (Agilent)  
Mr. J. Kueng (LSI Logic)  
Mr. J. Lawley (Xilinx)  
Mr. M. Lerer (Rapid Prototypes)  
Mr. B. Marietta (Motorola SPS)  
Mr. T. Morin (Mercury Computer)  
Mr. L-G. Petersen (Ericsson)  
Mr. G. Robidoux (EMC)  
Mr. G. Roddick (Tundra Semiconductor)  
Mr. T. Scheckel (Texas Instruments)  
Mr. N. Shah (Xilinx)  
Mr. G. Shippen (Motorola SPS)  
Mr. R. Vreeland (Tundra Semiconductor)  
Mr. D. Wickliff (Lucent Technologies)  
Mr. B. Wood (Tundra Semiconductor)

## Index of Ecma Standards

<b>General</b>	<b>Safety, EMC, Acoustics, Environmental Product Attributes</b>	ECMA-74	ECMA-275
		ECMA-108	ECMA-287
		ECMA-109	ECMA-328
		ECMA-160	ECMA-341
<b>Software Engineering and Interfaces</b>			
	<b>PCTE</b>	ECMA-149 ECMA-158 ECMA-162 ECMA-230 ECMA-270	
	<b>API for Windows</b>	ECMA-234	
	<b>ECMAScript</b>	ECMA-262 ECMA-290 ECMA-327	
	<b>C# and CLI</b>	ECMA-334 ECMA-335	
<b>Data Presentation</b>			
	<b>Character Sets and Coding</b>	ECMA-6	ECMA-114
		ECMA-35	ECMA-118
		ECMA-43	ECMA-121
		ECMA-48	ECMA-128
		ECMA-94	ECMA-144
		ECMA-113	
	<b>Labelling, Volume and File Structure</b>	ECMA-13	ECMA-167
		ECMA-107	ECMA-168
		ECMA-119	ECMA-208
<b>Data Communication</b>			
	<b>PISN</b>	ECMA-106	ECMA-251
		ECMA-133	ECMA-252
		ECMA-142	ECMA-253
		ECMA-143	ECMA-263
		ECMA-148	ECMA-264
		ECMA-155	ECMA-265
		ECMA-156	ECMA-266
		ECMA-157	ECMA-276
		ECMA-161	ECMA-277
		ECMA-163	ECMA-281
		ECMA-164	ECMA-282

	ECMA-165	ECMA-283
	ECMA-173	ECMA-284
	ECMA-174	ECMA-289
	ECMA-175	ECMA-294
	ECMA-176	ECMA-295
	ECMA-177	ECMA-296
	ECMA-178	ECMA-297
	ECMA-185	ECMA-298
	ECMA-186	ECMA-299
	ECMA-191	ECMA-300
	ECMA-192	ECMA-301
	ECMA-193	ECMA-302
	ECMA-194	ECMA-303
	ECMA-202	ECMA-304
	ECMA-203	ECMA-305
	ECMA-211	ECMA-306
	ECMA-212	ECMA-310
	ECMA-213	ECMA-311
	ECMA-214	ECMA-312
	ECMA-220	ECMA-313
	ECMA-221	ECMA-314
	ECMA-224	ECMA-318
	ECMA-225	ECMA-324
	ECMA-226	ECMA-325
	ECMA-232	ECMA-333
	ECMA-241	ECMA-336
	ECMA-242	ECMA-339
	ECMA-244	ECMA-343
	ECMA-245	ECMA-344
	ECMA-250	ECMA-345
	ECMA-254	ECMA-346
	ECMA-261	ECMA-347
<b>CSTA</b>	ECMA-179	ECMA-269
	ECMA-180	ECMA-285
	ECMA-217	ECMA-323
	ECMA-218	ECMA-348
<b>IT-Security</b>	ECMA-205	ECMA-235
	ECMA-206	ECMA-271
	ECMA-219	
<b>Corporate Telecommunication Networks</b>	ECMA-307	ECMA-326
	ECMA-308	ECMA-332
	ECMA-309	

---

**Data Interchange by Physical Media**

<b>Flexible Disk Cartridges</b>	ECMA-99	ECMA-147
	ECMA-100	ECMA-207
	ECMA-125	

---

<b>Magnetic Tapes and Tape Cartridges</b>	ECMA-120	ECMA-246
	ECMA-139	ECMA-247
	ECMA-145	ECMA-248
	ECMA-146	ECMA-249
	ECMA-150	ECMA-258
	ECMA-152	ECMA-259
	ECMA-169	ECMA-278
	ECMA-170	ECMA-286
	ECMA-171	ECMA-288
	ECMA-182	ECMA-291
	ECMA-196	ECMA-292
	ECMA-197	ECMA-293
	ECMA-198	ECMA-315
	ECMA-209	ECMA-316
	ECMA-210	ECMA-319
	ECMA-231	ECMA-320
	ECMA-236	ECMA-329
<b>Optical Disks and Disk Cartridges</b>	ECMA-130	ECMA-268
	ECMA-153	ECMA-272
	ECMA-154	ECMA-273
	ECMA-183	ECMA-274
	ECMA-184	ECMA-279
	ECMA-189	ECMA-280
	ECMA-190	ECMA-317
	ECMA-195	ECMA-322
	ECMA-201	ECMA-330
	ECMA-223	ECMA-331
	ECMA-238	ECMA-337
	ECMA-239	ECMA-338
	ECMA-240	ECMA-349
	ECMA-260	ECMA-350
	ECMA-267	ECMA-351
<b>Data Compression</b>	ECMA-151	ECMA-222
	ECMA-159	ECMA-321
<b>Systems Interconnection</b>		
<b>RapidIO™ Interconnect Specification</b>	ECMA-342	
<b>Wireless Proximity systems</b>		
<b>Near Field Communication</b>	ECMA-340	ECMA-352

## Ecma Standards and corresponding International and European Standards

<b>ECMA-6</b>	7-Bit Coded Character Set, 6 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 1991)	ISO/IEC 646
<b>ECMA-13</b>	File Structure and Labelling of Magnetic Tapes for Information Interchange, 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 1985)	ISO 1001
<b>ECMA-35</b>	Character Code Structure and Extension Techniques, 6 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 1994)	ISO/IEC 2022
<b>ECMA-43</b>	8-Bit Coded Character Set Structure and Rules 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 1991)	ISO/IEC 4873
<b>ECMA-48</b>	Control Functions for Coded Character Sets 5 <sup>th</sup> edition (June 1991)	ISO/IEC 6429
<b>ECMA-74</b>	Measurement of Airborne Noise Emitted by Information Technology and Telecommunications Equipment, 8 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 2003)	ISO 7779
<b>ECMA-94</b>	8-Bit Single-Byte Coded Graphic Character Sets - Latin Alphabets No. 1 to No. 4, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1986)	ISO 8859-1, -2, -3 and -4
<b>ECMA-99</b>	Data Interchange on 130 mm Flexible Disk Cartridges using MFM Recording at 13 262 ftprad on Both Sides 3,8 Tracks per mm (September 1985)	ISO 8630
<b>ECMA-100</b>	Data Interchange on 90 mm Flexible Disk Cartridges using MFM Recording at 7 958 ftprad on 80 Tracks on Each Side - ISO Type 301, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1988)	ISO 8860
<b>ECMA-106</b>	Private Telecommunication Networks (PTN) - Signalling Protocol at the S Reference Point - Circuit Mode Basic Services (SSIG-BC), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 1993)	ETS 300 192
<b>ECMA-107</b>	Volume and File Structure of Disk Cartridges for Information Interchange, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1995)	ISO/IEC 9293
<b>ECMA-108</b>	Measurement of High Frequency Noise emitted by Information Technology and Telecommunications Equipment, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 1996)	ISO 9295
<b>ECMA-109</b>	Declared Noise Emission Values of Information Technology and Telecommunications Equipment, 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 1996)	ISO 9296
<b>ECMA-113</b>	8-Bit Single-Byte Coded Graphic Character Sets - Latin/Cyrillic Alphabet, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 1999)	ISO 8859-5

<b>ECMA-114</b>	8-Bit Single-Byte Coded Graphic Character Sets - Latin/Arabic Alphabet, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2000)	ISO 8859-6
<b>ECMA-118</b>	8-Bit Single-Byte Coded Graphic Character Sets - Latin/Greek Alphabet (December 1986)	ISO 8859-7
<b>ECMA-119</b>	Volume and File Structure of CDROM for Information Interchange, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1987)	ISO 9660
<b>ECMA-120</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 18-Track Magnetic Tape Cartridges, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 1993)	ISO 9661
<b>ECMA-121</b>	8-Bit Single-Byte Coded Graphic Character Sets - Latin/Hebrew Alphabet, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2000)	ISO 8859-8
<b>ECMA-125</b>	Data Interchange on 90 mm Flexible Disk Cartridges using MFM Recording at 15 916 ftprad on 80 Tracks on Each Side - ISO Type 302 (December 1987)	ISO 9529
<b>ECMA-128</b>	8-Bit Single-Byte Coded Graphic Character Sets - Latin Alphabet No. 5, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1999)	ISO 8859-9
<b>ECMA-130</b>	Data Interchange on Read-only 120 mm Optical Data Disks (CD-ROM), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1996)	ISO/IEC 10149
<b>ECMA-133</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Reference Configuration for PISN Exchanges (PINX), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1998)	ISO/IEC 11579-1 ETS 300 475-1
<b>ECMA-139</b>	3,81 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - DDS Format (June 1990)	ISO/IEC 10777
<b>ECMA-142</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Circuit Mode 64kbit/s Bearer Services - Service Description, Functional Capabilities and Information Flows (BCSD), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 11574 EN 300 171
<b>ECMA-143</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Circuit Mode Bearer Services - Inter-Exchange Signalling Procedures and Protocol (QSIG-BC), 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 11572 EN 300 172
<b>ECMA-144</b>	8-Bit Single-Byte Coded Character Sets - Latin Alphabet No. 6, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2000)	ISO/IEC 8859-10
<b>ECMA-145</b>	8 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording (December 1990)	ISO/IEC 11319
<b>ECMA-146</b>	3,81 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - DATA/DAT Format (December 1990)	ISO/IEC 11321

<b>ECMA-147</b>	Data Interchange on 90 mm Flexible Disk Cartridges using MFM Recording at 31 831 ftprad on 80 Tracks on Each Side - ISO Type 303 (December 1990)	ISO/IEC 10994
<b>ECMA-148</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Identification Supplementary Services (ISSD), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 14136 ETS 300 173
<b>ECMA-149</b>	Portable Common Tool Environment (PCTE) - Abstract Specification, 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 1997)	ISO/IEC 13719-1
<b>ECMA-150</b>	3,81 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - DDS-DC Format using 60 m and 90 m Length Tapes, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1992)	ISO/IEC 11557
<b>ECMA-151</b>	Data Compression for Information Interchange - Adaptive Coding with Embedded Dictionary - DCLZ Algorithm (June 1991)	ISO/IEC 11558
<b>ECMA-152</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 18-Track Magnetic Tape Cartridges - Extended Format, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1993)	ISO/IEC 11559
<b>ECMA-153</b>	Information Interchange on 130 mm Optical Disk Cartridges of the Write Once, Read Multiple (WORM) Type, using the Magneto-Optical Effect, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1994)	ISO/IEC 11560
<b>ECMA-154</b>	Data Interchange on 90 mm Optical Disk Cartridges, Read Only and Rewritable, M.O., 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1994)	ISO/IEC 10090
<b>ECMA-155</b>	Private Integrated Services Networks - Addressing, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 11571 EN 300 189
<b>ECMA-156</b>	Private Telecommunication Networks (PTN) - Signalling at the S Reference Point - Generic Keypad Protocol for the Support of Supplementary Services (SSIG-KP), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1993)	ETS 300 190
<b>ECMA-157</b>	Private Telecommunication Networks (PTN) - Signalling Protocol at the S Reference Point - Identification Supplementary Services (SSIG-ID), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1993)	ETS 300 191
<b>ECMA-158</b>	Portable Common Tool Environment (PCTE) - C Programming Language Binding, 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 1997)	ISO/IEC 13719-2
<b>ECMA-159</b>	Data Compression for Information Interchange - Binary Arithmetic Coding Algorithm (December 1991)	ISO/IEC 12042

<b>ECMA-160</b>	Determination of Sound Power Levels of Computer and Business Equipment using Sound Intensity Measurements; Scanning Method in Controlled Rooms, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1992)	ISO 9614-2
<b>ECMA-161</b>	Private Telecommunication Networks (PTN) - Signalling at the S Reference Point - Generic Feature Key Management Protocol for the Control of Supplementary Services (SSIG-FK), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1993)	ETS 300 240
<b>ECMA-162</b>	Portable Common Tool Environment (PCTE) - Ada Programming Language Binding, 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 1997)	ISO/IEC 13719-3
<b>ECMA-163</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Name Identification Supplementary Services (NISD), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (September 1997)	ISO/IEC 13864 ETS 300 237
<b>ECMA-164</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Name Identification Supplementary Services (QSIG-NA), 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 13868 ETS 300 238
<b>ECMA-165</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Generic Functional Protocol for the Support of Supplementary Services - Inter-Exchange Signalling Procedures and Protocol (QSIG-GF), 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (June 2001)	ISO/IEC 11582 ETS 300 239
<b>ECMA-167</b>	Volume and File Structure for Write-Once and Rewritable Media using Non-Sequential Recording for Information Interchange, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 13346
<b>ECMA-168</b>	Volume and File Structure of Read-Only and Write-Once Compact Disk Media for Information Interchange, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1994)	ISO/IEC 13490
<b>ECMA-169</b>	8 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge Dual Azimuth Format for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording (June 1992)	ISO/IEC 12246
<b>ECMA-170</b>	3,81 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - DDS Format using 60 m and 90 m Length Tapes (June 1992)	ISO/IEC 12247
<b>ECMA-171</b>	3,81 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - DATA/DAT-DC Format using 60 m and 90 m Length Tapes (June 1992)	ISO/IEC 12248
<b>ECMA-173</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Call Diversion Supplementary Services (CFSD), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 13872 ETS 300 256

<b>ECMA-174</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Call Diversion Supplementary Services (QSIG-CF), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 13873 ETS 300 257
<b>ECMA-175</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Path Replacement Additional Network Feature (ANF-PRSD), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 1998)	ISO/IEC 13863 ETS 300 258
<b>ECMA-176</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Path Replacement Additional Network Feature (QSIG-PR), 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 13874 ETS 300 259
<b>ECMA-177</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Call Transfer Supplementary Service (CTSD), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 13865 ETS 300 260
<b>ECMA-178</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Call Transfer Supplementary Service (QSIG-CT), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 13869 ETS 300 261
<b>ECMA-179</b>	Services for Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications (CSTA) Phase I (June 1992)	
<b>ECMA-180</b>	Protocol for Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications (CSTA) Phase I (June 1992)	
<b>ECMA-182</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 48 Track Magnetic Tape Cartridges - DLT1 Format (December 1992)	ISO/IEC 13421
<b>ECMA-183</b>	Data Interchange on 130 mm Optical Disk Cartridges - Capacity: 1 Gigabyte per Cartridge (December 1992)	ISO/IEC 13481
<b>ECMA-184</b>	Data Interchange on 130 mm Optical Disk Cartridges - Capacity: 1,3 Gigabytes per Cartridge (December 1992)	ISO/IEC 13549
<b>ECMA-185</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Call Completion Supplementary Services (CCSD), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 13866 ETS 300 365
<b>ECMA-186</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Call Completion Supplementary Services (QSIG-CC), 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 13870 ETS 300 366
<b>ECMA-189</b>	Information Interchange on 300 mm Optical Disk Cartridges of the Write Once, Read Multiple (WORM) Type using the SSF Method (June 1993)	ISO/IEC 13614

<b>ECMA-190</b>	Information Interchange on 300 mm Optical Disk Cartridges of the Write Once, Read Multiple (WORM) Type using the CCS Method (June 1993)	ISO/IEC 13403
<b>ECMA-191</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Call Offer Supplementary Service (COSD), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 14841 EN 300 361
<b>ECMA-192</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Call Offer Supplementary Service (QSIG-CO), 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 14843 EN 300 362
<b>ECMA-193</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Do Not Disturb and Do Not Disturb Override Supplementary Services (DND(O)SD), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 14842 EN 300 363
<b>ECMA-194</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Do Not Disturb and Do Not Disturb Override Supplementary Services (QSIG-DND(O)), 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 14844 EN 300 364
<b>ECMA-195</b>	Data Interchange on 130 mm Optical Disk Cartridges - Capacity: 2 Gigabytes per Cartridge, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1995)	ISO/IEC 13842
<b>ECMA-196</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 36-Track Magnetic Tape Cartridges (December 1993)	ISO/IEC 14251
<b>ECMA-197</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 112-Track Magnetic Tape Cartridges - DLT2 Format (December 1993)	ISO/IEC 13962
<b>ECMA-198</b>	3,81 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - DDS-2 Format using 120 m Length Tapes, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1995)	ISO/IEC 13923
<b>ECMA-201</b>	Data Interchange on 90 mm Optical Disk Cartridges - Capacity: 230 Megabytes per Cartridge, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1994)	ISO/IEC 13963
<b>ECMA-202</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Call Intrusion Supplementary Service (CISD), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 14845 EN 300 425
<b>ECMA-203</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Call Intrusion Supplementary Service (QSIG-CI), 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 14846 EN 300 426

<b>ECMA-205</b>	Commercially Oriented Functionality Class for Security Evaluation (COFC) (December 1993)	
<b>ECMA-206</b>	Association Context Management including Security Context Management (December 1993)	
<b>ECMA-207</b>	Data Interchange on 90 mm Flexible Disk Cartridges - 326 Data Tracks on each Side - Capacity: 21 Mbytes - ISO Type 305 (June 1994)	ISO/IEC 14169
<b>ECMA-208</b>	System-Independent Data Format - SIDF (December 1994)	ISO/IEC 14863
<b>ECMA-209</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 128-Track Magnetic Tape Cartridges - DLT3 Format (December 1994)	ISO/IEC 14833
<b>ECMA-210</b>	12,65 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - DATA-D3-1 Format, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1995)	ISO/IEC 14840
<b>ECMA-211</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Advice of Charge Supplementary Services (AOCSD), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15049 EN 301 254
<b>ECMA-212</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Advice of Charge Supplementary Services (QSIG-AOC), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15050 EN 301 264
<b>ECMA-213</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Recall Supplementary Service (RESD), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15051 EN 301 257
<b>ECMA-214</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Recall Supplementary Service (QSIG-RE), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15052 EN 301 258
<b>ECMA-217</b>	Services for Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications (CSTA) Phase II (December 1994)	
<b>ECMA-218</b>	Protocol for Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications (CSTA) Phase II (December 1994)	
<b>ECMA-219</b>	Authentication and Privilege Attribute Security Application with Related Key Distribution Functions - Part 1, 2 and 3, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (March 1996)	
<b>ECMA-220</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Call Interception Additional Network Feature (ANF-CINTSD), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15053 EN 301 256

<b>ECMA-221</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Call Interception Additional Network Feature (QSIG-CINT), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15054 EN 301 265
<b>ECMA-222</b>	Adaptive Lossless Data Compression Algorithm (June 1995)	ISO/IEC 15200
<b>ECMA-223</b>	Data Interchange on 90 mm Optical Disk Cartridges - Capacity: 385 Megabytes per Cartridge (June 1995)	
<b>ECMA-224</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Transit Counter Additional Network Feature (ANF-TCSD), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 15055 EN 301 047
<b>ECMA-225</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Transit Counter Additional Network Feature (QSIG-TC), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 15056 EN 301 048
<b>ECMA-226</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Mapping Functions for the Employment of Dedicated Circuit Mode Connections as Inter-PTNX Connections (MAPPING-CM-STATIC) (June 1995)	EN 301 765
<b>ECMA-230</b>	Portable Common Tool Environment (PCTE) - IDL Binding (Interface Definition Language), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1997)	ISO/IEC 13719-4
<b>ECMA-231</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 128-Track Magnetic Tape Cartridges - DLT 4 Format (December 1995)	ISO/IEC 15307
<b>ECMA-232</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Profile Standard for the Connection of Radio Paging Equipment (RPE) to a PISN (December 1995)	ETS 300 739
<b>ECMA-234</b>	Application Programming Interface for Windows (APIW) (December 1995)	
<b>ECMA-235</b>	The ECMA GSS-API Mechanism (March 1996)	
<b>ECMA-236</b>	3,81 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - DDS-3 Format using 125 m Length Tapes (June 1996)	ISO/IEC 15521
<b>ECMA-238</b>	Data Interchange on 130 mm Optical Disk Cartridge of Type WORM (Write Once Read Many) using Irreversible Effects - Capacity: 2,6 Gbytes per Cartridge (June 1996)	ISO/IEC 15486
<b>ECMA-239</b>	Data Interchange on 90 mm Optical Disk Cartridges - HS-1 Format - Capacity: 650 Megabytes per Cartridge (June 1996)	ISO/IEC 15498

<b>ECMA-240</b>	Data Interchange on 120 mm Optical Disk Cartridges using Phase Change PD Format - Capacity: 650 Mbytes per Cartridge (June 1996)	ISO/IEC 15485
<b>ECMA-241</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Message Waiting Indication Supplementary Service (MWISD), 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (February 2002)	ISO/IEC 15505 EN 301 260
<b>ECMA-242</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Message Waiting Indication Supplementary Service (QSIG-MWI), 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15506 EN 301 255
<b>ECMA-244</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Mapping Functions for the Employment of a Circuit Mode Basic Service and the Supplementary Service User-to-User Signalling as a pair of On-demand Inter-PINX Connections (Mapping-UUS), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 2000)	ISO/IEC 17309 EN 301 102
<b>ECMA-245</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - PINX Clock Synchronization (SYNC-SIG), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 1997)	ISO/IEC 15507 EN 301 259
<b>ECMA-246</b>	8 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - AIT-1 Format, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1998)	ISO/IEC 15780
<b>ECMA-247</b>	8 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - HH-1 Format, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1998)	ISO/IEC 15718
<b>ECMA-248</b>	12,65 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cassette for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - DTF-1 Format, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1998)	ISO/IEC 15731
<b>ECMA-249</b>	8 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - DA-2 Format, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1998)	ISO/IEC 15757
<b>ECMA-250</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Common Information Additional Network Feature (ANF-CMNSD), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1998)	ISO/IEC 15771 EN 301 819
<b>ECMA-251</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Common Information Additional Network Feature (QSIG-CMN), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15772 EN 301 820

<b>ECMA-252</b>	Broadband Private Integrated Services Network (B-PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Transit Counter Additional Network Feature (B-QSIG-TC) (December 1996)	ISO/IEC 15773
<b>ECMA-253</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Mapping Functions for the Employment of 64 kbit/s Circuit Mode Connection with 16 kbit/s Sub-multiplexing (Mapping/16), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 2000)	ISO/IEC 17310 EN 301 039
<b>ECMA-254</b>	Broadband Private Integrated Services Network (B-PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Generic Functional Protocol (B-QSIG-GF), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1999)	ISO/IEC 19058
<b>ECMA-258</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 128-Track Magnetic Tape Cartridges - DLT 3-XT Format (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 15895
<b>ECMA-259</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 208-Track Magnetic Tape Cartridges - DLT 5 Format (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 15896
<b>ECMA-260</b>	Data Interchange on 356 mm Optical Disk Cartridges - WORM, using Phase Change Technology Capacity: 14,8 and 25 Gbytes per Cartridge (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 15898
<b>ECMA-261</b>	Broadband Private Integrated Services Network (B-PISN) - Service Description - Broadband Connection Oriented Bearer Services (B-BCSD) (June 1997)	ISO/IEC 15899
<b>ECMA-262</b>	ECMAScript Language Specification, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 1999)	ISO/IEC 16262
<b>ECMA-263</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Call Priority Interruption and Call Priority Interruption Protection Supplementary Services (CPI(P)SD), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15991 EN 301 655
<b>ECMA-264</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Call Priority Interruption and Call Priority Interruption Protection Supplementary Services (QSIG-CPI(P)), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15992 EN 301 656
<b>ECMA-265</b>	Broadband Private Integrated Services Network (B-PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Signalling ATM Adaptation Layer (B-QSIG-SAAL) (September 1997)	ISO/IEC 13246
<b>ECMA-266</b>	Broadband Private Integrated Services Network (B-PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Basic Call/Connection Control (B-QSIG-BC) (September 1997)	ISO/IEC 13247
<b>ECMA-267</b>	120 mm DVD - Read-Only Disk, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (April 2001)	ISO/IEC 16448
<b>ECMA-268</b>	80 mm DVD - Read-Only Disk, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (April 2001)	ISO/IEC 16449

<b>ECMA-269</b>	Services for Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications (CSTA) Phase III, 5 <sup>th</sup> edition (December 2002)	ISO/IEC 18051
<b>ECMA-270</b>	Portable Common Tool Environment (PCTE) - Mapping from CASE Data Interchange Format (CDIF) to PCTE (December 1997)	
<b>ECMA-271</b>	Extended Commercially Oriented Functionality Class for Security Evaluation (E-COFC), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1999)	
<b>ECMA-272</b>	120 mm DVD Rewritable Disk (DVD-RAM), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1999)	ISO/IEC 16824
<b>ECMA-273</b>	Case for 120 mm DVD-RAM Disks (February 1998)	ISO/IEC 16825
<b>ECMA-274</b>	Data Interchange on 120 mm Optical Disk using +RW Format - Capacity: 3,0 Gbytes and 6,0 Gbytes, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1999)	ISO/IEC 16969
<b>ECMA-275</b>	Measurement of Structure-borne Vibration induced by Small Air Moving Devices (AMDs), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2002)	
<b>ECMA-276</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Reference Configuration for PINX Extension Lines (June 1998)	
<b>ECMA-277</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Circuit Emulation Specification - Emulation of Basic Access by ATM Networks (June 1998)	
<b>ECMA-278</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 128-Track Magnetic Tape Cartridge - Parallel Serpentine Format, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 2000)	ISO/IEC 17913
<b>ECMA-279</b>	80 mm (1,23 Gbytes per side) and 120 mm (3,95 Gbytes per side) DVD-Recordable Disk (DVD-R) (December 1998)	ISO/IEC 20563
<b>ECMA-280</b>	Data Interchange on 130 mm Optical Disk Cartridges of Type WORM (Write Once Read Many) using Irreversible Effects - Capacity: 5,2 Gbytes per Cartridge (December 1998)	ISO/IEC 18093
<b>ECMA-281</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Private User Mobility (PUM) - Registration Supplementary Service (PUMRSD), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 17875 EN 301 822
<b>ECMA-282</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Private User Mobility (PUM) - Registration Supplementary Service (QSIG-PUMR), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 17876 EN 301 821

<b>ECMA-283</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Private User Mobility (PUM) - Call Handling Additional Network Features (PUMCHSD), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 2000)	ISO/IEC 17877 EN 301 657
<b>ECMA-284</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Private User Mobility (PUM) - Call Handling Additional Network Features (QSIG-PUMCH), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 17878 EN 301 810
<b>ECMA-285</b>	Protocol for Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications (CSTA) Phase III, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 2000)	ISO/IEC 18052
<b>ECMA-286</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 208-Track Magnetic Tape Cartridges - DLT 6 Format, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 2000)	ISO/IEC 16382
<b>ECMA-287</b>	Safety of electronic equipment, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2002)	
<b>ECMA-288</b>	3,81 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - DDS-4 Format (June 1999)	ISO/IEC 17462
<b>ECMA-289</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Mapping Functions for the Employment of 64 kbit/s Circuit Mode Connections with 8 kbit/s Sub-Multiplexing (Mapping/8), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 2000)	ISO/IEC 17311 EN 301 924
<b>ECMA-290</b>	ECMAScript Components Specification (June 1999)	
<b>ECMA-291</b>	8 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording AIT-1 with MIC Format (December 1999)	ISO/IEC 18809
<b>ECMA-292</b>	8 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording AIT-2 with MIC Format (December 1999)	ISO/IEC 18810
<b>ECMA-293</b>	8 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - MammothTape-2 Format (December 1999)	ISO/IEC 18836
<b>ECMA-294</b>	B-ISDN and B-PISN - Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. two (DSS2), Broadband Inter-Exchange Signalling (B-QSIG), and Signalling System No. 7 (SS7) - Call Control in a Separated Call and Bearer Control Environment - Part 1: Protocol Specification (December 1999)	EN 302 092-1

<b>ECMA-295</b>	B-ISDN and B-PISN - Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. two (DSS2), Broadband Inter-Exchange Signalling (B-QSIG), and Signalling System No. 7 (SS7) - Call Control in a Separated Call and Bearer Control Environment - Part 2: Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) Proforma Specification (December 1999)	EN 302 092-2
<b>ECMA-296</b>	B-ISDN and B-PISN - Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. two (DSS2), Broadband Inter-Exchange Signalling (B-QSIG), and Signalling System No. 7 (SS7) - Prenegotiation - Part 1: Protocol Specification (December 1999)	EN 302 091-1
<b>ECMA-297</b>	B-ISDN and B-PISN - Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. two (DSS2), Broadband Inter-Exchange Signalling (B-QSIG), and Signalling System No. 7 (SS7) - Prenegotiation - Part 2: Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) Proforma Specification (December 1999)	EN 302 091-2
<b>ECMA-298</b>	Broadband Private Integrated Services Network (B-PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Separated Bearer Control (SBC) (B-QSIG-SBC) (December 1999)	EN 301 776
<b>ECMA-299</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Single Step Call Transfer Supplementary Service (SSCT-SD), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 19459 EN 301 918
<b>ECMA-300</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Single Step Call Transfer Supplementary Service (QSIG-SSCT), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 19460 EN 301 919
<b>ECMA-301</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Wireless Terminal Location Registration Supplementary Service and Wireless Terminal Information Exchange Additional Network Feature (WTMLR-SD) (June 2000)	ISO/IEC 15428 EN 301 824
<b>ECMA-302</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Wireless Terminal Location Registration Supplementary Service and Wireless Terminal Information Exchange Additional Network Feature (QSIG-WTMLR), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15429 EN 301 825
<b>ECMA-303</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Wireless Terminal Call Handling Additional Network Features (WTMCH-SD) (June 2000)	ISO/IEC 15430 EN 301 826

<b>ECMA-304</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Wireless Terminal Call Handling Additional Network Features (QSIG-WTMCH), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15431 EN 301 827
<b>ECMA-305</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Wireless Terminal Authentication Supplementary Services (WTMAU-SD) (June 2000)	ISO/IEC 15432 EN 301 828
<b>ECMA-306</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Wireless Terminal Authentication Supplementary Services (QSIG-WTMAU), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 15433 EN 301 829
<b>ECMA-307</b>	Corporate Telecommunication Networks - Signalling Interworking between QSIG and H.323 - Generic Functional Protocol for the Support of Supplementary Services (June 2000)	ISO/IEC 21409 TS 101 905
<b>ECMA-308</b>	Corporate Telecommunication Networks - Signalling Interworking between QSIG and H.323 - Call Transfer Supplementary Services, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 2001)	ISO/IEC 21410 TS 101 907
<b>ECMA-309</b>	Corporate Telecommunication Networks - Signalling Interworking between QSIG and H.323 - Call Diversion Supplementary Services, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 2001)	ISO/IEC 21411 TS 101 906
<b>ECMA-310</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Simple Dialog Supplementary Service (SDSD) (June 2000)	ISO/IEC 21407 EN 301 920
<b>ECMA-311</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Simple Dialog Supplementary Service (QSIG-SD), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 21408 EN 301 921
<b>ECMA-312</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (in PISN) - Profile Standard for the Use of PSS1 (QSIG) Air Traffic Services Networks, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 2001)	EN 301 846
<b>ECMA-313</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Call Identification and Call Linkage Additional Network Feature (CIDLSD) (September 2000)	ISO/IEC 21888 EN 301 922
<b>ECMA-314</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Call Identification and Call Linkage Additional Network Feature (QSIG-CIDL), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 21889 EN 301 923

<b>ECMA-315</b>	12,65 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cassette for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - DTF-2 (December 2000)	ISO/IEC 20061
<b>ECMA-316</b>	8 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - VXA-1 Format, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 20062
<b>ECMA-317</b>	Data Interchange on 300 mm Optical Disk Cartridges of Type WORM (Write Once Read Many) using Irreversible Effects - Capacity: 30 Gbytes per Cartridge (December 2000)	ISO/IEC 20162
<b>ECMA-318</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Use of QSIG at the C Reference Point between a PINX and an Interconnecting Network (December 2000)	ISO/IEC 20161 TS 101 914
<b>ECMA-319</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 384-Track Magnetic Tape Cartridges - Ultrium-1 Format (June 2001)	ISO/IEC 22050
<b>ECMA-320</b>	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm -448-Track Magnetic Tape Cartridges - SDLT1 Format (June 2001)	ISO/IEC 22051
<b>ECMA-321</b>	Streaming Lossless Data Compression Algorithm - (SLDC) (June 2001)	ISO/IEC 22091
<b>ECMA-322</b>	Data Interchange on 130 mm Magneto-Optical Disk Cartridges - Capacity: 9,1 Gbytes per Cartridge (June 2001)	ISO/IEC 22092
<b>ECMA-323</b>	XML Protocol for Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications (CSTA) Phase III, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2002)	ISO/IEC 18056
<b>ECMA-324</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Short Message Service (SMSSD) (June 2001)	ISO/IEC 21989 TS 101 990
<b>ECMA-325</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Short Message Service (QSIG-SMS) (June 2001)	ISO/IEC 21990 TS 101 991
<b>ECMA-326</b>	Corporate Telecommunication Networks - Signalling Interworking between QSIG and H.323 - Call Completion Supplementary Services (June 2001)	ISO/IEC 21991 TS 101 989
<b>ECMA-327</b>	ECMAScript 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition Compact Profile (June 2001)	
<b>ECMA-328</b>	Detection and Measurement of Chemical Emissions from Electronic Equipment (June 2001)	
<b>ECMA-329</b>	8 mm Wide Magnetic Tape Cartridge for Information Interchange - Helical Scan Recording - AIT-3 Format (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 23651

<b>ECMA-330</b>	120 mm (4,7 Gbytes per side) and 80 mm (1,46 Gbytes per side) DVD Rewritable Disk (DVD-RAM), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 2002)	ISO/IEC 17592
<b>ECMA-331</b>	Case for 120 mm and 80 mm DVD-RAM Disks (December 2001)	ISO/IEC 17594
<b>ECMA-333</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Mapping Functions for the Tunnelling of QSIG through H.323 Networks, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2003)	ISO/IEC 23290 TS 102 037
<b>ECMA-334</b>	C# Language Specification, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2002)	ISO/IEC 23270
<b>ECMA-335</b>	Common Language Infrastructure (CLI), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2002)	ISO/IEC 23271
<b>ECMA-336</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Mapping Functions for the Tunnelling of QSIG through IP Networks (Mapping/IP-QSIG) (June 2002)	ISO/IEC 21992 TS 102 075
<b>ECMA-337</b>	Data Interchange on 120 mm and 80 mm Optical Disk using +RW Format - Capacity: 4,7 and 1,46 Gbytes per Side (Recording speed up to 4X), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2003)	ISO/IEC 17341
<b>ECMA-338</b>	80 mm (1,46 Gbytes per side) and 120 mm (4,70 Gbytes per side) DVD Re-recordable Disk (DVD-RW) (December 2002)	ISO/IEC 17342
<b>ECMA-339</b>	Corporate Telecommunication Networks - Signalling Interworking between QSIG and SIP - Basic Services (December 2002)	ISO/IEC 17343 TS 102 166
<b>ECMA-340</b>	Near Field Communication - Interface and Protocol (NFCIP-1) (December 2002)	ISO/IEC 18092 TS 102 190
<b>ECMA-341</b>	Environmental design considerations for electronic products (December 2002)	
<b>ECMA-342</b>	RapidIO™ Interconnect Specification (February 2003)	ISO/IEC 18372
<b>ECMA-343</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Make Call Request Supplementary Service (MCRSD) (June 2003)	ISO/IEC 20113 TS 102 253
<b>ECMA-344</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Make Call Request Supplementary Service (QSIG-MCR) (June 2003)	ISO/IEC 20114 TS 102 254
<b>ECMA-345</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Use of QSIG for Message Centre Access (MCA) Profile Standard (June 2003)	ISO/IEC 20115 TS 102 255

<b>ECMA-346</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Message Centre Monitoring and Mailbox Identification Supplementary Services (MCM-SD / MID-SD) (June 2003)	ISO/IEC 20116 TS 102 256
<b>ECMA-347</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Message Centre Monitoring and Mailbox Identification Supplementary Services (QSIG-MCM / QSIG-MID) (June 2003)	ISO/IEC 20117 TS 102 257
<b>ECMA-348</b>	Web Services Description Language (WSDL) for CSTA Phase III (June 2003)	
<b>ECMA-349</b>	Data Interchange on 120 mm and 80 mm Optical Disk using +R Format - Capacity: 4,7 and 1,46 Gbytes per Side (Recording speed up to 4X) (December 2003)	ISO/IEC DIS 17344
<b>ECMA-350</b>	Data Interchange on 130 mm Rewritable and Write Once Read Many Ultra Density Optical (UDO) Disk Cartridges - Capacity: 30 Gbytes per Cartridge - First Generation (December 2003)	ISO/IEC DIS 17345
<b>ECMA-351</b>	Data Interchange on 90 mm Optical Disk Cartridges - Capacity: 1,3 Gbytes per Cartridge (December 2003)	ISO/IEC DIS 17346
<b>ECMA-352</b>	Near Field Communication Interface and Protocol -2 (NFCIP-2) (December 2003)	ISO/IEC DIS 21481

## Technical Reports

- ECMA TR/18** The Meaning of Conformance to Standards  
(September 1983)
- ECMA TR/27** Method for the Prediction of Installation Noise Levels,  
2<sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1995)
- ECMA TR/36** Guidelines on Additional Parameters Recommended  
for Procurement Specifications for 12,7 mm Magnetic  
Tapes (December 1986)
- ECMA TR/46** Security in Open Systems - A Security Framework  
(July 1988)
- ECMA TR/53** Handling of Bi-directional Texts, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition  
(June 1992)
- ECMA TR/55** Reference Model for Frameworks of Software  
Engineering Environments, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (June 1993)
- ECMA TR/57** Private Integrated Services Networks, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition  
(June 1999)
- ECMA TR/58** Databases and Networking (June 1992)
- ECMA TR/59** Object-Oriented Databases (June 1992)
- ECMA TR/61** User Interface Taxonomy (June 1992)
- ECMA TR/62** Product Noise Emission of Computer Business  
Equipment (June 1993)
- ECMA TR/64** Secure Information Processing versus the Context of  
Product Evaluation (December 1993)
- ECMA TR/66** Mapping of PCTE to the ECMA/NIST Frameworks  
Reference Model (June 1994)
- ECMA TR/67** Compendium of PTN Management Services  
(December 1994)
- ECMA TR/68** Scenarios for Computer Supported  
Telecommunications Applications (CSTA) Phase II  
(December 1994)
- ECMA TR/69** Reference Model for Project Support Environments  
(December 1994)
- ECMA TR/70** Product-related Environmental Attributes, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition  
(June 1999)

<b>ECMA TR/71</b>	DVD Read-Only Disk - File System Specifications (February 1998)	
<b>ECMA TR/72</b>	Glossary of Definitions and Terminology for Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications (CSTA) Phase III, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (June 2000)	ISO/IEC TR 18053
<b>ECMA TR/73</b>	H.323 / B-ISDN Signalling Interoperability (December 1998)	
<b>ECMA TR/74</b>	A Guide to the Application of the EMC Directive to ITE (June 1999)	
<b>ECMA TR/75</b>	Corporate Telecommunication Networks (CN) - Standardization Plan, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 2000)	
<b>ECMA TR/76</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Architecture and Scenarios for Private Integrated Services Networking (December 1999)	ISO/IEC TR 14475
<b>ECMA TR/77</b>	Telephony System with Integrated Internet Access - Overview (December 1999)	
<b>ECMA TR/78</b>	ECMA Protection Profile - E-COFC Public Business Class (December 1999)	
<b>ECMA TR/79</b>	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Wireless Terminal Mobility (WTM) - WTM between networks - Requirements (February 2000)	
<b>ECMA TR/80</b>	Migrating to CSTA Phase III (June 2000)	
<b>ECMA TR/81</b>	Interoperation of PISNs with IP Networks (September 2000)	ISO/IEC TR 21890
<b>ECMA TR/82</b>	Scenarios for Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications (CSTA) Phase III (December 2000)	
<b>ECMA TR/83</b>	One Standard - One Test, Supplier's Declaration of Conformity (11SDoC) - Scorecard objectives and concept (June 2001)	
<b>ECMA TR/84</b>	Technical Report on CLI, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 2002)	
<b>ECMA TR/85</b>	Using ECMA-323 (CSTA XML) in a Voice Browser Environment (December 2002)	ISO/IEC TR 18057
<b>ECMA TR/86</b>	Corporate Telecommunication Networks - User Identification in a SIP/QSIG Environment (December 2003)	

## List of Representatives

**NOT FOR PUBLIC RELEASE**

*Kindly note that the Ecma memento pages containing the contact details of the representatives have been intentionally removed.*

## Ecma By-laws

### Art. 1

#### Constitution and Head Office

##### 1.1

Ecma International - further called Ecma - is an international industry association based in Europe, and has been constituted as an Association according to these By-laws and Articles 60 et seq. of the Swiss Civil Code.

##### 1.2

The Headquarters of the Association is in Geneva.

### Art. 2

#### Purpose

##### 2.1

The purpose of the Association is to develop, in co-operation with the appropriate national, European and international organizations as a scientific endeavour and in the general interest standards and technical reports in the fields of information and communications technologies and to publish them free of charge in printed and electronic form.

##### 2.2

The Association shall be a non-profit-making organization and shall devote itself to no commercial activity whatsoever.

### Art. 3

#### Membership

##### 3.1

The Association shall consist of the following classes of Ecma members:

- a) Companies
  - ordinary members
  - associate members
  - SME members (Small and Medium sized Enterprises)

- SPC members (Small Private Companies)

- b) NFPs (Not-For-Profit organizations)

Any other class of members shall be determined by the General Assembly with a two thirds majority of all ordinary members.

##### 3.2

- a) For non-SPC members:

A proposed company member shall not be accepted if it holds at least 50 per cent of the capital of an existing company member nor if at least 50 per cent of its capital is held by an existing company member.

- b) For SPC members:

A proposed SPC member shall not be accepted if it holds at least 50 per cent of the capital of an existing company member nor if at least 35 per cent of its capital is held by an existing company member.

##### 3.3

- a) For non-SPC members:

No two or more companies where at least 50 per cent of whose capital is held by the same company, which is not a company member itself, may be company members but shall be represented by one of these companies only.

- b) For SPC members:

No two or more SPCs where at least 35 per cent of whose capital is held by the same company, which is not a company member itself, may be SPC members but shall be represented by one of these SPCs only.

##### 3.4

Additional classes of Ecma members established according to Article 3.1 shall have such qualifications and be entitled to such rights and privileges and have such

obligations as shall be determined by the General Assembly with a two thirds majority of all the ordinary members.

### **3.5**

Companies shall be admitted to any class of company membership in accordance with Art. 4.

### **3.6**

Membership fees for all classes of company membership are decided by the General Assembly with a two thirds majority of all ordinary members.

### **3.7**

Ecma membership shall be terminated in the cases set out in Art. 5.

### **3.8**

#### **Ordinary members**

#### **3.8.1**

Ordinary membership may be applied for by a company which has interest and experience in matters related to one or more Technical Committees of the Association, and which wishes to exert the right to vote at the General Assembly and to exert other exclusive rights defined in the By-laws and Rules.

#### **3.8.2**

The representative of each ordinary member will have one vote in the General Assembly.

Voting rights may be exerted with effect from the first full month upon admission as Ecma member.

### **3.9**

#### **Associate members**

#### **3.9.1**

Associate membership may be applied for by a company which has interest and experience in matters related to one or more of the Technical Committees of the Association but without the right to vote in the General Assembly.

### **3.9.2**

An associate member is fully entitled to participate in the work of the Technical Committees and obtain all relevant papers.

### **3.9.3**

Representatives of the associate members shall have the right to take part in the discussions at the General Assembly.

### **3.10**

#### **SME Members**

#### **3.10.1**

SME membership may be applied for by a company the annual turnover of which is less than Swiss Francs 100'000'000.-

#### **3.10.2**

The rights of SME members are identical with those of associate members as specified in Art. 3.9.

### **3.11**

#### **SPC members**

#### **3.11.1**

SPC membership may be applied for by an organization - a company or other legal for-profit organization - with no more than five employees and a global annual turnover of less than Swiss Francs 5'000'000.-.

#### **3.11.2**

The rights of SPC members are identical with those of associate members as specified in Art. 3.9, with the following exceptions:

1. An SPC member is only entitled to participate in one TC.
2. An SPC has no right to take part in the discussions at the General Assembly.
3. A project proposal made by SPC members shall be supported by at least three companies in other membership classes as well.

### **3.12 NFP members**

**3.12.1**  
NFP membership may be applied for by a non-profit-making organization.

**3.12.2**  
The rights of NFP members are identical with those of associate members as specified in Art. 3.9.

## **Art. 4**

### **Acceptance of a new Ecma member**

**4.1**  
Application for membership and membership class shall be made to the Secretary General.

The application shall specify that the applicant has received the By-laws, the Rules and the Code of Conduct in Patent Matters, and declare that it adheres to them without restriction. The applicant shall indicate the Technical Committees in the work of which it intends to take part.

**4.2**  
Decisions on acceptance shall be made by the General Assembly with a two thirds majority of all the ordinary members.

## **Art. 5**

### **Termination of Ecma membership**

**5.1**  
a) Membership of a company shall be terminated in the following cases:

- Withdrawal by the company member:  
Withdrawal by a company can only occur at the end of a fiscal year and requires a written 3-month notice to the Secretary General.
- The company ceasing to exist.

- The conditions for membership set forth in Articles 3.2 and 3.3 of the present By-laws no longer being complied with.
  - By expulsion for violation of By-laws and Rules or for any other conduct prejudicial to the interest and correct functioning of the Association.
- b) Membership of an NFP shall be terminated in the following cases:
- Withdrawal upon written notice to the Secretary General, to take effect upon receipt.
  - The NFP ceasing to exist.
  - By expulsion for violation of By-laws and Rules or for any other conduct prejudicial to the interest and correct functioning of the Association

**5.2**  
No company member may be expelled for failure to adhere to one or several agreed standards.

**5.3**  
Any proposal to expel an Ecma member must be backed by at least one-fifth of all the ordinary members. The proposal to expel must be on the agenda for the General Assembly at which it is to be discussed so as to give the member the opportunity to present its case.

**5.4**  
A two-thirds majority of all the ordinary members is necessary to expel an Ecma member. Such expulsion will become effective 15 days after notification by registered mail.

**5.5**  
An Ecma member which has been expelled can only be re-admitted by the General Assembly with a two-thirds majority of all ordinary members.

## **Art. 6**

### **Change of class of company membership**

#### **6.1**

If a company member wishes to change its membership class it shall apply for one of the other classes of membership according to the conditions set out in these By-laws.

#### **6.2**

An application for a change to a higher class of membership (more rights, higher fee) shall be notified in writing to the Secretary General. Decisions on acceptance shall be made by the General Assembly with a two thirds majority of all the ordinary members.

#### **6.3**

An application for a change to a lower class of membership (less rights, lower fee) shall be notified in writing to the Secretary General. Decisions on acceptance shall be made by the General Assembly with a two thirds majority of all the ordinary members.

#### **6.4**

If a company member does not fulfil the conditions of its current membership class due to modifications of the By-laws the company member is not obliged to change its current class of membership. However, the conditions of the modified By-laws shall apply.

## **Art. 7**

### **Structure**

#### **7.1**

The Association shall consist of:

The General Assembly.

The Management.

The Co-ordinating Committee.

#### **7.2**

The General Assembly shall consist of the ordinary members and shall be the

highest authority of the Association. It shall control the Association and appoint and control its Management.

#### **7.3**

The Management shall consist of a President, a Vice-President and a Treasurer. The Management shall be discharged by the President or, if circumstances require, by the Vice President.

#### **7.4**

The President and the Vice-President shall be individuals elected for one year by the ordinary members at a General Assembly. Only representatives of ordinary members can be nominated. The President and the Vice-President can be re-elected any number of times provided that neither serves more than two consecutive years.

#### **7.5**

The President shall, through his signature, commit the Association in any business or transaction directly connected with the purpose of the Association.

#### **7.6**

There shall be a Treasurer whose duty shall be determined by the General Assembly. The Rules set out in 7.4 shall apply to his office, except that there shall be no limit in the number of consecutive years in office.

#### **7.7**

The Co-ordinating Committee shall comprise no more than 8 members and make recommendations to the General Assembly regarding the formation, activities, reorganization or dissolution of Technical Committees. Only representatives of ordinary members can be nominated.

## **Art. 8**

### **General Assembly**

#### **8.1**

The President shall each year call at least two ordinary General Assemblies. Notice of the time and place of the General Assembly shall be given at least thirty days before the date of the General Assembly. The agenda and supporting documents for the General Assembly shall be made available at least fifteen days before the General Assembly.

#### **8.2**

Unless otherwise restricted by these By-laws or the Rules of the Association, any action required or permitted to be taken at a General Assembly may be taken without a meeting by a postal ballot, if it has been announced in advance and has been approved by the General Assembly.

#### **8.3**

Special General Assemblies for any purpose or purposes unless otherwise prescribed by these By-laws or the Rules of the Association may be called by the President, and shall be called by him at the request in writing of at least one-fifth of all the ordinary members. Such request shall state the purpose or purposes of the proposed General Assembly. The business transacted at any special General Assembly shall be limited to the purposes stated in the notice.

#### **8.4**

Notice of Special General Assemblies stating the time, place and object thereof, shall be given to each ordinary member at least twenty days before the date of the General Assembly and shall include the agenda and supporting documents for the General Assembly.

#### **8.5**

A majority of all the ordinary members must be present or represented by proxy at any General Assembly, in order to constitute a quorum for transaction of the business except as otherwise provided by

these By-laws or the Rules of the Association.

#### **8.6**

Unless otherwise prescribed by these By-laws or the Rules of the Association, the vote of the majority of all the ordinary members shall decide any question.

## **Art. 9**

### **Publication of Standards and Technical Reports**

#### **9.1**

The adoption of such documents for publication by the Association shall require approval by at least two thirds of all the ordinary members.

#### **9.2**

Proposed drafts shall be made available by the Secretary General at least two months in advance of the date at which they will be voted upon.

#### **9.3**

It is not mandatory for Ecma members to implement any Ecma standard.

#### **9.4**

All documents when approved shall be made available to all interested parties without restriction.

## **Art. 10**

### **Ad Hoc Committees**

#### **10.1**

The General Assembly may delegate authority for specific purposes to ad hoc committees. The tasks, terms of reference and membership of these committees will be adopted if a majority of all the ordinary members assent.

#### **10.2**

Unless otherwise decided at the time of its appointment each ad hoc committee may co-opt additional members should it so desire.

### 10.3

No ad hoc committee may meet for more than one year without being reappointed.

## Art. 11

---

### Secretariat

#### 11.1

There shall be a permanent Secretariat of the Association responsible to the General Assembly.

#### 11.2

A Secretary General shall be appointed by the General Assembly and shall be responsible for the operation of the Secretariat.

## Art. 12

---

### Technical Committees

#### 12.1

Technical Committees (TCs) will be formed by the Secretary General when so decided at a General Assembly.

#### 12.2

Any Ecma member may participate in any TC.

## Art. 13

---

### Fiscal year

The fiscal year shall commence on January 1 and end on December 31.

## Art. 14

---

### Finance

#### 14.1

The annual budget of the Association shall be approved by at least two thirds of the ordinary members represented at an ordinary General Assembly.

#### 14.2

The Association shall be financed by its company members. The fees for each membership class are set in advance by the ordinary members during an ordinary General Assembly and are based on the budget for the following fiscal year. Such

fees shall be used to finance the activity of the Association and its administrative expenses. Any surplus of income over the expenses shall be carried over to the next budget.

#### 14.3

The Secretary General shall be responsible for expenditures within the budget.

#### 14.4

The Management may authorize expenditures outside the budget to an amount not exceeding 10 per cent of the corresponding item in the current year budget. Any expense above this must be approved by the majority of all ordinary members.

## Art. 15

---

### Dissolution

In the event of the dissolution of the Association, its assets are first used to discharge its liabilities. Any balance of liability shall be borne by the company members in proportion to their annual fees. Any surplus funds remaining after the liabilities have been discharged will be distributed to those which are company members at the date of dissolution in proportion to their total contributions to the Association.

## Art. 16

---

### Amendments

#### 16.1

The By-laws and any Rules that may be adopted by the General Assembly can only be modified at an ordinary or special General Assembly. The proposed amendments shall be presented with the rationales for the change enclosed with the agenda and notified to the company members according to the provisions of Articles 8.1 and 8.4.

#### 16.2

Amendments shall require approval by two thirds of all the ordinary members.

## **Art. 17**

### **Litigation**

Any dispute arising during the life of the Association or during its dissolution either between the members of the Association and its Management or between the

members and the Association or between the members themselves as a consequence of the Association's activity shall be decided upon by the Courts of the Canton of Geneva. Swiss law is applicable in all cases.

## Ecma Rules

### 1.

#### Language

The English language, as written in the United Kingdom, will be the official language of the Association.

### 2.

#### System of measurement

The metric system of measurement according to ISO 1000 and the International System of Units (SI) according to ISO 31 shall be used.

### 3.

#### Representation of company members

Each company member shall appoint one of its officers or executives who shall represent this member in General Assemblies and who shall have full authority to commit the member on all matters listed in the agenda of the General Assembly. Company members shall notify the Association of any changes in their representation. Each company member may appoint one alternate representative.

### 4.

#### General Assemblies

##### 4.1

Representatives may invite additional individuals from their respective member company to participate in an advisory capacity at a General Assembly.

##### 4.2

The ordinary members at a General Assembly may be represented by a proxy. A written proxy shall be established indicating the item or items of the agenda to which it is restricted.

##### 4.3

The President or in his absence the Vice-President shall preside at all General Assemblies. In absence of both, the ordinary members present or represented by proxy shall elect a Chairman for that particular meeting.

### 5.

#### Co-ordinating Committee

##### 5.1

A Committee consisting of individuals elected by the General Assembly will be set up under the name of Co-ordinating Committee (CC), whose terms of reference will be as follows:

##### 5.1.1

To prepare terms of reference for new Technical Committees in accordance with the rules for the formation of a Technical Committee.

##### 5.1.2

To nominate a provisional Chairman and Vice-Chairman for each new Technical Committee.

##### 5.1.3

To review from time to time the terms of reference given to Technical Committees.

##### 5.1.4

To have every six months a meeting at which the progress of the TCs will be reviewed and co-ordinated. Where required, Chairmen of TCs shall attend the meeting.

##### 5.1.5

To make recommendations to the disbandment of Technical Committees.

##### 5.1.6

To provide assistance to the Management as and when required.

## 5.2

The members and the Chairman of the Co-ordinating Committee shall be individuals elected for one year at a General Assembly by the ordinary members. The Chairman shall be eligible for re-election, subject to a maximum term of office of 3 consecutive years. The other members can be re-elected any number of times. Only one representative per ordinary member can be elected.

## 6.

### Technical Committees

#### 6.1

##### Formation of Technical Committees (TCs):

##### 6.1.1

TCs will be formed by the Secretary General (SG) when so decided at a General Assembly.

##### 6.1.2

Any proposal for the setting up of a TC must give the suggested terms of reference, including the scope, and be sent to the SG.

##### 6.1.3

The CC shall nominate a provisional Chairman and Vice-Chairman.

##### 6.1.4

The SG shall then convene the first meeting of the TC.

#### 6.2

##### Operating procedures - Rules and recommendations for the TCs:

##### 6.2.1

Members of TCs are:

- representatives of Ecma members,
- other participants invited by the SG at the request of the TC or of the Management.

##### 6.2.2

Members of Ecma are entitled to send one or more representatives to any TC.

## 6.2.3

Voting on any matter shall be by simple majority of TC members present at the meeting. Each Ecma member has only one vote. Several invited participants belonging to one Ecma member have only one vote between them.

## 6.2.4

One-time visitors can attend a meeting only at the special invitation of the SG at the request of the TC. They have no voting rights.

## 6.2.5

It is recommended that in the course of its ordinary work the TC should not use voting unless it is impossible to make progress without a vote.

## 6.2.6

The provisional Chairman and Vice-Chairman nominated by the CC shall act for an initial period which shall be not less than 6 months from the date of the first meeting and which shall include the first 3 meetings.

## 6.2.7

At the first meeting of the TC which takes place after the end of the initial period, a Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall be elected from among the ordinary member representatives.

## 6.2.8

The Chairman and Vice-Chairman, having been elected from among the member company representatives, shall hold office for a term of 12 months. They shall be eligible for re-election, subject to a maximum term of office of 3 consecutive years.

## 6.2.9

Meetings of the TCs shall be conducted by the Chairman, according to the By-laws and Rules of Ecma. An officer of the Secretariat shall act as Secretary at all TC meetings. The Vice-Chairman shall assist the Secretary and shall act for the Secretary if the latter is unable to attend.

**6.2.10**

Agenda for meetings of the TCs shall be prepared by the Chairman and an officer of the Secretariat taking into account suggestions made by members of the Committee. The agenda shall be made available to all members 3 weeks before each meeting; at the opening of the meeting it can be modified, if wanted, and it must be approved.

**6.2.11**

The secretary of a TC shall be responsible for the preparation of minutes of the meetings.

**6.2.12**

The minutes shall be made available by the secretary within 3 weeks after a meeting to all members of the TC, the General Assembly, and the CC.

**6.2.13**

The first item on the agenda of each TC shall be the amendment and approval of the minutes of the preceding meeting. The minutes, after approval, shall constitute the official record of the meeting of a TC.

**6.2.14**

Any suggestions for the amendment of terms of reference of TCs shall be addressed to the SG for discussion between the TC Chairman and the CC.

**6.2.15**

The Chairman is responsible for the preparation of a semi-annual report for each TC: He will be assisted by the Vice-Chairman and an officer of the Secretariat in this task and the report will be submitted to the General Assembly. The report will contain a description of the results achieved to date and an outline of the work to be carried out during the next year.

**6.2.16**

This report will be made available to all members of the TC for approval.

**6.2.17**

Any member of a TC has the right to ask for a minority report to be submitted if he so desires.

**6.2.18**

The work of all TCs will be discussed every 6 months at a meeting of the CC and the SG at which meetings the semi-annual reports will be presented.

**6.2.19**

First priority in discussion at the meetings of the TCs must be given to items on the agenda.

**6.2.20**

Under no circumstances should any technical contribution be decided upon at a TC meeting unless it has been made available to all Committee members at least 3 weeks before the meeting.

**6.2.21**

Meetings may be held in Geneva or at any other place. Economy and efficiency shall be a factor in choosing the meeting place.

---

**7.****Task Groups (TGs)****7.1**

A Technical Committee may form TGs for the accomplishment of specific tasks within the scope of the TC.

**7.2**

At least two members of the TC shall agree to take an active part in the work of a TG.

**7.3**

Terms of reference of the TG shall be included in the minutes of the meeting of the Technical Committee at which the TG has been formed.

**7.4**

TGs shall report at each meeting to the TC on their activities; these reports shall appear in the minutes of the TC.

#### 7.5

The Convenor of a TG shall be appointed by the TC upon nomination by the TG. He shall be eligible for re-election, subject to a maximum term of office of 3 consecutive years.

#### 7.6

Meetings may be held in Geneva or at any other place. Economy and efficiency shall be a factor in choosing the meeting place.

### 8.

#### Membership and fees

##### 8.1

The General Assembly shall set the annual membership fee for the following fiscal year based on the budget for that year.

Although the Association shall be non-profit making, reserves may be accumulated if so decided by the General Assembly.

For each class of company membership the annual fee shall be:

Ordinary members: The full nominal fee

Associate members: One half of the full nominal fee

SME members: One quarter of the full nominal fee

SPC members: Five percent of the full nominal fee

There is no fee for NFPs (Not-For-Profit organizations).

##### 8.2

Annual membership begins on the first day of the fiscal year and continues throughout this year.

Existing members as of the last day of the current fiscal year continue as members of the same class as of the first day of and throughout the following fiscal year.

The company membership fee is due within 60 days upon receipt of an invoice.

##### 8.3

The Secretary General shall indicate at the first ordinary General Assembly of the fiscal year the name(s) of the company member(s) having not paid the annual fee. The General Assembly shall decide on the sanctions to be taken, up to and including temporary suspension of all voting privileges.

##### 8.4

Any withdrawing company member shall pay the full annual fee for the appropriate membership class for the fiscal year at the end of which the withdrawal becomes effective.

##### 8.5

Any new company member admitted at the General Assembly held in the first half of a fiscal year shall pay one half of the full annual fee for its membership class in that fiscal year.

Any new company member admitted at the General Assembly held in the second half of a fiscal year shall not pay a fee for that fiscal year, but shall pay the full annual fee for its membership class in the following fiscal year.

Any upgraded (see By-laws Art.6.2) company member admitted at the General Assembly held in the first half of a fiscal year shall pay one half of the full annual fee for its new membership class for the second half of that fiscal year.

Any upgraded company member admitted at the General Assembly held in the second half of a fiscal year shall not pay an additional fee for its new membership class for that fiscal year, but shall pay the full annual fee for its new membership class in the following fiscal year.

Downgraded membership (see By-laws Art. 6.3) becomes effective at the beginning of the fiscal year following the

fiscal year when the downgrading was approved.

## **9.**

### **Operating expenses**

---

#### **9.1**

Operating expenses of the Association shall consist of salaries, travel and office expenses of the Secretariat and publication costs.

#### **9.2**

Expenses of Ecma members including those connected with ad hoc committees,

TCs and TGs are not part of the operating expenses of the Association.

#### **9.3**

The Secretary General of Ecma is responsible to the Treasurer for the operating expenses of the Association.

#### **9.4**

The general accounting of the Secretariat will be reviewed once a year by an Auditor appointed by the Treasurer and approved by the General Assembly.

## Code of Conduct in Patent Matters

### 1.

#### Policy

---

##### General Declaration:

The General Assembly of Ecma shall not approve recommendations of Standards which are covered by patents when such patents will not be licensed by their owners on a reasonable and non-discriminatory basis.

#### 1.1

In case the proposed Standard is covered by issued patents of Ecma members only:

Members of the General Assembly are asked to state the Company licensing policy with respect to these patents.

#### 1.2

In case the proposed Standard is covered by issued patents by non Ecma members: A written statement from the patentee is required, according to which he is prepared to grant licences on a reasonable, non-discriminatory basis.

The General Assembly and/or the Management shall decide in this case which steps must be undertaken in order to obtain such a statement.

#### 1.3

In case the proposed Standard is covered by patent applications of Ecma members (which is not known, neither during the work of the TC nor at the time of the vote in the General Assembly):

##### 1.3.1

Each member of the TCs and/or of the General Assembly of Ecma will determine whether any proposed standard may be covered by any patent for which his company has a pending application; if such a patent application exists, his continued participation to the relevant committee will imply that such a patent, when obtained later, will be made

available from his company for licensing on a reasonable, non-discriminatory basis.

##### 1.3.2

Each member of the TCs and/or of the General Assembly of Ecma will determine whether any proposed standard may be covered by any patent for which his company has a pending application; if such a patent application exists, the favourable vote of the Company to the General Assembly will imply that such a patent, when obtained later, will be made available from his company for licensing on a reasonable, non-discriminatory basis.

#### 1.4

In case the proposed Standard is covered by patent applications of third parties (which is not known during the work of the TC nor at the time of the vote in the General Assembly):

In this case practically nothing can be done at the time of the vote. When afterwards said patents are issued, it should be tried to obtain reasonable, non-discriminatory licences. If this proves to be impossible, the standard will have to be cancelled.

### 2.

#### Procedure

---

##### 2.1

The questions related to protective rights are in the competence of the General Assembly of Ecma and should not be discussed at the TC level.

##### 2.2

Each draft standard shall be submitted two months ahead of a General Assembly. All members are required to state no less than 2 weeks before the GA or the end of the postal voting period whether they claim any issued protective

rights covering the subject matter of the proposed standard and/or have knowledge of such rights of third parties.

**2.3**

Replies to this request will be circulated in due time before the General Assembly.

**2.4**

When an answer is not received from a Company, the General Assembly may proceed to a vote on the assumption that this Company will act in accordance with the General Declaration, that is to license possible relevant issued patents on a reasonable and non-discriminatory basis.

## Withdrawn Ecma Standards and Technical Reports

### Withdrawn Ecma Standards (no longer available)

ECMA-1	6 Bit Input/Output Character Code (March 1963)	
ECMA-2	Subset of ALGOL 60 - ECMALGOL	
ECMA-3	CMC7 Printed Image Specification, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 1966)	ISO 1004
ECMA-4	Flow Charts, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 1966)	ISO 1028
ECMA-5	Data Interchange on 7 Track Magnetic Tape, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (June 1970)	
ECMA-7	7 Bit Code in Punched Cards (April 1965)	ISO 1113
ECMA-8	Nominal Character Dimensions of the Numeric OCR-A Font, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (January 1977)	ISO 1973-1
ECMA-9	FORTRAN (April 1965)	ISO/IEC 1539
ECMA-10	Data Interchange on Punched Tape, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (July 1970)	ISO 1113
ECMA-11	Alphanumeric Character Set OCR-B for Optical Recognition, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (March 1976)	ISO 1073-2
ECMA-12	Data Interchange on 9-Track Magnetic Tape at 32 bits per mm (800 bpi), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1970)	ISO/IEC 1863
ECMA-14	Rules for the Definition of 4 Bit Sets Derived from the ECMA 7 Bit Coded Character Set (November 1967)	
ECMA-15	Printing Specifications for Optical Character Recognition, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (August 1975)	ISO 1831
ECMA-16	Basic Mode Control Procedures for Data Communication Systems using the ECMA 7-Bit Code, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1973)	
ECMA-17	Graphic Representation of the Control Characters of the ECMA 7-Bit Coded Character Set for Information Interchange (November 1968)	ISO 2047
ECMA-18	Printing Line Position on OCR Single Line Documents, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (January 1977)	ISO 1831

ECMA-19	Coding of Character Sets for MICR and OCR (June 1969)	ISO 2033
ECMA-20	Implementation of the ECMA 7 Bit Coded Character Set on Punched Cards (June 1969)	ISO 1113
ECMA-21	Character Positioning on OCR Journal Tape (June 1969)	
ECMA-22	Electrical Safety Requirements for Data Processing Machines (June 1969)	
ECMA-23	Keyboards Generating the Code Combinations of the Characters of the ECMA 7-Bit Coded Character Set, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (January 1975)	ISO/IEC 9995
ECMA-24	Code Independent Information Transfer (An extension to the Basic Mode Transmission Control Procedures) (December 1969)	
ECMA-25	Representation of 8-Bit combinations on 12-Row Punched Cards (June 1970)	ISO 6586
ECMA-26	Recovery Procedures (An Extension to the Basic Mode Control Procedures for Data Communication Systems) (April 1971)	
ECMA-27	Abort and Interrupt Procedures (An Extension of the Basic Mode Control Procedures for Data Communication Systems) (April 1971)	
ECMA-28	Multiple Station Selection Procedures (An Extension of the Basic Mode Control Procedures for Data Communication Systems) (April 1971)	
ECMA-29	Conversational Information Transfer (An Extension of the Basic Mode Control Procedures for Data Communication Systems) (September 1971)	
ECMA-30	OCR B Subsets for Numeric Applications, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (March 1976)	
ECMA-31	Mechanical Safety Requirements for DTA Processing Machines (September 1971)	
ECMA-32	Mechanical, Physical and Magnetic Characteristics of Interchangeable 6-Disk Packs (September 1971)	
ECMA-33	Track Format Characteristics of Interchangeable 6-Disk Packs (September 1971)	ISO 3561
ECMA-34	Data Interchange on 3,81 mm Magnetic Tape Cassette (63 ftpmm, Phase Encoded at 32 bpmm), 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (September 1976)	ISO 3407

ECMA-36	Data Interchange on 9-Track Magnetic Tape at 63 bps (1600 bpi) Phase-Encoded (December 1971)	ISO/IEC 3788
ECMA-37	Supplementary Transmission Control Functions (An Extension of the Basic Mode Control Procedures for Data Communication Systems) (June 1972)	
ECMA-38	Mechanical, Physical and Magnetic Characteristics of Interchangeable Single Disk Cartridges (Top Loaded) (September 1973)	ISO 3562
ECMA-39	Track Format Characteristics of Interchangeable Single Disk Cartridges (Top Loaded) (September 1973)	ISO 3563
ECMA-40	High-Level Data Link Control Procedures (HDLC) - Frame Structure, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (January 1980)	ISO/IEC 3309
ECMA-41	Magnetic Tape Cassette Labelling and File Structure for Information Interchange (December 1973)	ISO 4341
ECMA-42	Alpha-numeric Character Set for 7x9 Matrix Printers (December 1973)	
ECMA-44	Implementation of the ECMA 7-Bit and 8-Bit Coded Character Sets on Punched Cards (September 1975)	ISO 6586
ECMA-45	Data Interchange on Magnetic 12-Disk Packs (100 Mbytes) (September 1975)	ISO 4337
ECMA-46	Data Interchange on 6,30 mm Magnetic Tape Cartridge (63 bps, Phase Encoded) (March 1976)	ISO 4057
ECMA-47	Limits and Measurements Methods for Radio Interference from EDP Units (March 1976)	
ECMA-49	HDLC-Elements of Procedure, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (August 1979)	ISO/IEC 4335
ECMA-50	Programming Language PL/1 (December 1976)	ISO 6160
ECMA-51	Implementation of the Numeric OCR-A Font with 9x9 Matrix Printers (January 1977)	
ECMA-52	Magnetic 12-Disk Packs (200 Mbytes) (September 1977)	
ECMA-53	Representation of Source Programs for Program Interchange - APL, COBOL, FORTRAN, Minimal BASIC and PL/1 (January 1978)	ISO 5653
ECMA-54	Data Interchange on 200 mm Flexible Disk Cartridges using Two-Frequency Recording at 13 262 ftprad on One Side, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (January 1982)	ISO 5654
ECMA-55	Minimal BASIC (January 1978)	ISO 6373

ECMA-56	Self-Loading Cartridges for 12,7 mm Wide Magnetic Tapes (September 1978)	ISO 6098
ECMA-57	Safety Requirements for Data Processing Equipment, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 1981)	
ECMA-58	Flexible Disk Cartridge Labelling and File Structure for Information Interchange (August 1979)	
ECMA-59	Data Interchange on 200 mm Flexible Disk Cartridges using Two-Frequency Recording at 13 262 ftprad on Both Sides (August 1979)	ISO 5654-1
ECMA-60	HDLC-Unbalanced Class of Procedure (August 1979)	ISO/IEC 7809
ECMA-61	HDLC-Balanced Class of Procedure (August 1979)	ISO/IEC 7809
ECMA-62	Data Interchange on 12,7 mm 9-Track Magnetic Tape - 32 ftpmm, NRZ1, 32 cpmm - 126 ftpmm, Phase Encoding, 63 cpmm - 356 ftpmm, NRZ1, 246 cpmm GCR, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (March 1985) (for reference see also ISO 1863, ISO 3788 and ISO 5652)	ISO 1864
ECMA-63	Representation of Numerical Values in Character Strings for Information Interchange (September 1980)	
ECMA-64	Magnetic Disk for Data Storage Devices, 160 000 Flux Transitions per Track, 356 mm Diameter, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 1982)	ISO 6901
ECMA-65	Magnetic Disk for Data Storage Devices, 107 500 Flux Transitions per Track, 266 mm and 356 mm Diameter (September 1980)	ISO 6902
ECMA-66	Data Interchange on 130 mm Flexible Disk Cartridges using Two-Frequency Recording at 7 958 ftprad on One Side (September 1980)	ISO 6596
ECMA-67	130 mm Flexible Disk Cartridge Labelling and File Structure (January 1981)	
ECMA-68	Reels for 12,7 mm Wide Magnetic Tapes (Sizes 16, 18 and 22) (January 1981)	ISO 8064
ECMA-69	Data Interchange on 200 mm Flexible Disk Cartridges using MFM Recording at 13 262 ftprad on Both Sides (January 1981)	ISO 7065
ECMA-70	Data Interchange on 130 mm Flexible Disk Cartridges using MFM Recording at 7 958 ftprad on 40 Tracks on Each Side, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1986)	ISO 7487
ECMA-71	HDLC Selected Procedures (January 1981)	ISO/IEC 3309 & 4335
ECMA-72	Transport Protocol (January 1981)	ISO/IEC 8073

ECMA-73	Magnetic Disk for Data Storage Devices 95 840 Flux Transitions per Track, 200 mm Outer Diameter, 63,5 mm Inner Diameter, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 1982)	ISO 7297
ECMA-75	Session Protocol (January 1982)	ISO 8327
ECMA-76	Magnetic Disk for Data Storage Devices, 158 000 Flux Transitions per Track, 210 mm Outer Diameter, 100 mm Inner Diameter (September 1982)	ISO 7298
ECMA-77	Magnetic Disk for Data Storage Devices, 83 000 Flux Transitions per Track, 130 mm Outer Diameter, 40 mm Inner Diameter (September 1982)	ISO 7929
ECMA-78	Data Interchange on 130 mm Flexible Disk Cartridges using MFM Recording at 7 958 ftrpad on 80 Tracks on Each Side, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1986)	ISO 8378
ECMA-79	Data Interchange on 6,30 mm Magnetic Tape Cartridge using IMFM Recording at 252 ftpmm, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 1985)	ISO 8063
ECMA-80	Local Area Networks (CSMA/CD Baseband) Coaxial Cable System, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (March 1984)	
ECMA-81	Local Area Networks (CSMA/CD Baseband) Physical Layer, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (March 1984)	ISO/IEC 8802-3
ECMA-82	Local Area Networks (CSMA/CD Baseband) Link Layer, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (March 1984)	ISO/IEC 8802-3
ECMA-83	Safety Requirements for DTE-to-DCE Interface in Public Data Networks, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 1985)	
ECMA-84	Data Presentation Protocol (September 1982)	ISO/IEC 8823-1
ECMA-85	Virtual File Protocol (September 1982)	
ECMA-86	Generic Data Presentation - Services Description and Protocol Definition (March 1983)	ISO/IEC 8822
ECMA-87	Generic Virtual Terminal - Service and Protocol Description (March 1983)	ISO 9040
ECMA-88	Basic Class Virtual Terminal - Service Description and Protocol Definition (March 1983)	ISO 9040 & 9041
ECMA-89	Local Area Networks - Token Ring Technique, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (March 1985)	ISO/IEC 8802-5
ECMA-90	Local Area Networks - Token Bus Technique (September 1983)	ISO/IEC 8802-4
ECMA-91	Flexible Disk Cartridges - File Structure and Labelling for Information Interchange (March 1984)	ISO 7665

ECMA-92	Connectionless Internetwork Protocol (March 1984)	
ECMA-93	Distributed Application for Message Interchange (MIDA) (September 1984)	
ECMA-95	Limits of Interference and Measurement Methods (March 1985)	
ECMA-96	Syntax of Graphical Data for Multiple-Workstation Interface (GDS) (September 1985)	
ECMA-97	Local Area Networks - Safety Requirements, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1992)	
ECMA-98	Data Interchange on 6,30 mm Magnetic Tape Cartridge using NRZ1 Recording at 394 ftpmm - Streaming Mode (September 1985)	ISO 8462
ECMA-101	Open Document Architecture (ODA) and Interchange Format, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1988)	ISO 8613
ECMA-102	Rate Adaptation for the Support of Synchronous and Asynchronous Equipment using the V. Series Type Interface on a PCSN, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (July 1987)	
ECMA-103	Physical Layer at the Basic Access Interface between Data Processing Equipment and Private Switching Networks, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1987)	
ECMA-104	Physical Layer at the Primary Rate Access Interface between Data Processing Equipment and Private Switching Networks (September 1985)	
ECMA-105	Data Link Layer Protocol for the D-Channel of the Interfaces at the Reference Point between Terminal Equipment and Private Telecommunication Networks, 4 <sup>th</sup> edition (June 1993)	I-ETS 300 169
ECMA-110	Ergonomics - Requirements for Monochromatic Visual Display Devices (December 1985)	
ECMA-111	Small Computer System Interface – SCSI (December 1985)	
ECMA-112	X.25 (1980) Subnetwork-Dependent Convergence Protocol (December 1985)	
ECMA-115	Common Secondary Keyboard Layout for Languages using a Latin Alphabet (June 1986)	
ECMA-116	BASIC (June 1986)	
ECMA-117	Domain Specific Part of Network Layer Addresses (June 1986)	

ECMA-122	MIDA, Mailbox Service Description and Mailbox Access Protocol Specification (July 1987)	
ECMA-123	In Band Parameter Exchange in Private Pre-ISDN Networks using Standard ECMA-102, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1990)	
ECMA-124	Designation of Unrecorded Flexible Disk Cartridges (December 1987)	
ECMA-126	Ergonomics - Requirements for Colour Visual Display Devices (December 1987)	
ECMA-127	Remote Procedure Call (RPC) using OSI, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1990)	
ECMA-129	Information Technology Equipment - Safety, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (April 1994)	IEC 950
ECMA-131	Referenced Data Transfer (July 1988)	
ECMA-132	Method for Measuring Printer Throughput, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1991)	ISO 10561
ECMA-134	Method for the Specification of Basic and Supplementary Services of Private Telecommunication Networks (April 1989)	ETS 300 387
ECMA-135	Scenarios for Interconnections Between Exchanges of Private Telecommunication Networks (April 1989)	
ECMA-136	Ergonomics - Requirements for Non-CRT Visual Display Units (June 1989)	
ECMA-137	Document Filing and Retrieval Application (December 1989)	ISO 10166
ECMA-138	Security in Open Systems - Data Elements and Service Definitions (December 1989)	
ECMA-140	Document Printing Application (DPA) (June 1990)	ISO/IEC 10175
ECMA-141	Private Telecommunication Networks (PTN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling - Data Link Layer Protocol (PTN QSIG-L2), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1993)	I-ETS 300 170
ECMA-166	Information Technology Equipment - Routine Electrical Safety Testing in Production (June 1992)	EN 50116
ECMA-172	Procedure for Measurement of Emissions of Electric and Magnetic Fields from VDUs from 5 Hz to 400 kHz (June 1992)	
ECMA-181	Uncertainty of Measurement as Applied to Type Approval of Products (December 1992)	

ECMA-187	ODA-API - Application Profile Interface for Handling Compound Documents (June 1993)	
ECMA-199	Immunity of VDUs to Power Frequency Magnetic Fields (December 1993)	
ECMA-200	Immunity of Information Technology Equipment to Lightning Surges (December 1993)	
ECMA-204	Private Telecommunication Networks (PTN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Supplementary Service Interactions (QSIG-IA) (December 1993)	ETS 300 427
ECMA-215	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Cordless Terminal Mobility (CTM) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Cordless Terminal Incoming Call Additional Network Feature (QSIG-CTMI), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 1997)	ETS 300 696
ECMA-216	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Cordless Terminal Mobility (CTM) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Cordless Terminal Location Registration Supplementary Service (QSIG-CTLR), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 1997)	ETS 300 693
ECMA-227	Portable Common Tool Environment (PCTE) - Extensions for Support of Fine-Grain Objects - Abstract Specification (October 1995)	
ECMA-228	Portable Common Tool Environment (PCTE) - Extensions for support of Fine-Grain Objects - C Programming Language Binding (October 1995)	
ECMA-229	Portable Common Tool Environment (PCTE) - Extensions for Support of Fine-Grain Objects - Ada Programming Language Binding (October 1995)	
ECMA-233	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Cordless Terminal Mobility (CTM) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Cordless Terminal Outgoing Call Additional Network Feature (QSIG-CTMO), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 1997)	I-ETS 300 808
ECMA-237	Limits and Methods of Measurement of Immunity Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment (June 1996)	
ECMA-243	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Cordless Terminal Mobility (CTM) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Cordless Terminal Authentication Supplementary Services (QSIG-CTAU), 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (September 1997)	I-ETS 300 809

- 
- ECMA-255    Portable Common Tool Environment (PCTE) - Object Orientation Extensions - Abstract Specification (December 1996)
  - ECMA-256    Portable Common Tool Environment (PCTE) - Object Orientation Extensions - C Programming Language Binding (December 1996)
  - ECMA-257    Portable Common Tool Environment (PCTE) - Object Orientation Extensions - Ada Programming Language Binding (December 1996)

## Withdrawn Ecma Technical Reports

(no longer available)

ECMA TR/1	A Set of I/O Procedures for ECMALGOL (January 1967)
ECMA TR/2	Formal Definition of the Syntax of COBOL (September 1970)
ECMA TR/3	Continuous Sprocket Punched Stationery Part II (Physical Properties, Fastenings, Packaging and Storage) (March 1972)
ECMA TR/4	Continuous Stationery in Roll Form (June 1972)
ECMA TR/5	Suggestions for a Disk Labelling System (June 1972)
ECMA TR/6	Recommended Sizes of Forms for Optical Reading (June 1972)
ECMA TR/7	Continuous Sprocket-Punched Stationery Part I (Recommended Sizes) (December 1973)
ECMA TR/8	Recommended OCR Paper Specifications, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (January 1977)
ECMA TR/9	Safety Requirements for Data Processing Equipment (January 1978)
ECMA TR/10	Listing of Software Names, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (March 1982)
ECMA TR/11	Guidelines for Magnetic Tape Handling and Storage (January 1981)
ECMA TR/12	Radio Interference from DP/OE Limits and Measurement Methods (September 1982)
ECMA TR/13	Network Layer Principles (September 1982)
ECMA TR/14	Local Area Networks - Layers 1 to 4 Architecture and Protocols (September 1982)
ECMA TR/15	Analysis of European X.25 Networks (September 1983)
ECMA TR/16	Interface Characteristics for a DTE to Operate with European Rec.X.25 Networks (September 1983)
ECMA TR/17	Permission to Connect - PTT Requirements for Obtaining Approval to Connect Apparatus to the Network (September 1983)
ECMA TR/19	Local Area Networks - Safety Requirements (March 1984)
ECMA TR/20	Layer 4 to 1 Addressing (March 1984)
ECMA TR/21	Local Area Networks - Interworking Units for Distributed Systems (March 1984)
ECMA TR/22	Ergonomics - Recommendations for VDU Work Places (March 1984)
ECMA TR/24	Interface between Data Processing Equipment and Private Automatic Branch Exchange (March 1985)
ECMA TR/23	Electrostatic Discharge Susceptibility (September 1984)

ECMA TR/25	OSI Sub-Network Interconnection Scenarios Permitted within the Framework of the ISO-OSI Reference Model (March 1985)
ECMA TR/26	Planning and Installation Guide for CSMA/CD 10 MBit/s Baseband Local Area Networks, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (June 1990)
ECMA TR/28	Safety Verification (Save) Report ECMA-57/IEC 435 (September 1985)
ECMA TR/29	Open Systems Interconnection Distributed Interactive Processing Environment (DIPE) (September 1985)
ECMA TR/30	Remote Database Access Service and Protocol (December 1985)
ECMA TR/31	Remote Operations - Concepts, Notation and Connection-Oriented Mappings (December 1985)
ECMA TR/32	OSI Directory Access Service and Protocol (December 1985)
ECMA TR/34	Maintenance at the Interface Between Data Processing Equipment and Private Switching Network (June 1986)
ECMA TR/35	Particular Safety Requirements for Equipment to be Connected to Telecommunication Networks (December 1986)
ECMA TR/37	Framework for OSI Management (December 1986)
ECMA TR/38	End System Routing (December 1986)
ECMA TR/39	Compliance Verification (COVER) Report, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 1992)
ECMA TR/40	Electrostatic Discharge Immunity Testing of Information Technology Equipment (July 1987)
ECMA TR/41	ODA - Document Specification Language (July 1987)
ECMA TR/42	Framework for Distributed Office Application (July 1987)
ECMA TR/43	Packetized Data Transfer in Private Switching Networks (December 1987)
ECMA TR/44	An Architectural Framework for Private Networks, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition (December 1989)
ECMA TR/45	Information Interchange for Remote Maintenance at the DPE-to-PSN Interface (December 1987)
ECMA TR/47	Configuration Management Service Definition (July 1988)
ECMA TR/48	Study of the Translation of the ODA Formatted Form into Page Description Languages (December 1988)
ECMA TR/49	Support Environment for Open Distributed Processing (December 1989)
ECMA TR/50	Inter-Domain Intermediate System Routing (December 1989)
ECMA TR/51	Requirements for Access to Integrated Voice and Data Local and Metropolitan Area Networks (June 1990)

---

ECMA TR/52	Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications (June 1990)
ECMA TR/54	A Management Framework for Private Telecommunication Networks (December 1990)
ECMA TR/56	Information Technology Equipment - Recommended Measuring Method for Ozone Emission (June 1991)
ECMA TR/60	Supplementary Services and Additional Network Features in Private Telecommunication Networks (June 1992)
ECMA TR/63	Alphabetical Reference Index to IEC 950, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition (December 1995)
ECMA TR/65	PTNX Functions for the Utilization of Intervening Networks in the Provision of Overlay Scenarios (Transparent Approach) - General Requirements (TR/Mapping) (June 1994)

## History of Ecma International

By 1959 the growing use of computers, built by several different manufacturers, showed the necessity for standardization in operational techniques, such as programming, and also input and output codes. Such standards would make it possible to use data prepared for, or even by, a computer made by one manufacturer to be on a computer made by another with the minimum of alteration. Also it would avoid duplication of work in the preparation of, for example, programming languages by several manufacturers.

Though certain National Bodies had, before 1960, started work on standards in this field, e.g. paper tape and codes, there did not appear to be collaboration between them, nor between the manufacturers themselves. Different countries may have different requirements, so that it may not be necessary to have the same standards everywhere, but the standards should at least be compatible.

With the object of co-ordinating such work, the Heads of the Companies of longest standing in Europe in the data processing field (Compagnie des Machines Bull, IBM World Trade Europe Corporation and International Computers and Tabulators Limited) sent a joint letter to all the known computer manufacturers within Europe, inviting these companies to send representatives to a meeting. This meeting was held on April 27, 1960, in Brussels; it was decided that an

association of manufacturers should be formed which would be called European Computer Manufacturers Association, and a Committee was nominated to prepare the formation of the Association and to draw up By-laws and Rules.

By December 1960 the form that the Association would take was fairly well defined and it had been decided that the headquarters should be in Geneva to be near the headquarters of the International Organization for Standardization and the International Electrotechnical Commission. On 17<sup>th</sup> May 1961 the Association officially came into being and all those Companies which attended the original meeting became members. The constituent assembly was held on 17<sup>th</sup> June 1961.

Just prior to the official registration of Ecma, it was invited to be represented at a Round-Table Conference to be held in Geneva organized by ISO and IEC to discuss standardization in the general field of computers. This meeting resulted in the formation of TC97 and in the organization of its own Working Groups, and Ecma was asked to become a liaison member. In 1987, when TC97 became part of ISO/IEC JTC 1, Ecma became A-liaison member of JTC 1.

To reflect the international activities of the Ecma organization the name was changed in 1994 to: Ecma International - An industrial association for the standardization of information and communication systems.

## Past Presidents / Secretary General

1961-1962  
Mr. C. G. Holland-Martin (ICT)

---

1963-1964  
Prof. Dr. J. Engelfriet (EL)

---

1965-1966  
Mr. M. R. Pedretti (IBM)

---

1967-1968  
Dr. J. M. M. Pinkerton (ICL)

---

1969-1970  
Mr. P. J. Davous (Bull)

---

1971-1972  
Dr. K. Scheidhauer (AEG-Tfk)

---

1973-1974  
Dr. J. M. M. Pinkerton (ICL)

---

1975  
Mr. J. van Eijbergen (Philips)

---

1976-1977  
Mr. W. Heimann (Siemens)

---

1978-1979  
Mr. M. H. Johnson (Ferranti)

---

1980-1981  
Mr. J. van Eijbergen (Philips)

---

1982-1983  
Mr. H. Feissel (Cii HB)

---

1984-1985  
Mr. J. Scherpenhuizen (Digital)

---

1986-1987  
Mr. C. Rossetti (STET)

---

1988-1989  
Mr. J. Dubos (Bull)

---

1990  
Mr. J. van den Beld (Philips)

---

1991-1992  
Mr. G. Haberzettl (Siemens Nixdorf)

---

1993-1994  
Mr. W. Brodbeck (IBM)

---

1995-1996  
Mr. D. Gann (HP)

---

1997-1998  
Dr. P.A. Trudgett (BT)

---

1999-2000  
Mr. M. Bermange (Xerox)

---

2001-2002  
Mr. P. Hofmann (IBM)

---

2003-2004  
Mr. S. Statt (Intel)

---

**Past Secretary General**

1961-1991 Mr. Dara Hekimi († 2002-02-18)

---